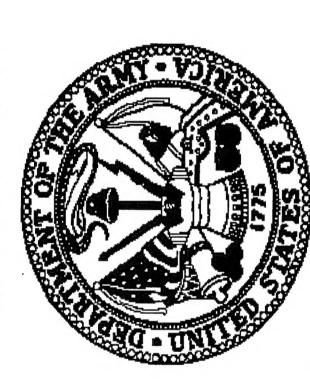
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

FY 1996/FY 1997 BIENNIAL BUDGET ESTIMATES SUBMITTED TO CONGRESS FEBRUARY 1995





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Distabuling Universide

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

JUSTIFICATION BOOK

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JUSTIFICATION BOOK

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Oper. & Maint., Army Program and Financing (in Thousands of dollars)

B + 24 + 917 9,065,459 9,320,947	Identifi	dentification code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
Total direct program	00.0101 00.0201 00.0301 00.0401	Program by activities: Direct program: Operating Forces Mobilization Training and Recruiting Administration and Servicewide Activitie			9,320,947 696,760 3,066,095 5,100,934	,971,66 604,66 143,42 ,908,50
Total obligations Total obligations Total obligations Total obligations Total obligations Total obligations Trust funds(-) Trust funds(00.9101	Total direct program	17,942	17	18	17,628
Transferred from other accounts (-) Transferred from acc	1010.10	Reimbursable program	5,794,89	4,712,54	4,902,13	4,887,0
Unobligated balance available, start of year: Unobligated balance available, start of year(-) Unobligated balance transferred from other accounts (-) Unobligated balance available, end of year: Unobligated balance available, end of year: Unobligated balance expiring Unobligated balance expiring Unobligated balance expiring Unobligated balance expiring Budget authority Budget authority: Appropriation Transferred from other accounts Appropriation (adjusted) Appropriation (adjusted) Appropriation (adjusted) Appropriation (adjusted) Contract authority (indefinite) Receivables from other government accts. SOY Obligated balance, start of year Obligated balance, start of year Adjustments in expired accounts (net) Outlays (net) Outlays (net)		: ing collectional funds(-) funds(-) ederal source	3,737 5,213 -154	14 4	3,086,86 4,654,58 -11,54	, 4
Budget authority 17,659,667 17,698,438 18,184,736 19,4090 19,659,667 17,698,438 18,184,736 19,184,736	21.4001 22.0001 24.4001	balance available, start of year: balance available, start of year(-) balance transferred from other accounts balance available, end of year: balance available, end of year	-325,000	-1,673	,	† 1
Budget authority: Appropriation Transferred to other accounts (-) Transferred to other accounts Transferred from other accounts Transferred from other accounts Transferred from other accounts Appropriation (adjusted) Contract authority (indefinite) Contract authority (indefinite)	39.0001	balance expiring authority	,659	,698,43	8,184,73	17,628,264
Appropriation (adjusted) Contract authority (indefinite) Contract authority (indefinite) (a) 122,999 (b) 192,999 (c) 192,999 (c) 192,999 (c) 192,999 (c) 192,999 (d) 193,337 (e) 192,999 (e) 193,337 (f) 192,999 (f) 192,999 (f) 193,942 (f) 193,943 (f) 193,971 (f) 193,971 (f) 1942,453 (f) 1942,453 (f) 1943,408 (f) 1943,	40.0001	other accounts m other accounts	, 20	507,0	18,134,	7,578
Aceivables from other government accts. SOY Obligations incurred Receivables from other government accts. SOY Obligated balance, start of year Receivables from other government accts, EOV Obligated balance, end of year Adjustments in expired accounts (net) Outlays (net)	43.0001	Appropriation (adjusted) Contract authority (indefinite)	17,5	17,698,43	18,184,73	17,62
Outlays (net) 17,844,196 17,961,950 18,128,008 17	71.0001 72.1001 72.4001 74.1001 74.4001	Relation of obligations to outlays: Obligations incurred Receivables from other government accts. Obligated balance, start of year Receivables from other government accts, Obligated balance, end of year Adjustments in expired accounts (net)	7 8 7	,	.184,73 ,543,40	17,628,264 6,600,136 -6,531,808
	90.0001	Outlays (net)	,844,19	17,961,95	18,128,00	17

Oper. & Maint., Army Object Classification (in Thousands of dollars)

Identifi	Identification code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
111.301	Direct obligations: Personnel compensation: Full-time permanent Other than full-time permanent Other personnel compensation	7,6	3,240,80 281,80 180,12	3,392,4 264,4 175,3	3,386,81 271,83 173,41
111.901	Total personnel compensation	,43	2,7	3,832,286	2,07
112.101	Personnel Benefits: Civilian personnel Benefits for former personnel Travel and transportation of persons	985,209 97,896 664,014	933,067 135,759 616,099	944,606 163,754 729,850	936,277 229,809 686,918
123.001	:	. 4 6 . 4 6 . 6 6 . 6 6 . 6 6	93,45	0,65 2,44 4,44	6,09 9,15
123.301 124.001 125.101	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges Printing and reproduction Consulting Services	37,19 37,19 08,23	9,38 1,53	3,44 3,80	4,08 4,61 6,28
125.203	Other services with the private sector Contracts with the private sector Durchages goods/services (inter/intra) End accounts	4,257,393	2,411,662	2,172,237	2,339,454
125.301 125.302 125.303	r Fed agenci t hire perso	7,04	993,001 751,035 2,059,526	1,026,092 670,077 1,486,463	875,911 582,946 1,357,994
125.401 125.501 126.001 131.001	Ups of dovi Owned Contractor Uperated facilities Research & Development Contracts Supplies and materials Equipment	332,740 37,575 2,569,111 332,917	28,434 3,746,951 395,444	29,451 4,578,936 464,711	30,660 4,297,695 463,306
132.001 141.001 142.001	Land and structures Grants, subsidies, and contributions Insurance claims and indemnities	27, 23, 57,	2,2	် ကို ပ	4,56 1,88
199.001	Total Direct obligations	17,942,453	. 11	8,184,73	7,628,26
211.101 211.301 211.501	Reimbursable obligations: Personnel Compensation: Full-time permanent Other than full-time permanent Other personnel compensation	1,273,008 184,012 74,403	1,340,050	1,362,943 149,757 103,198	1,356,528 154,082 103,542
211.901	Total personnel compensation	1,42	1,591,16	1,615,89	1,614,15
212.101 213.001 221.001 222.001 223.101 223.201	Personnel Benefits: Civilian Personnel Benefits for former personnel Travel and transportation of persons Transportation of things Rental payments to GSA Rental payments to others	308,978 5,441 126,446 39,879 19,732 26,970	363,863 50,686 138,007 36,182 19,900 30,496	367,796 50,531 147,782 38,744 21,309 32,656	367,302 50,244 147,048 38,553 21,203 32,494

Oper. & Maint., Army Object Classification (in Thousands of dollars)

111111					
Identifi	Identification code 21-2020-0-1-051	1994 actual	1995 est.	1996 est.	1997 est.
223.301	Communications, utilities, and miscellaneous charges	715.817	672.459	720 089	716 518
224.001	Printing and reproduction	37 677	36 110	100	
225, 101	Consulting Services	000	0000	130,02	38,828
	Other services with the orivate services	926,66	47,036	20,367	50,118
225.203	Contracts with the private sector	0,00	000	11	6
200		1,312,439	604,030	6/1,467	672,442
772.704	1	65,703	75,464	80.809	80.409
	Purchases goods/services (inter/intra) Fed accounts				
225,301		532 203	155 781	136 162	197 153
225 302		004,400	00.00	130,102	761.16
200.000	rayments to tolergh Hattonal Indirect hire personnel	139,954	122,442	100,462	101,629
225.303		127.548	140.849	150.826	150 078
225.401	Ops of Govt Owned Contractor Operated facilities	15 147			
225.501		1100	0	0	1
200		817,05	32,563	34,870	34,697
220.001	Supplies and materials	574,367	526.958	564.282	561,484
231.001	Equipment	61 646	37 732	AO AOR	700
232,001	מסמיי לרויד לה בסמ בסמי		1000	200	10,501
		60,863	30,496	32,656	32,494
741.001	wrants, subsidies, and contributions	19			
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
100.862	iotal Keimbursable obligations	5,794,897	4,712,546	4,902,132	4.887.049
			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
988.801	egg.gol lotal obligations	23,737,350	22,412,657	23,086,868	22,515,313

FY 1996/1997 Budget Estimates Operation and Maintenance, Army

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	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Budget Activity 1, Operating Forces	8,424,917	9,065,459	9,320,947	8,971,668
Land Forces	8,038,730	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570
Combat Units Tactical Support	1,162,097	1,786,253	1,882,069	1,716,725
Theater Defense Forces Force Related Training/Special Activities	1,668,711	1,160,699	1,271,154	1,214,931
Force Communications	51,201	58,445	73,584	56,348
JCS Exercises	3.274.178	3.175.400	3.582,306	3.547,927
pase support — main rolles Depot Maintenance Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	695,374	1,156,754 -15,920 -25,000	861,426	861,546
Land Operations Support	386,187	290,093	251,301	245,098
Combat Developments Unified Commands Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	246,886 139,301	235,219 56,017 -1,143	214,364	209,033
Budget Activity 2, Mobility Operations	457,219	583,783	096,760	604,667
Mobility Operations	457,219	583,783	096,760	604,667
Strategic Mobilization	221,540	275,588	393,923	247,235
War Reserve Activities Industrial Preparedness	100,840	89,631	143,841	147,178
POMCUS Civilian Pay Offset	107,704	119,557	86,830	88,665
מיייים אפסמיים מיייים איייים אייים איייים איייים אייים איייים אייים איייים אייים	6		200	000
Budget Activity 3, Training and Recruiting	2,142,413	2,964,457	3,000,093	3, 143, 429
Accession Training	291,955	305,970	314,798	329,964
Officer Acquisition	51,115	54,564	58,328	
Recruit Training	10,308	10,273	11,228	12,352
One Station Unit Training	108,706	111,367	109,789	1
Base Support (Academy Only) Civilian Pay Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	110,557	115,573	118,445	123,123
Basic Skill and Advanced Training	1,812,706	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705
Specialized Skill Training	205,383	241,850	236,760	245,518
Flight Training	215,227	267,282	218,514	218,064
Professional Development Education	69,167	87,368	375 528	377 784
Training Support Base Support (Other Training)	393,066	1,076,783	1,160,360	1,183,509
Civilian Offset		-9,975		
DEAT FISC. REDAILE				

Exhibit O-1 Funding Requirements by Subactivity Detail

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Exhibit 0-1 Summary of Operation and Maintenance Funding Requirements by Subactivity Detail

Estimates	nance, Army
Budget	Maintenance
1997	and
1996/1997	ration

		•			
	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	
cruiting, Other Training and Education	637,812	664,064	691,154	710,760	
Recruiting and Advertising	159,143	197,888	211.375	216.589	
Examining	63,915	61,321	64,333	67,071	
Off-Duty and Voluntary Education	113,142	101,494	103,812	104,153	
Civilian Education and Training	85,091	860,08	81,108	81,897	
Junior ROTC	56,806	68,276	74,506	75,472	
Base Support (Recruiting Leases)	159,715	151,043	156,020	165,578	
Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate		-2,056			
et Activity 4, Administration and Servicewide Support	6,317,844	5,086,412	5,100,934	4,908,500	
curity Programs	354,101	383,149	362,333	373,658	
Security Programs	101	200	262 223	010	
Civilian Offset DLA/MSC Rebate	TOT ** ** CC	-1,380	302,333	3/3,638	
gistics Operations	1,666,809	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624	
Servicewide Transportation	597,313	557,360	542,910	530,680	
Central Supply Activities	451,604	412,422	487,281	362,145	
Logistic Support Activities	340,882	344,555	299,230	285,884	
Ammunition Management	277,010	389,240	300,853	254,915	
Civilian Offset		-4,092			
DLA/MSC Rebate		-16,300			
rvicewide Support	4,088,845	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456	
Administration	605,000	270,794	275,238	283,579	
Servicewide Communications	783,069	736,132	686,446	668,485	
Manpower Management	79,868	82,101	124,676	138,510	
Other Personnel Support	167,764	175,708	175,832	176,375	
Other Service Support	593,898	267,597	568,225	594,565	
Army Claims Activity	163,522	178,362	173,290	171,524	
Real Estate Management	91,779	98,572	86,930	81,589	
Base Support	620,406	664,025	735,466	695,829	
Environmental	983,539				
CIVILIAN OIISEU DLA/MSC Rebate		-14,700			
pport of Other Nations	000 000	271 302	800 000	000	
Tree of cited tractions	500,003	211,392	787,224	290, 162	
International Military Headquarters	176,582	245,331	252,780	257,922	
Miscellaneous Support of Other Nations Civilian Offset	31,507	26,604	29,444	32,840	
DLA/MSC Rebate		7 70			

17,942,453 17,700,111 18,184,736 17,628,264

Total Operation and Maintenance, Army

DEPARTMENT OF ARMY
DIRECT HIRE PERSONNEL SUMMARY
OP & MAINT, ARMY
FY1996-1997 PB(INFL)
(DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)

FY 1996 FY 1997 ESTIMATE ESTIMATE	122515 118903	142109 132975 128800 9134 142109 137628 0	142109 137628	3189 3103	123.847 123.849	0	37.547 38.638	31.769 32.622
FY 1995 ESTIMATE	128547	147111 137561 9550 147111	147111	3485	123.105	0	36.125	30.406
FY 1994 ACTUAL	127630	153321 142952 10369 153321	153321	3654	132.472	0	35.314	29.967
	TOTAL NUMBER OF FTP POSITIONS	TOTAL COMPENSABLE WORKYEARS: FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYMENT U.S. DIRECT HIRES FOREIGN NATIONALS TOTAL DIRECT HIRES DISADVANTAGED EMPLOYMENT	FULL TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYMENT	FULL TIME EQUIVALENT OF OVERTIME AND HOLIDAY HOURS	AVERAGE SES SALARY	AVERAGE GS GRADE	AVERAGE GS SALARY	AVERAGE SALARY OF UNGRADED POSITIONS

OP & MAINT, ARMY FY1996-1997 PB(INFL) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, STRENGTHS IN WHOLE NUMBERS)

	FY	FY 1994 ACTUAL	TUAL	FY	FY 1995 ESTIMATE	IMATE	FY	FY 1996 ESTIMATE	MATE	}	FY 1997 EST	ESTIMATE
DIRECT HIRE CIVILIANS	END	WORK YEARS	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)
FULL TIME PERMANENT	127630	130684	5694750	128547	126945	5793992	122515	124406	59523112	118003	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
ОТНЕЯ	22310	22637	986093	18423	20166	920567	17212	17703	847227	17028	17111	6016346
TOTAL DIRECT HIRE	149940	153321	6577371	146970	147111	6551243	139727	142109	6597733	135931	137628	202020
DISADVANTAGED EMPLOYMENT	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			07075	1140000
FOR NAT SEP LIABILITY	0	0	2404	0	0	14160	0		14200	· ·	0	0 (
SEV PAY/UNEMPL COMP	0	0	101068	, 0	C	140156	· c		0634	>	>	14189
TOTAL	1100110	10000)	000	>	0	187246	0	0	287722
!	147740	153321	6680843	146970	147111	6714559	139727	142109	6199569	135931	137628	6870328
OPERATING FORCES	51467	51753	2134009	49335	50049	2113015	117603	holico	10000	1		
MOBILIZATION	844	513	20697	576	365	111622	200	00404	2101713	45/15	46434	2090181
TRAINING & RECRUITING	28361	28352	1183088	282713	70020	14033	632	104	16098	236	235	10620
THE STATE OF THE S			00000	64707	21330	1321643	26579	27194	1345316	24852	25623	1320680
SERVICE WIDE ACTIVITIES	41506	84044	2298742	42049	41551	2097942	40276	40180	498606	75404	100	000
MEDICAL MANPOWER	27054	27542	992950	25677	26061	1115875	23971	20.00	1101565	10101	40710	2210098
SPECIAL OPERATIONS	0	0	0	0	0	0	-			53701	60/67	11/6/11
OTHER	1104	1113	50457	1090	1089	51451	1063	0401	0 0	0) ;	0
TOTAL DIRECT HIRE	149940	153321	6680843	11/6070	1/17111	71111		K+01	21213	1064	1049	53005
PETIMBILISABLE DATA			2	01/01/1		6/14559	139727	142109	6199569	135931	137628	6870328
INCLUDED ABOVE)	38632	46038	1896257	47098	47747	2058917	39786	40247	1851690	39353	39548	1880266

EXHIBIT PB-31C

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OP & MAINT, ARMY FY1996-1997 PB(INFL) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, STRENGTHS IN WHOLE NUMBERS)

	FY	FY 1994 ACTUAL	UAL	F	1995 ESTIMATE	IMATE	FY	FY 1996 ESTIMATE	MATE	F	FY 1997 ESTIMATE	MATE
INDIRECT HIRE CIVILIANS	END	WORK	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)	END	WORK	\$(000)	END	WORK YEARS	\$(000)
												f f f f f
DETAIL BY BUDGET ACTIVITY												
OPERATING FORCES	21400	21607	619156	20059	20553	743621	15465	17689	655504	14719	15051	556682
MOBILIZATION	1082	1437	44333	92	269	24974	389	240	10649	389	387	17659
TRAINING & RECRUITING	41	37	096	41	917	1811	04	40	1589	40	017	1636
ADMINISTRATION AND SERVICE WIDE ACTIVITIES	1400	1549	44151	1448	1405	49582	1278	1343	51129	1257	1267	50708
MEDICAL MANPOWER	915	923	29835	1149	1017	43535	1177	1160	50482	1177	1177	52691
SPECIAL OPERATIONS	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
отнея	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FOR NAT SEP LIABILITY	0	0	4685	0	0	7819	0	0	8076	0	0	8212
TOTAL INDIRECT HIRE	24838	25553	743120	22789	23590	871342	18349	20472	777429	17582	17922	687588
(REIMBURSABLE DATA INCLUDED ABOVE)	1485	3323	139950	3340	3747	131175	3029	3009	104154	3005	3017	107751

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BIENNIAL BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Operating Forces

I. Description of Operations Financed:

Defense Guidance and The Army Plan. This budget request includes the total cost of operating and maintaining the active Army's Operating Forces with the exception of mobilization, recruiting, institutional training, and requested in this Budget Activity finance the day-to-day operations of the active component Force required to execute the Army's National Defense missions as directed by the National Military Strategy and detailed in certain Service-wide and administration costs which are justified separately in Budget Activities 2, 3 and 4. The Operating Forces Budget Activity is the heart of the Operation and Maintenance, Army budget.

(1) improve our ability for crisis response in regional contingencies, (2) assist in the preservation of world stability, (3) assume non-traditional roles such as counterdrug, national assistance and support of The Army's primary mission is to conduct sustained land combat. We are reshaping our capabilities to democratic reform, and (4) assume a greater role in disaster and humanitarian relief. As we continue to humanitarian and peacekeeping operations, all of which incur costs that often must be paid from other accounts such as training. It is increasingly difficult to meet these challenges. reshape the Army, we are contending with the rising costs and new challenges of increased worldwide

Operating Forces expenses financed in this Budget Activity include the costs of consuming fuel, supplies, repair parts and subsistence during the execution of day-to-day unit training programs; travel and and maintaining the installations where the operating forces live and work. In other words, a total mission transportation costs associated with unit training; operation of Combat Training Centers and other special training activities; incremental costs of participating in Joint Chief's of Staff directed exercises; depot end items; administrative costs to operate tactical and management headquarters; and the costs of operating maintenance costs associated with equipping the Operating Forces with quality weapons systems and support budget package.

The Operating Forces Budget Activity consists of two Activity Groups and 10 subactivities that represent and output for each subactivity. Cost drivers and specific performance criteria are detailed in Section IV characterized by specific cost drivers that correlate the budget request to performance measures, workload distinct facets of the Force or special activities associated with the Force. Each subactivity is of the individual Budget Activity Group justification material.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

LAND FORCES

This funding will allow the Army to field a trained and ready Force possessing the combat capabilities necessary to execute assigned missions and to fulfill the Army's role in implementing the National Military Strategy. Expected outcomes by sub-activity are: COMBAT UNITS - An active component Combat Force; fully capable of deploying to the battlefield, engaging and defeating the enemy forces in the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan.

combat forces, capable of providing all logistics, communications, intelligence, medical and other support TACTICAL SUPPORT FORCES - A trained and ready tactical support increment, sized and balanced to the required to deploy and sustain the combat forces in the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan. THEATER DEFENSE FORCES - A trained and ready Theater Army force package capable of providing command and control, special operations capability, air defense and other support required to establish and sustain a theater war-fighting capability to meet the threat scenarios described in The Army Plan.

establishing and sustaining tactical and strategic command and control communications on a worldwide basis. FORCE COMMUNICATIONS - A fully trained and ready active component Force capable of deploying,

JCS EXERCISES - A ready theater Army force, trained in Joint Operations, improving the Commander-in-Chiefs (CINC's) war fighting capabilities while accomplishing those tasks which are essential to the execution of the CINC's war plan.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

FORCE RELATED TRAINING/SPECIAL ACTIVITIES - A training base capable of delivering realistic unit training required to keep the operating forces proficient and ready to deploy and accomplish assigned missions DEPOT MAINTENANCE - A fully equipped Operating Force possessing quality, technologically superior weapons systems and other support end items in the quantities required by doctrine.

operating forces soldiers and families. A power projection platform capable of mobilizing, deploying, BASE SUPPORT - An installation infrastructure that provides an acceptable quality of life to the recovering and reconstituting active component and mobilization forces.

REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at Major Troop Installations worldwide.

LAND OPERATIONS SUPPORT

This funding will allow the Army to field operating forces that are modern, have the right doctrine, possess the proper operational and organizational capabilities to meet the challenges outlined for the United States Army in the National Military Strategy. Outcomes by subactivity are:

validate necessary doctrine, warfighting concepts, organization and support materials to fight, sustain, and COMBAT DEVELOPMENTS - This funding will allow the Army's operating forces to develop, test, appraise and win on the battlefield.

UNIFIED COMMANDS - This funding will allow the Army to provide day to day operational support to its warfighting command and control structure.

II. Force Structure Summary:

	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Active Component End Strength Corps Headquarters Divisions Separate Armor Brigades Separate Infantry Brigades	326.8 thousand 4 12 2 1	311.1 thousand 4 10 0	311.7 thousand 4 10 0
Light Cavalry Regiments 1st Bn, 3d Infantry (The Old Guard)	7 1 1	7 [[חחא

few years earlier. As we adjust to new challenges, we are continuing to restructure our forces and infrastructure. For example, from FY 1999, the active component end strength will have been reduced by about 275,000 (36 percent); Corps Headquarters will have been reduced from 5 to 4; active component divisions will have been reduced from 18 to 10. One heavy and one light brigade will inactivate in FY 1995 and one additional heavy brigade will inactivate in FY 1996. The Army of FY 1996 will be a more Continental United States (CONUS) based force postured for force projection worldwide. By the end of FY 1996, the Army will have reduced its size from 770,000 active soldiers to 495,000. In addition to downsizing from 18 to 10 divisions, we will have reduced our European presence from 213,000 active soldiers to 65,000 by the end of FY 1995 (69 percent reduction); and will have closed, realigned, and returned to host nations over 710 CONUS and OCONUS installations. We will have reduced our civilian force from 402,927 in FY 1989 to 259,000 for FY 1996 (36 percent). The force structure of the Army in FY 1996 will differ significantly from the force structure of only a

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

force can execute the current NMS and allows us to respond to two nearly simultaneous regional contingencies (e.g., a DESERT STORM). By simultaneously maintaining a robust mobilization capability, we It is the National Military Strategy (NMS), coupled with the risk we are willing to accept, which timately determines the force we need. The current NMS dictates the need for an Army consisting of a ultimately determines the force we need. The current NMS dictates the need for an Army consisting o 10 division active force, manned by 495,000 soldiers and supported by 282,710 civilians in FY 1996. ensure our national security in the event of an expansive war.

military power, that is, a quality Army, trained and ready to provide quick, decisive success in sustained The funds requested provide the resources to ensure that the Army remains a crucial element of national land combat.

Exercises (CPX) and small scale deployment exercises. Cost driver is the number, size, location, and duration of exercises. Budget constraints have required the Army to support CJCS exercises at 80 percent of Joint Chiefs of Staff related exercises are summarized below (Home Station and Army exercises In response to changing world/military environment, Theater Commanders have reduced the scope of major Joint Field Training Exercises (FTX) and increased the number of computer assisted Joint Command Post are not included). requirements.

	FY 1996 FTX C	996 CPX	FTX	FY 1997
		ល	,	
	8	ល	7	
Division	н	ო		
Brigade	. 7	н	7	
Battalion	14		15	
Company/less	89		10	
ial Forces	17		13	

Exercises that consist of a Data reflects highest Headquarters participating in the exercise. series of exercises are counted as one exercise. NOTE:

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

training and readiness are totally dependent on <u>adequate overall OMA funding</u>. Frequently, without a clear understanding of the situation, it is assumed that OPTEMPO equals readiness and thus, fully funding OPTEMPO assures adequate readiness. This is emphatically not true because fully funding OPTEMPO only assures training goals are achieved, but readiness depends on more than training alone. It is also dependent on the ancillary, or supporting resources that make training possible, i.e., adequate training facilities, installation support functions (utilities, heat, waste removal, etc.). Additionally, readiness is negatively impacted when soldiers are diverted from training to perform installation support Optimal readiness is achieved only when training and the day-to-day operations and maintenance requirements are adequately resourced to ensure the Army has the ability to achieve the goals established in the National Military Readiness is a very complex issue, one on which the Nation's defense ability is dependent. functions due to lack of civilian manpower or contracting resources in these areas. Strategy. For Base Support, the Army has completed a comprehensive survey and categorization of installations, the installations having 300 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees. We have also realigned installations to more closely represent the objectives of the Major Commands (MACOMS). The culmination of having 5,000 or more U.S. Service members and Department of Defense (DOD) employees; Minor - Active Army installations having 1,000 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees; Other - Active Army installations having 300 or more U.S. Service members and DOD civilian employees. We have also realigned categorization, downsizing and realignment decisions has resulted in an Operating Forces base support program for 161 Army installations (39 CONUS and 122 overseas) by FY 1997. result being a marked departure of how installations were displayed in previous submissions. The Arm places installations into three categories. The definitions are: Major - Active Army installations

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

Depot Materiel Maintenance provides resources to support the Army's forces, through the Army Materiel manand (AMC). The following AMC activities and installations are supported by this budget activity: Command (AMC).

Army Materiel Command:

Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM)
Missile Command (MICOM)
Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command (AMCCOM)
Aviation and Troop Command (ATCOM)
Tank-Automotive Command (TACOM)
Depot Systems command (DESCOM)
6 Army Depots

Force Communications supports the Army Global Command and Control System (AGCCS), Strategic Command and Control Facilities and Tactical Information Management.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces

III. Financial Summary (O&M S in Thousands):

FY 1994 Budget Actuals Request Appropriation Estimate Request 8,038,730 8,719,136 8,887,436 8,775,366 9,069,646 386,187 296,651 296,651 290,093 251,301 8,424,917 9,015,787 9,184,087 9,065,459 9,320,947				FY 1995			
8,038,730 8,719,136 8,887,436 8,775,366 9,069,646 386,187 296,651 296,651 290,093 251,301 8,424,917 9,015,787 9,184,087 9,065,459 9,320,947	•• ••	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
386,187 296,651 296,651 290,093 251,301 8,424,917 9,015,787 9,184,087 9,065,459 9,320,947 8,		8,038,730	8,719,136	8,887,436	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570
9,015,787 9,184,087 9,065,459 9,320,947	2. Land Operations Support	386,187	296,651	296,651	290,093	251,301	245,098
		8,424,917	9,015,787	9,184,087	9,065,459	9,320,947	8,971,668

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding	9,015,787	9,065,459	9,320,947
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	168,300		0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-204,694	0	C
Price Change	17,063	186,235	274,760
Functional Transfer	71,530	-46,697	-6,553
Program Changes	-2,527	115,950	-617,486
Current Estimate	9,065,459	9,320,947	8,971,668

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

\$ 9,015,787	\$ 168,300	\$ 9,184,087		ŧ	
FY 1995 President's Budget Request	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed) Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):	a. Classified Programs. b. GSA Rental Payment. c. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise. d. Civilian Personnel Understrength. e. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive). f. Contractor and Consulting Services. g. Information Technology (General Reduction). h. General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund.	rotal congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)

Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

	17,063		
	17	•	
	w	•	
Price Growth:	Givilian Pay Adjustments	Total Price Growth	Functional Program Transfers:

17,063

120,000	1,000
S	€\$
Transfer \$	Managed Equipment \$
Real Property Maintenance Tran	Purchase of Non-Centrally Managed Equipment
ส	ď.

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

b. Furchase of Non-Centrally Managed Equipment \$		1,000
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:		
Fort Ritchie	70.	1,264
D. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Fresidio of San Francisco (PSF) Infrastructure Improvements)	*^	10,000
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (RETROEUR)	40.	25,400
base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) Consolidation	10.	363

..... \$ 158,027

Total Transfers In........

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out

a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Hamilton AFB Cleanup) \$ -1,000 b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Helicopter Training, Israel) \$ -9,000 c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares) \$ -45,350 d. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Wildhorses Roundup, White Sands Missile Range) \$ -1,500 e. Army Medical Department \$ -7,598 f. Fort Campbell Transfer \$ -314 g. Fort Meade Transfer \$ -3,769 h. Marshall Center Base Support \$ -6,394 i. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Base Communications
Total Transfers Out \$ -86,497
Total Functional Program Transfers \$ 71,530
Program Increase:
Program Realignment in Support of Mission Requirements \$ 14,536
Total Program Increase \$ 14,536
Program Decrease:
Civilian Pay Offset \$ -17,063
Total Program Decrease \$ -17,063
FY 1995 Current Estimate \$ 9,065,459

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth	•	LO.	186,235
Functional Program Transfers:			
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:			
a. Finance and Accounting Services at Fort Belvoir	40		
<pre>c. Base Support For Defense Commissary Agency</pre>	6,669	٠	
e. Expense/Investment Criteria Policy Change	6,600		
	ខេត		
h. Non-System Training Devices	12,100		
(DFAS) Bill	29 300		
Intra Appropriation Transfer In:			
a. Contractor Logistics Support (CLS)	6,084 25,287		
Total Transfers In	V 3-	57,356	

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

\$ -104,053	-25,287	b. Base Operations Support at Fort Belvoir
	-28,545 -133	onalization\$
	-2,302	1. U.S. Army Keserve Command (USAKC)
	-346	h. Personal Property Shipments \$
	-289	g. Joint Planning Exercise Activity (JPEA)\$
	-40	_
	-200	e. Postal to Defense-Wide \$
	-276	d. Flying Hour Fund \$
	-45	c. Telecommunications Change Back \$
	-729	b. U.S. Army Reserve Civilian Personnel Office Consolidation \$
	-45,861	s

-46,697

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

	<i>s</i> ,
	•
17,468 99,525 24,600 5,711 18,542 22,100 21,491 36,650 111,489 42,900	9,561
 	ν» ·
a. Aviation Restructure Initiative b. Base Operations Support c. SOUTHCOM Relocation. d. Environmental Compliance. e. Real Property Maintenance. f. Benefits to Former Employees g. Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Operating Losses h. Nunn-Warner Restoral i. Range Operations. j. Simulations K. Title XI (Army National Guard Combat Readiness Reform Act of 1992) I Traditional Commander-in-Chief Programs	Total Program Increases
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661,318

Program Decreases:

_	a. Burdensharings -12,700
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	007.0701 7
FY 199	FY 1996 Budget Request \$ 9,320,947

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:	
Total Price Growth\$ 2	274,760
Functional Program Transfers:	
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out	
Civilian Personnel Regionalization	
Total Transfer Out \$ -6,553	
Total Functional Program Transfers \$	-6,553
Program Increases:	
a. Base Operations Support	
Total Program Increases\$	37,865

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

RAC)	\$655,351	899.11,668
a. Acquisition Reform Initiative b. Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) c. Burdensharing. d. Depot Maintenance e. Environmental Compliance f. Force Modernization. g. Force Structure h. Headquarters Support. i. Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Exercises j. RETROEUR. k. Real Property Maintenance. l. Title XI.	Total Program Decreases	FY 1997 Budget Request

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary appears at the budget activity level.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	349,873	326,864	311,261	311,833	-15,603	572
Officer	37,338	36,197	34,074	34,420	-2,123	346
Enlisted	312,535	290,667	277,187	277,413	-13,480	226
Civilian End Strength (Total)	71,992	60,220	55,246	52,933	-4.974	-2.313
U.S. Direct Hire	42,847	37,923	37,569	35,981	-354	11.588
Foreign National Direct Hire	7,929	4,028	3,664	3,661	-364) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F) (F
Total Direct Hire	50,776	41,951	41,233	39,642	-718	-1.591
Foreign National Indirect Hire	21,216	18,269	14,013	13,291	-4,256	-722
Military Workyears (Total)	359,980	338,369	319,063	311,547	-19,306	-7.516
Officer	38,742	36,768	35,136	34,247	-1,632	688-
Enlisted	321,238	301,601	283,927	277,300	-17,674	-6,627
Civilian Workyears (Total)	66,411	60,337	58,155	53,795	-2,182	-4.360
U.S. Direct Hire	40,711	38,341	38,161	36,520	-180	-1.641
Foreign National Direct Hire	6,023	3,879	3,757	3,664	-122	m
Total Direct Hire	46,734	42,220	41,918	40,184	-302	-1.734
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,677	18,117	16,237	13,611	-1,880	-2,626

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Land Forces Activity Group consists of eight sub-activities that represent distinct facets of the force or special activities associated with the Force. Each sub-activity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. COMBAT FORCES- The active Army's fighting Divisions, separate Brigades/Regiments and all other nondivisional combat units that stand ready to deploy and execute the Army's missions anywhere in the world. Cost drivers are expressed in numbers of battalion or squadron units and training levels are expressed as operating tempo in the size of the combat force and the level of training activity necessary to remain combat ready. Size is terms of miles driven or hours flown.

logistics, administration and special missions support units necessary to deploy and sustain the Army's combat forces on the battlefield. Since size and level of training activity of the tactical support increment relates directly to that of the combat forces, cost drivers are the same as those used for the combat forces. A third TACTICAL SUPPORT- The active Army's tactical support increment required by the combat units to successfully criteria; tactical support structure strength as a percent of the total Land Forces structure strength is deploy, engage the enemy and execute the mission. Includes the communications, intelligence, medical,

THEATER DEFENSE- The active Army forces required to establish command and control of, sustain and air defend a deployed Theater Army. Includes theater command headquarters, special operations commands, air defense units and other theater support elements. Cost drivers for theater defense are the same as those used for the combat

FORCE COMMUNICATIONS- The tactical and strategic communications support required to establish and maintain command and control communications between the National Command Authority and deployed forces throughout the world. Cost drivers are the same as those used for the combat force. FORCE RELATED TRAINING AND SPECIAL ACTIVITIES- The operation of special theater and divisional training support activities and special mission units that provide mainly peacetime support and force related training at the Combat Training Centers and NCO Academies. Cost drivers are the same as those used for combat forces.

I. Description of Operations Financed Continued:

JCS EXERCISES- Army Land Forces units participating in multi-service training sponsored by the Joint Chiefs of Staff to address DOD's joint military capability to satisfy national security requirements across the spectrum of potential conflicts. Cost driver is the number and duration of exercises. DEPOT MAINTENANCE- The depot level maintenance support required to equip the Operating Forces with quality weapons systems and other major End Items. Cost driver is number of weapons systems/end items requiring depot maintenance repair. Additional criteria is number of systems/end items requiring repair that are funded versus

services and the facilities they require to train, work and live on a daily basis. Army installations serve as the power projection platforms utilized to rapidly deploy our forces to the regions of the world where mission calls. Cost drivers are the size of the installation in terms of military and civilian population the number and square feet of facilities and energy consumption. BASE SUPPORT- The Army's installations throughout the world that supply the Operating Forces with the

railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real property facility, and the addition or conversion of existing real property facility with projected costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000. Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads,

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Request</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Combat Units	1,162,097	1,783,474	1,890,024	1,786,253	1,882,069	1,716,725
2. Tactical Support	976,342	1,178,297	1,178,297	1,154,948	1,165,970	1,103,667
3. Theater Defense Forces	163,376	208,141	208,141	257,355	178,670	170,907
4. Force Related Training/						
Special Activities	1,668,711	1,186,444	1,186,444	1,160,699	1,271,154	1,214,931
5. Force Communications	51,201	61,496	61,496	58,445	73,584	56,348
6. JCS Exercises	47,451	66,412	66,412	66,432	54,467	54,519
7. Base Support - Land Forces		3,197,534	3,127,984	3,175,400	3,582,306	3,547,927
8. Depot Maintenance	695,374	1,037,338	1,168,638	1,156,754	861,426	861,546
9. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-15,920	0	0
10.DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	-25,000	0	0
Total	8,038,730	8,719,136	8,887,436	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding	8,719,136	8,775,366	9,069,646
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	168,300	0	0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-196,773	0	0
Price Change	15,920	178,385	267,648
Functional Transfer	84,684	-33,810	-6,553
Program Changes	-15,901	149,705	-604,171
Current Estimate	8,775,366	9,069,646	8,726,570

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

esi pro ci ivi ivi ivi ivi ivi ivi	FY 1995 President's Budget Request \$ 8,719,136	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed) \$ 8,887,436	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	a. Classified Programs	GSA Rental Payment \$ -48	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)	Civilian Personnel Understrength	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$ 7,841	f. Contractor and Consulting Services \$ -31,172	Information Technology (General Reduction) \$ -12,050	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund (FY 1995 Joint Appropriation Act)	
	resident's Bu	onal Adjustme	al Congressio	ppropriated A	n of Congress hese adjustme ases which we	Classified Pr	GSA Rental Pa	Additional .4 Civilian Pa	Civilian Pers	Workforce Res	Contractor an	Information T	General Reduc Appropriati	100

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

\$ appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to congress and once approved, funding will be restored.

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

Functional Program Transfers:

a. Real Property Maintenance Transfer...... \$ 120,000 Transfers funding from Operation and Maintenance, Defense-wide Appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army (OMA) appro-

Appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army (OMA) appropriation. This funding was provided to offset repair backlogs engendered by general reductions to the Services' operation and maintenance accounts.

1,000 is made necessary by the increase in the expense/investment threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA funds to be used to purchase items having an investment unit cost of \$50K or less. Ď.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

(Continued):
In
Transfers In
Appropriation
Intra

-	e. Marshall Center Base Operations Transfer \$	6,501
H	This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
ap	appropriation reflects the realignment of funds to the major Army	
Ö	Command responsible for maintenance of the Marshall Center under	
th	the base operations support account.	

Total Transfers In.......

164,528

so-

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

- a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Hamilton AFB Cleanup).... \$ adjustment to support the cleanup of hazardous waste contamination Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of the Congressional at Hamilton Air Force Base.
- Israel)...... adjustment. This funding realignment aids the establishment of Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustments (Helicopter Training, appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional the heavy mechanized helicopter training program in Israel.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out (Continued):

-45,350	
(War Reserve Spares) \$ and Maintenance, Army	this Congressional
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares) \$ -45,350 Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional adjustment.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

:
(Continued
Out
Transfers
Appropriation T
ntra

		,		
-314	-3,769	-6,249	-1,569	-3,495
f. Fort Campbell	g. Fort Meade	h. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional adjustment.	i. Realignment of Congressioal Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead	j. Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) Support \$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to support UPH construction and renovation projects. This realignment consolidates operation and maintenance of base support funding associated with furnishing UPH.

84,684

S

\$44 -- 79,844

Total Transfers Out

Total Functional Program Transfers.....

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases: ပ

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Frogram Realignment in Support of Mission Requirements	19	
Total Program Increase	•	•
Program Decrease:		
Civilian Pay Offset	-15,920	
Total Program Decrease	•	•
FY 1995 Current Estimate	•	

19

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-15,920

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8,775,366

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

		*	000
	Total Price Growth	<i>·</i> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1/8,385
Function	Functional Program Transfers:		
Inter Ap	Inter Appropriation Transfers In:		
œ	a. Finance and Accounting Services at Fort Belvoir	40	
	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This aligns the funding within the proper major Army command responsible for reimbursing the Defense Finance and Accounting Services for finance and accounting services at Fort Belvoir, VA.		
å	Installation Telephone Support	36	
υ	c. Base Support For Defense Commissary Agency	6,669	

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In (Continued):

	d. Consolidated Personnel Property Office - Atlanta (CPPSO-Atlanta) \$ 120	20
=	Transfers resources from the U.S. Navy to the U.S. Army in the	
g,	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. The Army has been	
0	ignated as the host service for the CPPSO.	

Expense/Investment Criteria Policy Change	6,600					
Ψ	e. Expense/Investment Criteria Policy Change	transfers Inninting Ifon Orner Procurement, Army appropriation	to Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This action	is made necessary by the increase in the expense/investment	threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA funds to be used to	purchase items having an investment unit cost of \$50% or less.

ď	.			
f. Military District of Washington (MDW) Finance and Accounting Office (FAO) Reimbursable Customer.	Transfers from the U.S. Air Force to the U.S. Army in the	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This aligns funding	associated with the proper military Service responsible for paving	for this finance and accounting service
71				

35

26

g. Medical Plans and Operations Functions
B B C

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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aligns funding to proper major Army commands responsible for for paying for the finance and accounting services in Hawaii.

29

Intra Appropriation Transfer In:

25,287				
b. Air Reconnaisance Low (ARL) \$ 25,287	Transfers Airborne Reconnaissance-Low program from the counterdrug	problem in Land Operations support to Land Forces. This properly	realigns the program to mission requirements and allows ARL to	support other CINC requirements as well as counterdrug requirements.

Total Transfers In........ \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

-45,861	-729	-45	-276	-200
a. Operational Support Airlift Command (OSAC)	b. U.S. Army Reserve Civilian Personnel Office Consolidation	c. Telecommunications Chargeback	d. Flying Hour Fund (OMA to USSOCOM)	e. Postal to Defense-Wide

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out (Continued):

4	f. Air Reconnaissance Low (ARL)	-40	
	g. Joint Planning Exercise Activity (JPEA)	-289	
	Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to the Navy (Personal Property Shipments Office). In accordance with the Base Closure and Realignment Act, Public Law 100-526, dated 24 October 1988, this realignment of resources (both manpower and funding) is required to implement the transfer of functional responsibility for procurement and transportation, storage and related services for both inbound and outbound personal property shipments of Army and Air Force personnel in the State of Illinois from the Army garrison at Fort Sheridan to the Great Lakes Naval Training Center.	-346	
	i. U.S. Army Reserve Command (USARC)	-2,302	

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out

å	1. Civilian Personnel Regionalization 5 -28,545
	This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance.
	Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian
ľ	personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction
	between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative
	commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10
	regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be
	located within the Continental United States (CONUS), 1 in Europe.
	1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders
-	will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the 7 conus
	centers will be placed under the operational control of the Assistant
	Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs).

-133					
b. Base Operations Support at Fort Belvoir \$	Transiers funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. One of the major Army commands is relocating from	leased facilities in the National Capitol Region into Army-owned	facilities on Fort Belvoir, Virginia. This realignment of funds	provides this command the resources to pay base support costs at	FORT Belvoir

	S
-78,766	•
S.	
992'82- \$	ogram Transfers
Out	Pro
Total Transfers (otal Functional
Ħ	Ă

-33,810

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

17,468		
a. Aviation Restructure Initiative (FY 1995 Base: \$718,282) \$ 17,468 This effort reduces the number of older, less costly aircraft.	such as the UH-1 and OH-58, while retaining the AH-64. This results in a more lethal, technologically advanced fleet, albeit	at an increased OPTEMPO cost.

\$ 24,600				44	
c. SOUTHCOM Relocation (FY 1995 Base: \$30,202) \$ 24,600	Provides incremental resources required for Army/SOUTHCOM	compliance with the 1977 Panama Canal Treaty. Included are	incremental requirements for relocation of U.S. Forces out of	Panama; turnover of installations to Panama; and consolidation of	U.S. Forces onto fewer, more secure installations in Danama
-					

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- and State laws including those for storm water programs; non-point source pollution controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 funding is needed to ensure compliance with standards set by Federal all installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation remedial actions; personnel training; environmental assessments of habitats, and mitigation of training impacts on soil, wildlife, The additional of natural and cultural resources including endangered species Funds support corrective procedures and other natural resources; and technical support. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: for Pollution Prevention. Achievement Programs.
- 321,281 eal Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: \$691,404)...... \$
 Increased funding supports barracks repairs which allows the Army electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines). Included is "Bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the "Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions in our barracks. decreases the backlog of maintenance and repair (BMAR) and improves barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g., heating Funding further supports an increase for readiness repair projects bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and consistent funding to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's enlisted that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges, railroads, e. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: the soldier's quality of life.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- *د*ه properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary \$4,323)..... This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with f. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: estimate.
- (FY 1995 Base: \$30,000).....\$ The funds provide for necessary expenses incurred which is on prior year order which are priced to produce less revenue than needed to cover current years expenses. Additionally, some revenue mission. Production at such depots is limited and much of the work producing, direct labor personnel leave the depots to take jobs in private industry, thereby creating further losses in revenue. This Resources provide for the recovery of permanent revenue losses direct funding precludes the remaining depot maintenance customers arising from decisions to close Army depots approved by the BRAC are no longer supported by production in the depot maintenance Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) Operating Losses from bearing the cost of closing these activities. commission. <u>ن</u>
- Nunn-Warner Restoral..... \$ drawdown in Korea, resources to support both Phase I and Phase II of the withdrawal plan were deducted from the command budget. Phase II Restores funds previously withdrawn in anticipation of Nunn-Warner provides the additional resources required to support the present Based on the Nunn-Warner plan for a time-phased troop of the troop reduction has been postponed indefinitely. This mission in Korea. 'n.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

\$ 36,650		ฮ		
Range Operations (FY 1995 Base: \$38,121)\$	The increase in range operations funding in FY 1996 brings range	operations support to a level commensurate with actual execution and	OPTEMPO funding. Ranges are vital to training and are, therefore,	an integral platform for the execution of OPTEMPO.

11,489					
. Simulations (FY 1995 Base: \$48,824) \$ 11,489	The increase in simulation funding in FY 1996 brings simulation	support to a level commensurate with actual execution and OPTEMPO	funding. Simulations/simulators (specifically battle simulation	centers) are vital to training and are, therefore, an integral	platform for the execution of OPTEMPO.

42,900		
sadiness Reform Act of 1992). \$	or Congressionally directed,	rain the Reserve Component.
k. Title XI (Army National Guard Combat Re	Provides funding (in FY 1996 only) for Congressionally directed,	full time Active Component support to train the Reserve Component

\$ 9,185				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	is one more	are 260	days of pay	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more	compensable workdayin FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260	compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay	
ay in FY 1996.	due to the fa	996 than in FY	FY 1995 and 2	
pensable Workd	am increase is	workdayin FY 1	days of pay in	
m. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996	This progr	compensable	compensable	in FY 1996.
E				

Total Program Increases.....

649,764

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

Burdensharing

32,742						
b. Credit Rate Changes \$ -32,742	Decrease required to compensate for change in Army Credit Return	Policy. Supply Management, Army will increase the average credit	return from \$.49/\$1.00 in FY 1995 to \$.51/\$1.00 in FY 1996 for all	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation retail customer	creditable returns. The credit rate change is primarily due to lower	wholesale level repair costs in FY 1996.

Ü	c. Depot Maintenance \$ -148,934
,	While the depot maintenance end item program decreases from
	FY 1995 to FY 1996, the program still meets the Congressional
	mandate to fund depot maintenance at least at 80 percent of
	requirements. While the program decrease occur across all
	commodities, the majority of the reductions will occur within the
	aircraft and combat vehicles commodities.

Budget Activity: <u>Operating Forces</u> Activity Group: <u>Land Forces</u>

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

- Decrease reflects a Congressionally mandated civilian underheadquarters downsizing initiatives such as the implementation of a Department of Defense directive to reduce workyears contribute In addition, other overall management d. Headquarters Support...... strength reduction. to this decrease.
- \$25,924)....\$ between Army commands and supported CINCs concerning reducing scope of Army participation in JCS exercises to meet these budget Army funding for JCS exercises is based on CINC requirement and cost estimates submitted by Army commands and activities. Due to affordability, Army funding in support of JCS exercises has been reduced to 80 percent of requirements. Coordination is ongoing Joint Chiefs of Staff (JCS) Exercises (FY 1995 Base: constraints. ů
- The Army will continue to transition from a foward stationed force the continuation of troop withdrawals previously programmed. By the to a versatile projection force. The Army's force is being reduced end of FY 1997, the active force structure assigned to Land Forces is projected to decrease by 38,252 military spaces from FY 1994 overall to reflect a current structure of 10 divisions as well as levels of 346,450. These initiatives to reduce force structure result in decreased funding for Land Forces. f. Force Structure......

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

-80,101												
g. Retro Europe (RETROEUR) (FY 1995 Base: \$61,234) \$ -80,101 Funding for the European Materiel Retrograde (RETROEUR) program	has been reduced as the Army is completing the major portion of rolling stocks and ammunition. This program was established to	retrograde approximately 524,000 short tons of ammunition. This program was established to retrograde approximately 12,000 pieces	of equipment, and other Class VII (containers) in accordance with	the Army troop reductions in Europe. In FY 1996, we will retrograde	34 aircraft and 30,000 short tons of other Class VII items	(containers). The Army has completed retrograding 524,000 short	tons of ammunition and approximately 12,000 pieces of Class VII end	items processed during FY 1995. The equipment being retrograded is	in varying states of repair and is required to be maintained and	repaired for distribution to the Active and Reserve Components.	The maintenance and repair being performed in Continental United	States (CONUS) is planned for completion by FY 1998.
b												

Total Program Decreases..... \$ -500,059

FY 1996 Budget Request...... \$ 9,069,646

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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Total Price Growth	S	267,648
Functional Program Transfers:		
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:		
Civilian Personnel Regionalization	m	

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-6,553

ß

-6,553

Total Transfer Out. \$

Total Functional Program Transfers............

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- a. Base Operations Support (FY 1996 Base: \$2,397,774)........ \$
 This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness.
- b. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$22,157)........ \$ increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with VSIP estimate.

W

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- s possible level; ending unnecessary regulatory requirements; fostering reflect information technology's short life cycle; and developing a more effective process to listen to its customers; line managers, tive contracting approaches; recommending acquisition methods that government procurement officers, and vendors who do business with the procurement process by shifting from rigid procurement rules emphasis on choosing "best value" products; facilitating innovato guiding principles; promoting decision making at the lowest competitiveness and commercial practices; shifting to a new the government.
- Realignment and Closure (BRAC) (FY 1996 Base: \$53,790)..... \$
 Resources provided for the recovery of permanent revenue losses is the last year in which costs are anticipated to arise from prior The funds cover expenses incurred which are no longer FY 1996 arising from decisions to close Army depots approved by the BRAC supported by production in the depot maintenance mission. b. Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) (FY 1996 Base: year BRAC depot closures. commission.
- -15,365 S Burdensharing Contributions from Korea and Japan will offset the cost of foreign contributions toward the cost of stationing U.S. forces overseas. The budget is reduced in anticipation of increased host nation Vehicle Maintenance, Line Haul Transportation and Communication national labor, utilities, maintenance/storage of War Reserves, υ.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

-1,900	-30,465
<pre>d. Depot Maintenance \$ -1,900 The decrease is the net result of many small increases and decreases occurring against may individual systems.</pre>	e. Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$260,516) \$ -30,465 The decrease in funding reflects completion of projects for solid

130,400				
e. Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$260,516) 5 -30,403	The decrease in funding reflects completion of projects for solid	waste management, air emission inventories, mitigation of leaking	underground storage tanks, and corrective actions at water and	wastewater treatment facilities.

The state of the Tite Tite Addition April 1 Venice P (UAV). ADDITION
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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

-5,768	
h. Headquarters Support	

-29,630
j. Retro Europe (RETROEUR) (FY 1996 Base: \$29,630)

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued):

		-640,108	,726,570
		ស	S.
-99,828	-42,900		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
k. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1996 Base: \$924,315) \$ -99,828 This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.	1. Title XI (Army National Guard Combat Readiness Reform Act of 1992). \$ -42,900 This decrease is attributed to the one-year only funding provided for Congressionally directed, full time Active Component support to train the Reserve Component. FY 1997 funding for this initiative is not available within current Army resources.	Total Program Decreases\$ -640,108	FY 1997 Budget Request \$ 8,726,570

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

FY 1997	30 11 11 11 12 30 30 30	2085 0 0 1622 287 34 364 364 16 593 221
FY 1996	30 11 11 11 15 9 11 15 9	2085 0 1622 287 76 366 19 600 221
FY 1995	32 11 11 11 12 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 5 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	2205 0 0 1838 451 137 378 162 598 221 623
FY 1994	33 23 11 11 11 15 3	2251 0 60 1838 451 189 411 195 600 221 739
. Maneuver Battalions/Squadrons (Div/Non-Div)	Armor Standard Infantry Mechanized Infantry Airborne Infantry Light Infantry Air Assault Infantry 3rd Infantry Battalion (Old Guard) Armored Cavalry Squadrons Light Cavalry Squadrons Special Forces Battalions Ranger Battalions	Maneuver Pacing Items M1A1 M60 M51 M2 M3 M3 AH1 AH64 UH1 UH60 CH47
A.		å

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

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Combat Support	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Field Artillery Battalions 105MM Towed 155MM SP 155MM Towed MLRS 8 Inch SP	55 24 12 2	52 22 22 11	51 21 21 12 0	213 125 125
Engineers Battalions (All Types)	39	40	39	39
Air Defense Battalions (All Types)	24	24	22	22
Aviation Assault Battalions MDM Helicopter Battalions (CM 47) ATK Battalions (AHGU)	8 2 4 4 5 8 5 4 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8 5 8	33 50 20 31	28 7 17 1	27 7 2 16
Military Intelligence Battalions (All Types)	35	31	29	29
Military Police Battalions	12	10	10	10
Chemical Battalions	m	ဧ	m	m
Signal Battalions	48	46	44	44

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Ď	D. Combat Support Pacing Items	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
	105MM T	240	222	222	222
	155MM SP	809	552	528	528
	-	144	120	120	120
	MLRS	360	351	360	360
	NI 8	48	24	0	0
	W88	682	640	655	682
	PATRIOT	44	44	44	44
	AVENGER	348	498	518	518
	ACE	337	361	361	361
E	GROUND OPTEMPO	527	800	800	800
(Fr	AIR OPTEMPO	13.5	14.5	14.5	14.5

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

						Estimate FY 1994	ate 9 <u>4</u>	Estimate FY 1995	Est	Estimate FY 1996	Estimat FY 1997	Estimate F <u>Y 1997</u>
G. SUBSISTE	SUBSISTENCE IN KIND	IND										
(1) Average	e Enliste	d Stren	Average Enlisted Strength (\$ in 000)	(000)	•	470,790	06	436,696	411	411,046	403,852	852
(2) Subsist	Subsistence in Messes	Messes										
	Number		Estimated FY 1994 Daily Annual Rate Rate	14 Dollar Amount	Number	Estima Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1995 Daily Annual Rate Rate	5 Dollar Amount	Number	Estima Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1996 Daily Annual Rate Rate	6 Dollar Amount
CONUS Army Others	60,271	4.44	1,620.60	97,675	54,416	4.60	1,679.00	91,364	50,944	4.75	1,738.50	88,566 1,987
OVERSEAS Army Others	19,927	4.93	1,799.45	35,858 283	17,547	5.09	1,857.85	32,600	17,244	5.26	1,925.16 1,925.16	33,197 291
TOTAL	81,561			135,770	73,288			126,216	69,482			124,041
	Est Number	timated Daily Rate	Estimated FY 1997 Daily Annual er Rate Rate	Dollar Amount								
CONUS Army Others	49,900	4.88 4.88	1,781.20	88,882 2,023								
OVERSEAS Army Others	17,094	5.40	1,971.00	33,692 296								
TOTAL	68,280			124,893								

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

G. SUBSISTENCE IN KIND (CONTINUED):

(3) Operational Rations

	Ħ	Estimated FY	FY 1994	Esti	Estimated FY 1995	995	Est	Estimated FY 1996	1996
	Number	Cost	Dollar	Number	Unit	Amount	Number	Unit	Dollar
Meal-Ready to Eat Tray Packs Other	1,141,100 14,847	66.78 1,995.02	76,203 29,620 2,698	1,614,374	68.65	110,827 28,622 2,610	1,147,450	70.71	81,136 28,302 2,578
TOTAL			108,521			142,059			112,016
	Estim Number	Estimated FY 1997 Unit ber Cost	7 Dollar Amount						
Meal-Ready to Eat Tray Packs Other	1,089,500	72.83	79,348 28,859 2,629						
TOTAL			110,836						

MRE's - Package of 12, Tray Packs - pallet of 432 Meals

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

G. SUBSISTENCE IN KIND (CONTINUED):

(4) Augumentation Rations/Other Programs*

Estimated FY 1996 Dollar Amount	16,437
Estimated FY 1995 Dollar <u>Amount</u>	16,742
Estimated FY 1994 Dollar	17,293

Estimated FY 1997

Dollar

16,775

* Includes supplemental rations, special exercises/operations, contract messes, box lunch meals, KATUSA Rations/Kits, New Food Items, Allied Nations support, and special issue.

Estimated FY	FY 1994 Dollar Amount	Estimated FY 1995 Dollar Amount	Estimated FY 1996 Dollar Amount
Estimated FY FOTAL DIRECT OBLIGATIONS	19		

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES

	DURATION	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	REMARKS
EUCOM Scheduled	:	(•			
ABLE ALLY	1 Week	0	6	ω	ß	-1
AFRICAN EAGLE	2 Weeks	0	0	0	242	H
JUNIPER FALCONRY	2 Weeks	0	105	0	0	
ARDENT GROUND	2 Weeks	86	0	150	75	-
	Series	0	11	13	14	ı
EXPRESS NORTH	4 Weeks	155	0	155	185	
EXPRESS SOUTH	4 Weeks	347	0	130	0	•
SHARED ENDEAVOR 95,97	2 Weeks	0	257	0	255	;
SHADOW CANYON	2 Weeks	0	20	35	164	
LAND/AIRCENT	2 Weeks	0	125	100	100	
	1 Week	0	32	30	30	
FORTY-EIGHT HOURS	1 Week	108	06	75	115	
CENTRAL ENTERPRISE	4 Weeks	2	10	10	01-	
BATTLE GRIFFIN 96	4 Weeks	0	0	373	0	
ATLAS GATE	4 Weeks	0	09	30	75	
ATLAS DROP	2 Weeks	0	205	196	250	
ATLAS HINGE	1 Week	0	210	275	256	
ASCENDANT SHIELD	Series	0	181	190	185	
CENTRAL HARMONY	2 Weeks	10	0	159	154	-
	Series	10	30	30	30	
DYNAMIC GUARD/MIX	2 Weeks	139	2,099	2,065	2,140	#
DYNAMIC IMPACT/ACTION	2 Weeks	992	39	245	•	•
DYNAMIC HOPE	2 Weeks	0	7	2	2	l e
PARTNERSHIP FOR PEACE	Series	0	650	200	200	ı
TRAIL BLAZER	2 Weeks	0	75	75	75	
ELLIPSE BRAVO	4 Weeks	38	35	35	30	
SILVER EAGLE	Series	S	16	6	9	
ATLANTIC RESOLVE/REFORG	ORGER 8 Weeks	11 525	10,973	9,450	7,576	ਜ
Turn		076111	107101	74,54U	160171	

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

	DURATION	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	REMARKS
CENTCOM Scheduled						
EARNEST LEADER 96	4 Weeks	0	0	20	33	ત
IMMENSE DRIVE	2 Weeks	95	175	160	20	
INSPIRED GAMBIT	4 Weeks	33	175	0	150	
INNER PASSAGE 96	3 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
EASTERN CASTLE	12 Weeks	705	009	529	465	
EASTERN EAGLE 95,97	2 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
NOBLE PIPER 95,97	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
SHADOW HAWK 95,97	2 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
FALCON NEST 97	No-Notice	0	0	0	0	
INTERNAL LOOK	2 Weeks	20	59	1,025	705	-1
BRIGHT STAR 94,96	10 Weeks	6,356	5,813	4,616	4,876	-1
NATURAL FIRE 96	2 Weeks	160	0	0	0	
EAGER LIGHT	2 Weeks	256	455	40	305	-1
EARLY LIGHT 96	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
INFERNO CREEK 96	2 Weeks	0	0	360	0	
EARLY VICTOR	4 Weeks	0	15	16	16	
INSPIRED VENTURE	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
IRON COBRA	4 Weeks	0	20	20	12	
INDIGO DESERT	4 Weeks	0	20	20	339	
INHERENT FURY 95,97	4 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
IRIS GOLD	Series	0	0	0	0	
ULTIMATE RESOLVE	8 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
INTRINSIC ACTION	8 Weeks	0	0	0	0	
DESERT STAR 95,97	2 Weeks	0	85	0	40	
CENTCOM TOTAL		7,655	7,417	6,836	6,994	

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

	TOT TOTAL	TET TE	2007 43	0//1	FX 1997	REMARKS
ACOM Scheduled RENDESVOUS 95	paros V	۰	130	C	Ç	*
STRONG RESOLVE 95	2 Weeks	nc	250	0, 0	000	-1
AGILE PROVIDER 94		2,388	0	0	0 0	
MARKET SQUARE 94,96		1,492	0	1,239	0	
ROVING SANDS		3,487	4,928	3,574	3,778	1
TRADEWINDS	12 Weeks	102	105	105	105	1
		100	100	100	100	
NORTHERN VIKING 95,97	2 Weeks	47	412	20	411	•
	4 Weeks	0	1,010	1,013	1,008	ı
MIGHTY THUNDER		0	550	319	286	
UNIFIED ENDEAVOR	2 Weeks	0	900	0	0	
	Series	0	0	890	1.088	•
ACOM TOTAL		7,619	9,993	7,340	6,826	ı
PACOM Scheduled						
PITCH BLACK 96	4 Weeks	0	0	0	C	
	6 Weeks	745	773	779	821	
ELLIPSE CHARLIE	2 Weeks	20	ω	80	00	
KANGAROO 95		0	420	0	0	
	4 Weeks	395	1,440	735	870	
ULCHI-FOCUS LENS	5 Weeks	4,678	4,925	4,056	4,625	
FREQUENT STORM	4 Weeks	0	12	12	12	
	4 Weeks	2,522	2,558	2,083	2,203	
	1 Week	1,572	1,606	1,378	1,344	
TEMPEST EXPRESS	1 Week	88	39	20	21	
TANDEM THRUST		0	241	105	256	-
TEMPO BRAVE	2 Weeks	110	15	45	15	1
FORTIFY FREEDOM	·	0	0	0	0	
	4 Weeks	0	2,520	1,038	1,487	
TEAM SPIRIT	4 Weeks	166	1,372	740	1,239	н
PACOM TOTAL		10,296	15,929	10,999	12,901	

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

H. JCS EXERCISES (Continued):

	DURATION	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	REMARKS
SOUTHCOM Scheduled FUERZAS UNIDAS SERIES ELLIPSE ECHO AHUAS TARA FUERTES CAMINOS/NORTH FUERTES CAMINOS/AMERICA FUERTES DEFENSAS CABANAS SOUTHCOM TOTAL	Series 2 Weeks 2 Weeks 24 Weeks 24 Weeks 1 24 Weeks 2 Weeks 2 Weeks	950 20 100 2,552 1,537 2,610 355 180	2,091 200 3,942 3,546 3,831 160 14,901	1,128 200 3,200 2,356 3,262 626 100 11,222	1,165 200 3,211 2,334 3,281 606 11,327	ਜਜਜ
CJCS Scheduled ELIGIBLE RECEIVER POSITIVE RESPONSE POSITIVE DEPLOYMENT CERTAIN SUPPORT DNA EXERCISE OTHER TOTAL	No-Notice 4 Weeks 4 Weeks 1 Week 2 Weeks 4 Weeks	0 151 1,191 705 2,051	350 270 1,583 0 744 2,951	350 171 2,436 0 769 3,730	350 208 2,427 785 3,774	нн
PRESIDENT'S BUDGET TOTAL AUTHORIZED TOTAL	2	47,451	66,428	54,467	54,519	

1 - CROSS FISCAL YEAR FUNDING

Many exercises which do not show funding are SOF exercises which are not funded through Operation and Maintenance, Army. Note:

Budget Activity: <u>Operating Forces</u> Activity Group: <u>Land Forces</u>

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
I. COMBAT TRAI	COMBAT TRAINING CENTERS				
1. Number	Number of Rotations				
Natic	National Training Center (NTC)	11	11	12	
Joint	Readiness Training Center (JRI	ic) 10	10	10	
Comba	Combat Maneuver Training Center (CMTC)	ic) 15	15	15	
Battl	Battle Command Training Program (BCTP) Corps Divisions	.P) 2 10	2 10	11	
2. Throughput	put				
NTC (JRTC CMTC CMTC BCTP	NTC (Battalions) JRTC (Battalions) CMTC (Battalions) BCTP (Divisions/Corps)	33 29 15 10/2	29 29 15	33 29 15 11/3	

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
A. Administration (\$000)	187,643	96,672	161,433	187,612
Civilian Personnel E/S	5,963	5,318 7,424	5,035 6,948	4,937
Number of Bases, Total	167	164	161	161
(oconus)	126	125	122	122
Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S)	1,476,528 957,247	1,476,528 957,247	1,476,528 957,247	1,476,528
(Civilian, E/S)	519,281	519,281	519,281	519,281
B. Retail Supply Operations (\$000)	134,737	126,045	123,369	120,107
Civilian Personnel E/S	5,292	4,702	4,454	4,221
Total Personnel E/S	5,658	4,980	4,742	4,510
C. Bachelor Housing Ops./Furn. (\$000)	40,175	36,789	34,607	34,391
Military E/S	21	12	13	L 13
Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	625	594 606	443	433
No. of Officer Quarters	16,828	16,548	16,548	
No. of Enlisted Quarters	328,753	318,675	318,675	318,675

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

<u>Title</u>	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S	63,975 42	60,512	73,756	74,841
Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	\sim	2,712	2,665	2,425
Population Served, Total E/S	(-)	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528
(Milicary, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)	957,247 519,281	957,247 519,281	957,247 519,281	957,247 519,281
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000) Military E/S	50,587	43,496	75,420	48,764
Civilian E/S	1,922	1,813	1,830	1,814
Total Personnel E/S	2,070	2,116	2,120	2,104
F. Other Base Services (\$000)	132,286	101,940		115,519
Military E/S	4,130	3,237	2,957	2,955
Total Personnel E/S	5,749	4,877	4,289	4,265
Number of Motor Vehicles, Total	25,136	24,059	24,170	24.036
(Owned)		11,819	11,485	7,875
(reased)	12,294	12,240	12,685	16,161
G. Other Personnel Support (\$000)	133,429	103,020	110,164	106,905
Military E/S	2,469	1,715	1,648	1,804
CIVILIAN E/S	5,133	3,978	3,709	3,587
rotal Personnel E/S	7,		ν,	5,391
Population Served, Total E/S	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528	1,476,528
(Military, E/S)	957,247	957,247	957,247	957,247
(Clvilian, E/S)	519,281	19,2	519,281	19,

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
H. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User charges (\$000) Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-Time Reimbursements (\$000)	400 400 77 0 0	726 726 76 0 0	871 871 76 0 0 0	891 891 76 0 0
<pre>I. Engineering Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Facilities Supported (000 sq ft)</pre>	468,654 120 5,607 5,727 366,916	407,839 97 5,691 5,788 321,184	319,753 92 4,980 5,072 311,604	359,426 92 4,554 4,646 311,604
J. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals) Sewage & Waste Systems (700 gals) Air Conditioning and Refrigeration (700)	449,265 5 259 26,824,747 25,572,192 20,819,507	530,047 4 814 818 27,928,258 27,753,106 22,088,917 255,256	505,391 4 768 772 3,446,942 25,799,235 26,828,437 20,510,197 20,510,197	522,953 448,633 25,812,672 26,842,491 20,522,967 230,065

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
K. Child and Youth Development Programs Number of Child Development Centers (CDC)	175	174	174	174
Care	3,214	3,214	3,214	3,214
(Infant to 12 years)	264,400	246,700	241,700	239,800
Total Required Child Care Spaces	75,887	75,887	75,887	75,887
Porcent Spaces CUC, FCC and School Age	40,065	41,729	43,396	45,268
Number of Youth Facilities	53% 146	55% 146	578 146	608 146
Total Military Youth Population (Grades 1 to 12)	193,700	193,700	193,700	193,700
Number of Youth Served	58,110	58,110	58,110	58,110

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Title	FY 1994 Actual	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration (RPM) (\$000) *	3,696	4,341	5,794	5,972
Number of A&E Contracts	148	160	261	229
Planning and Design Funds	3,696	4,341	5,794	5,972
Military E/S	21	15	17	17
Civilian E/S	12,284	6,843	5,124	5,026
Total Personnel E/S	12,305	6,858	5,141	5,043
Number of Installations	167	164	161	161
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	2,408,259	3,187,923	3,724,654	4,094,996
B. Maintenance and Repair	647,705	656,484	886,315	813,123
Utilities	0	. 0	0	0
Buildings (KSF)	366,866	321,138	311,559	311,559
Pavements (KSY)	242,886	232,177	232,177	232,177
Land (AC)	4,517,461	4,488,023	4,488,023	4,488,023
Other Facilities (KSF)	20	46	45	45
	2,392	2,376	2,376	2,376
Recurring Maintenance	462,891	439,453	596,620	514,500
Major Repair	184,814	217,031	289,695	298,623
C. Minor Construction	60,689	34,920	37,701	37,151
Number of Projects	2,304	1,907	2,887	1,936

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: <u>Operating Forces</u> Activity Group: <u>Land Forces</u>

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

	Financed Units	FY 1994 ed \$M	Def Unite	erred	Financed Units	SM	FY 1995 Defe Units	Deferred its SM	Financed Units	FY 1996 sed SM	6 Deferred Units Si	SM
DEPOT MAINTENANCE												
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE	2,936	199.4	920	198.1	4,047	331.7	9	42.4	3,044	240.9	388	27.7
Airframes Other	82 2,854	168.4	268	177.5	129 3,918	284.6	ល ល	40.2	146 2,898	218.4	59 329	20.0
COMBAT VEHICLE MAINT	1,182	166.4	1,658	174.3	2,127	344.0	70	19.9	1,541	199.9	188	45.4
Vehicle Overhaul/	1,107	147.1	1,276	161.8	1,508	297.6	70	19.2	1,300	147.4	188	41.3
other	75	19.3	382	12.5	619	46.4	0	0.7	241	52.5	0	4.1
MISSILE MAINTENANCE	4,503	77.8	4,720	54.0	5,972	105.4	3,054	10.5	4,116	82.0	4,743	30.6
Missiles Other	1,852 2,651	9.5	559	21.3	2,182	19.4 86.0	168	8 2 2	1,879	10.9	354 4,389	2.6
OTHER DEPOT MAINT	84,481	251.8	100,308	150.2	45,355	375.3	491	49.2	36,577	338.6	99,415	109.2
Other End Items	84,130	98.7	100,227	107.7	44,202	167.1	491	37.7	33,571	79.9	99,414	81.6
Software Maint	0	105.2	0	25.5	0	125.9	0	5.3	0	159.5	0	11.3
Other	351	47.9	81	17.1	1,153	82.4	0	6.2	3,006	99.2	e-1	16.2
TOTAL		695.4		576.6	н	1,156.5		122.0		861.4		212.7

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

	red	SM
1997	Deferred	Units
FY	ed	SM
	Financed	Units

DEPOT MAINTENANCE				
AIRCRAFT MAINTENANCE	3,228	258.6	424	50.1
Airframes Other	147 3,081	230.5	75 349	44.0
COMBAT VEHICLE MAINT	1,418	200.1	218	73.9
Vehicle Overhaul/ Repair Other	1,173	147.0	218	53.8 20.1
MISSILE MAINTENANCE	6,373	72.3	4,774	67.6
Missiles Other	4,338	12.7	377	3.9
OTHER DEPOT MAINT	93,526	330.5	111,459	140.8
Other End Items	89,022	130.1	111,056	85.2
Software Maint	2,000	151.0	0	31.4
Other	2,504	49.5	403	24.1

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332.5

861.5

TOTAL

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Forces

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer	346,450	323,171	307,467	308,198	-15,704	731
Enlisted	310,893	289,140	275,489	275,868	-13,651	379
Civilian End Strength (Total)	69,406	58,190	53,199	50,979	-4,991	-2,220
U.S. Direct Hire	•	35,975	35,604	34,109	-371	-1,495
Foreign National Direct Hire		4,015	3,651	3,648	-364	en l
Total Direct Hire	-	39,990	39,255	37,757	-735	-1,498
Foreign National Indirect Hire	21,205	18,200	13,944	13,222	-4,256	-722
Military Workyears (Total)		334,811	315,319	307,833	-19,492	-7.487
Officer	36,825	34,794	33,005	32,154	-1,790	-851
Enlisted	319,485	300,017	282,315	275,679	-17,702	-6,636
Civilian Workyears (Total)	63,970	58,156	56,121	51,797	-2,035	-4,324
U.S. Direct Hire	38,291	36,248	36,209	34,604	68-	-1,605
Foreign National Direct Hire		3,862	3,744	3,651	-118	£6-1
Total Direct Hire	- 40	40,110	39,953	38,255	-157	-1,698
Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,663	18,046	16,168	13,542	-1,878	-2,626

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Land Operations Support Activity Group provides the United States Army the foundation to adapt doctrine, warfighting concepts, organizations and supporting materials to changing world political and security scenarios. This activity group provides the operating forces the capability to maintain a modern, operationally and organizationally sound fighting force that has the flexibility to meet any assigned mission.

This activity group also provides for operations of the senior warfighting commands where the Army, in component role, is designated the administrative agent.

The Operating expenses financed in this activity group include pay of civilian personnel, consumable supplies, purchased services, travel and transportation of personnel, as well as other normal operating expenses. The Land Operations Support Activity Group consists of three sub-activities that can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation. Land Operations Support sub-activities are:

systems. The cost driver for this sub-activity group are measured in the number of tests planned or conducted. COMBAT DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES - Provides for the planning, development, testing, appraisal, and validation of new warfighting doctrines, organizations and supporting materials for the Army's Operating Forces. Additionally, provides resources for operation and maintenance associated with the fielding of modernized

UNIFIED COMMANDS - Provides for the operation of three unified command headquarters, United States European Command (USEUCOM), United States Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM), and Army Management Headquarters, Pacific Command (PACOM). The Army has been designated administrative agent for USSOUTHCOM and USEUCOM, therefore, is for only the active Army support of the headquarters. The cost driver for this sub-activity is the number of responsible for the day-to-day operational costs of the unified command. For PACOM, the Army is responsible military and civilian personnel supported.

II. Force Structure Summary:

supports United States Army European Command (USEUCOM), United States Army Southern Command (USSOUTHCOM), and This activity group provides for activities supporting experimentation, tests, projects, and evaluations necessary to develop and/or validate new doctrine, materiel and organization for the Army. In addition, it the Army element of Pacific Command (PACOM) headquarters.

Budget Activity: Operating Forces Activity Group: Land Operations Support

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Reguest</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Combat Developments	246,886	222,405	222,405	235,219	214,364	209,033
2. Unified Commands	139,301	74,246	74,246	56,017	36,937	36,065
3. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-1,143	0	0
4. DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	386,187	296,651	296,651	290,093	251,301	245,098

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1995</u>	Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1996</u>	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	296,641	290,093	251,301
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-7,921	00	0
Price Change	1,143	7,850	7,112
Functional Transfer	-13,154	12,887	0
Program Changes	13,374	-33,755	-13,315
Current Estimate	290,093	251,301	245,098

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request	V)-	296,651
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	S	0
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	U 1	296,651
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
a. GSA Rental Payments\$	9-	
b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise \$ 41	413	
c. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$ -5,723	723	
d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$ 35	395	
e. Contractor and Consulting Services \$ -2,364	364	
f. Information Technology (General Reduction) \$ -63	-636	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	•	-7,921

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adjustment \$ 1.143	143
)
nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was	
appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily	
offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to	
Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.	

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1,143

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

-12,895				
b. Marshall Center Base Operations Transfer \$ -12,895	This transfer of funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation reflects the realignment of funds to the major Army	command responsible for maintenance of the Marshall Center under	the Base Operations Support account.

	-13,154
	w
-13,154	•
S.	:
\$13,154	Transfers \$
ut	Program
Total Transfers Out	Total Functional Program I
Total	Total

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III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

	מ
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14,517	S	-1,143	Un-	•
Program Realignments in Support of Mission Requirements	Total Program Increase	Civilian Pay Offset	0	FY 1995 Current Estimate

14,517

-1,143

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

7,850

Total Price Growth	•	v
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:		
a. Non-System Training Devices	12,100	
b. U.S. Sending State (USSSO), Rome, Italy, to U.S. European Command \$ Transfers \$300K in each year (FY 1996-FY 2001) from the Navy to the Army (USEUCOM). This funding realignment supports the functional transfer of USSSO, Rome, Italy, to EUCOM. There is no manpower associated with this transfer.	300	,
Total Transfers In	S	12,400
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:		
Air Reconnaisance Low (ARL)	-25,287	

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Total Functional Program Transfers...........

Total Transfer Out......

-12,887

\$

-25,287

\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

1,178				
1. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$365) \$ This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs	for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional	reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on Voluntary	Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment vrpa /vsrp) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to	properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP estimate.

Ġ.	b. Traditional Commander-in-Chief (CINC) Programs \$	\$ 10,000
ì	Funding increases by \$10 million to support CINC efforts to	
	promote regional security arrangements and other U.S. National	
	Security doals.	

11,554

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-8,004	
b. Headquarters Support (FY 1995 Base: \$22,094)	headquarters downsizing initiatives such as the implementation of a Department of Defense directive to reduce workyears contribute to this decrease.

-45,309	251,301
Total Program Decrease \$	FY 1996 Budget Request

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III. Financial Summary (OEM) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth	•	7,112
Program Increase:		
Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$1,629)	1,933	
Total Program Increase	•	1,933

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

. d

Force Modernization (FY 1996 Base: \$96,940) \$ -12,861	O	-12,861
Completion of fielding requirements, affordability, and force	ŀ	
structure reductions will lead to decreased requirements for		
fielding in FY 1997 of new or modernized equipment into the active		
force inventory. This program decrease reflects decreased funding		
levels for CSS Life Line, Unmanned Aerial Vehicle (UAV), Apache		
Attack Helicopter, Combat service Support Control System (CSSCS),		
Standard Theater Army Command and Control System (STACCS), Patriot,		
other OPTEMPO-related equipment, and Other Non-Intensively Managed		
equipment.		

	strength reduction. In addition, other overall management
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-15,248	245,098
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Total Program Decreases	: Requ
Tot	FY 1997 Budget Request
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	FY 1

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Budget Activity: Operating Forces Activity Group: Land Operations Support

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Estimated
Planned or F
ests Conducted,
nber of Tests
Number of

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command Operational Test and Evaluation Agency	110	11	8 6	10
TOTAL	21	23	17	15

Budget Activity: Operating Forces
Activity Group: Land Operations Support

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	3,423	3,693	3,794	3,635	101	-159
Officer	1,781	2,166	2,096	2,090	-70	9
Enlisted	1,642	1,527	1,698	1,545	171	-153
Civilian End Strength (Total)	2,586	2,030	2,047	1,954	17	93
U.S. Direct Hire	2,565	1,948	1,965	1,872	17	93
Foreign National Direct Hire	10	13	13	13	;0	0
Total Direct Hire	2,575	1,961	1,978	1,885	17	-63
Foreign National Indirect Hire	11	69	69	69	0	0
Military Workyears (Total)	3,670	3,558	3,744	3,715	186	-29
Officer	1,918	1,974	2,131	2,293	158	-38
Enlisted	1,753	1,585	1,613	1,622	28	6
Civilian Workyears (Total)	2,441	2,181	2,034	1,998	-147	-36
U.S. Direct Hire	2,420	2,093	1,952	1,916	-141	-36
Foreign National Direct Hire	7	17	13	13	4-1	0
Total Direct Hire	2,427	2,110	1,965	1,929	-145	-36
Foreign National Indirect Hire	14	71	69	69	-2	0

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Mobilization

I. Description of Operations Financed:

forward presence, the prepositioning of equipment required for wartime operations and the rapid deployment of deterrence and an adequate defense of the nation's vital interests. As defined in the National Military Strategy, the foundation of the new, regionally oriented, defense strategy includes forward presence, crisis response and force reconstitution. As the Army transitions from a more regionally focused force to a Continental United States (CONUS) based force, the Mobilization Budget Activity forms an important component CONUS based forces are major components of the Army's crisis response capability. Also, as the active force This budget activity displays those costs as mobilization requirements as opposed to operating forces costs. It is important to note that these is reduced in size to retain only the capabilities required to meet the immediate and most probable threats, the cost of maintaining a support base for mobilization purposes rises. This budget activity displays those of this nation's defense strategy. With less reliance on forward deployed forces, and more on a visible As defined in the National Military The Mobilization Budget Activity affords the United States Army the ability to maintain a viable are fixed costs related to infrastructure the Army owns for mobilization purposes.

immediate and most probable regional threats, and retaining a force reconstitution and sustainment capability presence in the form of prepositioned equipment, maintaining a rapid crisis response capability to the most This funding will allow the Army to protect the nation's security interests by demonstrating forward to provide the National Command Authority an option to expand and mobilize to meet wartime requirements. will be accomplished by the following sub-activities:

STRATEGIC MOBILITY: The capability to immediately deploy and sustain a five division corps with its associated force structure to any emergency crisis worldwide. WAR RESERVE: An adequate inventory of immediately available supplies and equipment, stationed both afloat and on land, to sustain the operating forces for lengths of time and levels of conflict outlined in the National Military Strategy and The Army Plan. Includes prepositioning afloat the equivalent of a heavy combat brigade INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS: An industrial and installation support base capable of mobilizing on short notice to meet the nation's defense requirements in high intensity and/or long duration conflicts. PREPOSITIONED MATERIEL CONFIGURED TO UNIT SETS (POMCUS): An adequate number of fully ready, prepositioned combat unit equipment sets to immediately deploy operating forces to the locations required by the National Military

II. Force Structure Summary:

Contingency Corps anywhere in the world. Strategy calls for building and maintaining the capability to deploy and sustain a tailorable corps of up to five divisions. The lead brigade is required to be on the ground in theater within 4 days of deployment notification, lead division within 12 days, two armored/mechanized divisions within 30 days, and the full corps support within 75 days. In addition, the Army must maintain the capability to deploy a second corps to a second regional contingency during deployment of the initial corps. This budget activity supports the National Strategy for the deployment and sustainment of a five division

III. Financial Summary (0&M \$ in Thousands):

FY Activity Group:	FY 1994 —Actuals	Budget	FY 1995 Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
Mobility Operations	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	696, 760	604,667
7	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	696,760	604,667
B. Reconciliation Summary:	C) FY 199	Change 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997	1997
		571,392	2	583,783		696,760
(Distributed)		•	0	0		
distributed)		-5,909	6	0		0
		94	4	48,662		14,635
		44,350	0	0		0
		-26,144	4	64,315	`ı'	-106,728
		583,783	33	696,760		604,667

Budget Activity: Mobilization

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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FY 1995 President's Budget Request\$ 571,392
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):
a. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)
FY 1995 Price Growth:
Civilian Pay Adjustments\$
Functional Program Transfers:
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares)\$ 45,350
Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:
Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing)

Total Functional Program Transfers..... 44,350

Budget Activity: Mobilization

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Decreases:
and
Increases
Reconciliation:
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FY 1995 Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Offset	Total Program Decreases\$ -26,144	FY 1995 Current Estimate\$ 583,783	Price Growth:	Total Price Growth\$ 48,662	Program Increases:	a. One More Compensable Workday (FY 1995 Base: \$14,301)\$ 102 b. Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1995 Base: \$196,874)\$ 113,781 c. Mobilization and Surge Capacity (1995 Base: \$77,275)\$ 53,484	Total Program Increases\$ 167,367	Program Decreases:
å Ч		FY 1995	Price G	Ţ	Program	ຫ ຼຸດ ບໍ	Ĭ	Program

\$ -30,131 \$ -26,369	\$ -44,680 \$ -1,872		091,969 \$	
a. War Reserve Repair Parts (FY 1995 Base: \$45,350)	Realignment (FY 1995 Base: \$116,949)	Total Program Decreases\$-103,052	FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 696,760	Price Growth:

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.....\$ 14,635

Total Price Growth.....



Budget Activity: Mobilization

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases

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In:
Transfers
Appropriation
Intra

Defense Standardization (FY 1996 Base: \$0)......

20,600

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Total Transfers In	\$ 20,600
Program Increases:	
a. War Reserve (Non-Ammo) South West Asia (SWA) Prepo Facilities (FY 1996 Base: \$5,000)\$ b. Planning with Industry (FY 1996 Base: \$10,093)\$	47,423 3,827
Total Program Increases	51,250
Program Decreases:	
a. Mobilization and Surge Capability (FY 1996 Base: \$133,077)\$	-4,782
b. Logistics Over The Shore (FY 1996 Base: \$26,219)\$ c. Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1996 Base: \$18,026)\$ d. Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1996 Base: \$328,804)\$	-22,989 -16,680 -134,127
Total Program Decreases\$-178,578	\$-178,578
FY 1997 Budget Request\$ 604,667	\$ 604,667

Budget Activity: Mobilization

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: There currently are no developed performance criteria for this Budget Activity.

V. <u>Personnel Summary</u> :	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	215	210	143	143	-67	000
Officer	58	54	55	55	1	
Enlisted	157	156	88	88	-68	
Civilian End Strength (Total)	1523	663	624	625	1 3 9	H H O
U.S. Direct Hire	211	200	153	154	1 4 7	
Foreign National Direct Hire	230	82	82	82	1 8 9	
Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	441 1082	571 381	235 389	236	-336	н 0
Military Workyears (Total)	108	213	177	143	- 36	1 34
Officer	29	56	55	55	- 35	1 34
Enlisted	79	157	122	88	- 35	1 34
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1937 253 247 500 1437	929 176 184 360 569	641 177 82 401 382	622 153 82 235 387	-288 1 40 41 -329	-19 -142 -166 147

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

. Description of Operations Financed:

The Mobility Operations Activity Group consists of four subactivity groups that represent distinct and important facets of Mobility Operations and Mobilization. STRATEGIC MOBILITY: Provides funding for Strategic Mobility improvements to enhance the movement of equipment and supplies in the Continental United States and expand the afloat prepositioning program. Also provides for deployment training initiatives, upgraded deployment outload facilities, container procurement, maintenance of prepositioned equipment. Cost drivers are the number of vehicles and short tons of ammunition maintained and the number of prepositioned ships maintained to support war plans.

WAR RESERVE: Provides funding for manpower, materiel handling and other supply support equipment, necessary facilities and associated costs specifically required to store and handle war reserve materials. The cost driver for this subactivity group is measured in terms of short tons of materiel stored and maintained.

materials priority and allocations, Production Base Support Program (PBSP), Layaway of Industrial Facilities (LIF) projects, annual plant inspections, and manufacturing technology testing projects. Also, provides for the direct funding of the maintenance of Army-owned equipment and facilities that are not utilized in a peacetime capacity but required for mobilization. At this time, funding is limited to the Army facilities that are part of the Depot include all the funding required to retain excess, unutilized or underutilized capacity in the Mobilization Budget Activity to include those portions of active Army installations that are no longer required to support a reduced active component force but are required for a mobilization base. The cost driver for this subactivity group is the future intent is to INDUSTRIAL PREPAREDNESS: Provides administration/management for the following industrial preparedness ions: planning with private industry and government owned plants, development of defense controlled However, Maintenance Business Activity of the Defense Business Operations Fund (DBOF). the square feet of underutilized capacity needed for mobilization. PREPOSITIONED MATERIEL CONFIGURED TO UNIT SETS (POMCUS): Provides funding for the storage, maintenance, and operations and maintenance of facilities to support prepositioned materials for U.S. Army warfighting needs in Cost drivers are the number of unit sets, percentage of fill, and property accountability of Prepositioned Material Configured to Unit Sets, and the construction/leasing, number of humidity controlled warehouses maintained to support war plans. support of the National Military Strategy.

Activity Group: Mobility Operations Budget Activity: Mobilization

Force Structure Summary: II.

Contingency Corps anywhere in the world. Strategy calls for building and maintaining the capability to deploy and sustain a tailorable corps of up to five divisions. The lead brigade is required to be on the ground in theater within 4 days of deployment notification, lead division within 12 days, two armored/mechanized divisions within 30 days, and the full corps support within 75 days. In addition, the Army must maintain the capability to deploy a second corps to a second regional contingency during deployment of the initial corps. This activity group supports the National Strategy for the deployment and sustainment of a five division

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands): III.

			FY 1995			
	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
A. Subactivity Groups:						
1. Strategic Mobilization	221,540	284,647	284,647	275,588	393,923	247,235
2. War Reserve Activity	27,135	54,718	54,718	99,101	72,166	121,589
3. Industrial Preparedness	100,840	89,728	89,728	89,631	143,841	147,178
4. POMCUS	107,704	142,299	142,299	119,557	86,830	88,665
5. Civilian Pay Offset				-94		
Total	457,219	571,392	571,392	583,783	696,760	604,667
B. Reconciliation Summary:	FY 199	Change 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY	1996	Change FY 1996/FY	1997
Baseline Funding Congressional Adj (Distributed) Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change Functional Transfer Program Changes Current Estimate	·	571,392 0 -5,909 94 44,350 -26,144 583,783		583,783 0 0 48,662 0 64,315	ï	696,760 0 14,635 -106,728 604,667

 \sim ī 21 Page BA February 1995 Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 P	FY 1995 President's Budget Request	\$ 571,392	01
Congressi	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):		
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	0 \$	C
FY 1995 A	Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	\$ 571,392	C I
Allocatic inc	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
๙	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise)\$	43	
Ď.	Civilian Personnel Understrength\$	-2,006	
ບໍ	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$	164	
ਰ	Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-4,060	
ข้	Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	-50	
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	606'5- \$	6
FY 1995 I	FY 1995 Price Growth:		
Cir emg fun to wil	Civilian Pay Adjustments	\$	4

February 1995 Page BA 21 - 3

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (0&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

45,350 Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (War Reserve Spares).....\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

-1,000 Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing).....\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the full execution of this congressional adjustment. Total Functional Program Transfers......\$

44,350

-94

FY 1995 Program Decreases:

employees nationwide (average increase of 1.07%). Because inadequate Civilian Pay Offset......\$ funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

	b. Prepositioning of Materiel Configured to Unit Sets (POMCUS) Realignment	-26,050	
	Total Program Decreases		€0-
FY 19	FY 1995 Current Estimate		·O·
Price	Price Growth:		

Program Increases:

Total Price Growth...... \$ 48,662

102

583,783

-26,144

a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$14,301).\$ This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996. Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

- 113,781 Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1995 Base: \$196,874)....\$ This portion prepositioned for use in a national emergency. This funding increase maintenance on the equipment when it is transferred to the new ships. supports the transfer of stocks from seven interim Roll-On/Roll-Off national military strategy that builds and maintains the capability to deploy a five division Contingency Corps with its associated With the addition of the Large Medium Speed RO/RO ships, the total number of ships leased will decrease to twelve by the end of the of the program funds the lease and maintenance of ships from the These resources support the Army's participation in the (RO/RO) ships to five new Large Medium Speed RO/RO ships and Military Sealift Command (MSC) on which materiel has been support structure anywhere in the world within 75 days. . Д
- 53,484 c. Mobilization and Surge Capacity (1995 Base: \$77,275).....\$ these maintenance activities. The increase represents the full cost of maintaining this maintenance capability within the Army's depots costs were formerly paid through the rates charged to customers of Resources support the Army's mobilization and surge capacity within the Army's depot and arsenal maintenance activities. and arsenals.

Total Program Increases................

.....\$ 167,367

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Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- War Reserve Repair Parts (FY 1995 Base: \$45,350)...........\$ plus up to purchase repair parts for designated war reserve materiel This program decrease is a result of the FY 1995 Congressional
- b. Deployment Outload Rail Upgrades (FY 1995 Base: \$41,701)....\$ Because of affordability, a decision was made to reduce funding FY 1999-2001 timeframe. Current funding will support only additional procurement of containers and a minimal level of infrastructure contingency force. These requirements have been reinstated in the repair in support of the Army Strategic Mobility Program (ASMP). infrastructure at key installations, depots and ports for the in FY 1996 to support repairs and upgrades of deployment
- Realignment (FY 1995 Base: \$116,949).....\$ Program decrease accelerates the reduction of POMCUS equipment equipment will eventually be put into seven sites with 127 controlled humidity warehouses (vice 16 sites and 240 warehouses). The vehicles from six brigade sets and two division bases to four brigade sets and one division base prepositioned in Central Europe. As a result of necessary, when inside storage is required, the vehicles will be vehicles together will decrease the maintenance requirements and stored in a motor pool configuration (grouped by tanks, wheeled Prepositioning of Materiel Configured to Unit Sets (POMCUS) base/facility closures in Europe, the Central European POMCUS vehicles, etc.). The inside storage and parking of like type and equipment will be stored by brigade sets at the sites. labor costs involved in POMCUS upkeep.] ΰ

-44,680

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases

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d. Planning with Industry (FY 1995 Base: \$11,705)	-1,872
Total Program Decreases	\$-103,052
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 696,760	092,969 \$
Price Growth:	
Total Price Growth	4,635
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:	
Defense Standardization (FY 1996 Base: \$0)	20,600

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20,600

opportunity.

Activity Group: Mobility Operations Budget Activity: Mobilization

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

Increases and Decreases Reconciliation:

Program Increases:

a. War Reserve (Non-Ammo) South West Asia (SWA) Prepo Facilities	
(FY 1996 Base: \$5,000)	47,423
prepositioning facilities. Funds will cover the cost of moving materiel into and between the theater, managing and operating the planned facilities, and providing care of supplies in storage (COSIS)	
within the racilities.	3.827

Program increase will support sector studies (i.e., ammunition, minimum investment levels and the number of core producers needed to fighting needs. Analyses normally combine likely scenarios, war reserve status, data on investment levels from commercial, DOD, foreign military sales and direct sales. The analyses generate tracked vehicles, chemical and biological, etc.) on acquisition reform that analyzes the industrial base against critical war Planning with Industry (FY 1990 Base: meet surge/sustainment needs. ٠ م

Program Decreases:

- from FY 1996. The amount remaining still represents the full cost of \$133,077)....\$ costs were formerly paid through the rates charged to customers of these maintenance activities. There is a slight program decrease within the Army's depot and arsenal maintenance activities. These Resources support the Army's mobilization and surge capacity sustaining this maintenance capability within the Army. a. Mobilization and Surge Capability (FY 1996 Base:
- Logistics Over The Shore (FY 1996 Base: \$26,219)......\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.

1 Page BA 21 February 1995

Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

	(econciliation: Increases and Decreases	
•	Keconcil	į
7	ڙ	

Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1996 Base: \$18,026)\$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.	-16,680	
Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades (FY 1996 Base: This decrease results from constrained resources	\$18,026)\$	in FY 1997.
Deployment Outload - Rail Upgrades This decrease results from constra	(FY 1996 Base:	ained resources
Deploym This	ent Outload - Rail Upgrades (decrease results from constra
	. Deploym	This

d. Prepositioning of Equipment Afloat (FY 1996 Base: \$328,804)\$ -134,127	\$ -134,127
These resources support the Army's participation in the	•
national military strategy that builds and will maintain the	
capability to deploy a five division contingency corps with its	
associated support structure anywhere in the world within 75 days.	
This portion of the program funds the lease and maintenance of ships	
from the Military Sealift Command (MSC) on which materiel has been	
prepositioned for use in a national emergency. While one additional	
heavy lift ship to support the Theater Opening Force Module (TOFM) is	10
being added to this program in FY 1997 (total of 13 ships by the end	
of the fiscal year), overall funding decreases. The decrease is	
primarily associated with just leasing (12 of 13) ships and not	
having major changes in the mix of ships being utilized during the	
fiscal year or funding the cost of transferring equipment from one	
type of ship to another.	

\$-178,578	\$ 604,667
	Request\$ 604,667
creases	
Total Program Decreases	FY 1997 Budget Request

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Budget Activity: Mobilization Activity Group: Mobility Operations

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: There currently are no developed performance criteria for this Activity Group.

					Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/1996	FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer	215 58 157	210 54 156	143 55 88	143 55 88	-67 1 -68	000
Civilian End Strength (Total)	1523	663	624 153	625 154	-39	ਜਜ
Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	230 441 1082	82 571 381	82 235 389	82 236 389	-289 -336 297	0 11 0
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	108 29 79	213 . 56 157	177 55 122	143 55 88	1 3 3 3 3 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	-34 1 -34
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	1937 253 247 500 1437	929 176 184 360 569	641 177 82 401 382	622 153 82 235 387	-288 1 40 410 -329	-19 -24 -142 -166

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Training and Recruiting Budget Activity of the Operations and Maintenance, Army Budget attracts, recruits and produces a force trained to mobilize, deploy, fight and win anywhere in the world. Funds requested in this Budget Activity finance the day-to-day operations of institutional training, other selected training, and training support activities. This budget request includes the total cost of operating and maintaining Accession Training; Basic Skill and Advanced Training; and Recruiting, and Other Training and Education.

Army installations; Senior Reserve Officer Training Corps (SROTC) scholarship program; recruiting, advertising, and recruit examining activities at the U.S. Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM) Military Academy; the Army's Military Academy Preparatory School; Army Training Centers; schoolhouses on for which Army is Executive Agent; civilian and off-duty military education; Junior ROTC operations; and Training and Recruiting expenses financed in this Budget Activity include the cost of running the the cost of operating and maintaining the training installations.

detailed in Section IV of the individual Budget Activity Group justification material. The Budget Activity by specific cost drivers that correlate the budget request to performance measures, workload, and output that relate to specific outcomes for each subactivity. Cost drivers and specific performance criteria are The Training and Recruiting Budget Activity consists of 8 Activity Groups and 32 subactivities that represent different facets of training and recruiting within the Army. With the exception of the Training Support subactivity of Basic Skill and Advanced Training Activity Group, each subactivity is characterized Groups and subactivities are summarized below:

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

ACCESSION TRAINING - This funding will allow the Army to produce trained soldiers and officers to meet the Expected outcomes by subactivity force structure requirements required by the National Military Strategy.

OFFICER ACQUISITION - A cadre of professionally trained officers capable of providing effective leadership to combat units and support units.

RECRUIT TRAINING - A nucleus of soldiers trained in basic combat skills, disciplined, motivated and prepared for Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) training. ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING - A nucleus of combat soldiers that are fully MOS qualified and immediately available for assignment to combat units around the world. SENIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (SROTC) - A cadre of professionally trained officers capable of providing effective leadership to combat units and support units in the active or reserve component.

Child Development, and Family SERVICE ACADEMY BASE SUPPORT - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation operations that Subactivities include Base Operations, Base Communications, Audiovisual, Environmental Compliance, provide the quality environment for a professional academic education.

SERVICE ACADEMY REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation infrastructure at the U.S. Military Academy. Subactivities include Major Repairs and Minor Construction.



Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

beyond the initial entry level throughout the career development life cycle of its officers, noncommissioned BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING - This funding allows the Army to conduct a continuing education system officers, and civilians in order to produce leaders and supervisors that are tactically and technically Components of the subactivity are summarized below: proficient in state-of-the-art techniques.

requirements of positions in the field Army in the quantity required by the National Military Strategy. SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING - A nucleus of soldiers trained in specific skills that match the skill

FLIGHT TRAINING - A cadre of professionally trained aviators in the quantities and skills required by Army force structure needed for the air component of the combined arms warfighting doctrine. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION - A body of officers, noncommissioned officers, and civilian leaders who maintain up-to-date proficiency in their profession in order to defeat any enemy in battle and provide quality stewardship of a peacetime Army. The Army must maintain adequate numbers of trained, tough, competent leaders capable of quick deployment against future threats requiring rapid expansion of forces.

TRAINING SUPPORT - A quality administrative and logistic infrastructure that fully supports a professional training and education system.

projection platforms for deployable units located at the installations (e.g., Third Armored Calvary Regiment, III Corps Artillery, 3d Brigade, 24th Infantry Division, 513th Military Intelligence Brigade, 7th Transportation Group, and 75th Rangers Battalion. Subactivities include Base Operations, Base BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING BASE SUPPORT - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation operations that provide the quality environment for professional training/education and to serve as force Communications, Audiovisual, Environmental Compliance, Child Development, and Family Centers. BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - This funding allows the Army to maintain installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) to support institutional training and serve as force projection platforms. Subactivities include Major Repairs and Minor

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

civilians into the Army in the quantity necessary to support the National Military Strategy. Also included are funds to allow for the continuing education of our soldiers and civilians in civilian institutions and the introduction of military values into secondary schools in order to provide leadership instruction and RECRUITING AND OTHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION - This funding allows the Army to attract and recruit quality Components of the subactivity are summarized below: encourage patriotism.

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING - A nucleus of citizens, interested in the tradition and values of the Army, and qualified to be inducted into the Army in the quantity dictated by the National Military Strategy.

EXAMINING - A nucleus of recruited candidates for the Armed Forces that meet the mental and physical demands of military service in the quantities dictated by the National Military Strategy.

OFF DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION - A nucleus of highly educated military leaders who enhance their personal and professional skills via job related civilian education and thereby increase their job performance and leadership skills.

CIVILIAN EDUCATION AND TRAINING - A nucleus of highly trained civilian leaders in the quantity and skills needed to provide professional stewardship of the peacetime Army. JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (JROTC) - A nucleus of well rounded, well educated secondary school students, inculcated with military values, and trained to become responsible citizens.

professional environment to meet American citizens who are interested in joining the Armed Forces, and that provide adequate facilities for entrance processing. Subactivities include Base Operations, Base RECRUITING AND OTHER TRAINING AND EDUCATION BASE SUPPORT - This funding provides leased facilities for Communications, and Audiovisual.

II. Force Structure Summary:

serving Senior ROTC detachments located on college and university campuses throughout the United States, Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The Training program also supports Army unique training provided to members of other Services; Department of Defense (DOD) and other Federal Agencies; selected local, state and national governments; and members of the armed forces of other nations. Training provides resources for the operation and maintenance of 6 Army Training Centers, 30 Army schools and colleges, and 4 Department of Defense (DOD) and Joint Service schools and colleges. This budget activity also supports 3 Senior Reserve Officers' Training Corps (ROTC) regional headquarters

(MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically arguments and states 1,400 units states, Hawaii, Alaska and Puerto Rico. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) supports 1,400 units Recruiting and Other Training and Education supports approximately 1,400 recruiting stations. The Arm as DOD Executive Agent for examining, supports 65 company-sized Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically dispersed throughout the Continental United in FY 1995 at various high schools.

The training institutions for which this budget program provides operation and maintenance funds are:

U.S. Army Training Centers

Fort Jackson, SC Fort Knox, KY Fort McClellan, AL Fort Sill, OK Fort Leonard Wood, MO

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

U.S. Army Schools and Colleges

Fort Jackson, SC Fort Bliss, TX Fort Knox, KY Fort Lee, VA Rock Island, IL Fort Belvoir, VA		Fort Leonard Wood, MO Fort Belvoir, VA Fort Sill, OK Fort Jackson, SC Fort Benning, GA Fort Huachuca, AZ	School
Adjutant General School	4 D D 4 D	Engineer Center and SchoolFort Leonard Wo Engineering and Housing Support CenterFort Belvoir, V Field Artillery Center and SchoolFort Sill, OK Finance SchoolFort Jackson, S Infantry Center and SchoolFort Benning, G Intelligence Center and SchoolFort Huachuca,	Intern Training CenterTexarkana, TX Judge Advocate General School

II. Force Structure Summary (Continued):

SchoolFort Lee, VA	jor Academy.	Fort Jackson, SC	ansportation and Aviation Logistics SchoolsFort Eustis, VA	Academy	Cut /::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
Quartermaster School	- (1	Signal School	U.S. Army Transportation and Aviation Logist	N. 1	U.S. MILLTARY ACADEMY Freparatory Schools.

Department of Defense/Joint Services Schools and Colleges

9	2 0	D D	D D	D	D
Monterey, CA	Ving Ground, Washington,	Washington,	Washington,	Washington,	Washington,
nnah, IL Idio of	Meen Pro	McNair,	McNair,	McNair,	McNair,
Army Defense Ammunition Center and School	School of Military Packaging Technology	National War College Washington, DC	Industrial College of the Armed ForcesFort McNair, Washington, DC	Information Resources Management CollegeFort McNair, Washington, DC	Institute for National Strategic StudiesFort McNair, Washington, DC

III. Financial Summary (O&M S in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
K	A. Activity Groups:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Request</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
	1. Accession Training	291,955	304,032	301,332	305,970	314,798	329,964
	2. Basic Skill & Advanced Training	1,812,706	2,042,800	2,008,200	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705
	3. Recruiting & Other Training & Education	637,812	649,187	677,987	664,064	691,154	710,760
	Total	2,742,473	2,996,019	2,987,519	2,964,457	3,066,095	3,143,429

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding	2,996,019	2,964,457	3,066,095
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-8,500	0	O
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-41,481	0	0
Price Change	13,370	81,439	86,111
Functional Transfer	7,656	-8,235	-4,258
Program Changes	-2,607	28,434	-4,519
Current Estimate	2,964,457	3,066,095	3,143,429

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Raise \$ -1 ian Separation Incentive) \$ -1	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed):	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed) \$ 2,987,519	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 President's Budget Request	S 2,996,019		-650 -19,595 -16,180	ngressional Adjustments (Distributed) Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)
---	--	--	---	------------------------------------	-------------	--	----------------------------	--

	13,370		TT#177- ¢
<pre>III. Financial Summary (0&M) \$ in Thousands): C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:</pre>	Price Growth: Civilian Pay Adjustments	Functional Program Transfers: Inter Appropriation Transfer In: Real Property Maintenance Transfer Intra Appropriation Transfers In: a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Helicopter Training, b. Fort Campbell Transfer Intra Appropriation Transfers Out a. Army Medical Department (AMEDD) Facilities Base Operations b. Base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment - Base Commo Infrastructure \$ d. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment - Pentagon/MACOM HQ, and Administrative Overhead c. Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing (UPH) Furnishings \$ f. Base Operations Realignment	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

13,370

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Total Functional Program Transfers...... \$

7,656

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increase:

ပိ	\$ 73,236	750 56
Program	Total Program Increase	
<u>ф</u>	a. Civilian Pay Offset	
	Total Program Decreases \$ -75,843	-75,843
FY 1995	FY 1995 Current Estimate \$ 2,964,457	2,964,457

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:			
Total Price Growth	•	ens :	81,439
Functional Program Transfers:			
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:			
a. Warrant Officer Candidate School Supports b. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency\$	115		
Total Transfers In	∵	1,339	
Inter Appropriation Transfer Out:			
Department of Defense Polygraph Institute (DODPI) Defense Inventigative Service (DIS)	-1,600		
Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:			
a. Civilian Personnel Office Regionalization	-1,890 -6,084		
Total Transfers Out	·	-9,574	
Total Functional Program Transfers	•		-8,235

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

\$ 4,934 \$ 10,506 \$ 39,063 \$ 61,056 \$ 8,872 \$ 4,874		\$ -6,002 \$ -4,128 \$ -2,397 \$ -3,941 \$ -9,000 \$ -29,915 \$ -11,108 \$ -11,108 \$ -217 \$ -356 \$ -7,205
vilianization	1. Examining	a. Reserve Officer Training Corps Operations. b. Real Property Maintenance. c. Specialized Skill Training. d. Flight Training Israel - One Time. e. Helicopter Training Israel - One Time. f. Credit Rate Adjustment. f. Credit Rate Adjustment. g. Equipment Transition. i. Training Support. j. Recruiter Support. k. Off-Duty - Veteran's Educational Assistance Program (VEAP). l. Army Civilian Training and Education System (ACTEDS). Total Program Decreases.

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth: Total Price G

Total Price Growth		86,111
Functional Program Transfer:		
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:		
Civilian Personnel Regionalization	-4,258	
Total Transfer Out	\$ -4,258	
Total Functional Program Transfer	()-	-4,258
Program Increases:		

a. United States Military Academy Civilianization. b. Recruit Training and One Station Unit Training. c. Reserve Officer Training Corps. c. Reserve Officer Training Corps. d. Base Support. e. Real Property Maintenance/Minor Construction. f. Specialized Skill Training. g. Professional Development Training. h. Examining. Total Program Increases.										34,401
United States Military Academy Civilianization. Recruit Training and One Station Unit Training. Reserve Officer Training Corps. Base Support. Real Property Maintenance/Minor Construction. Specialized Skill Training. Professional Development Training. Examining. Total Program Increases.	1,953	2,600	618	14,834	1,054	2,028	9,851	490	973	•
	United States Military Academy Civilianization \$	Recruit Training and One Station Unit Training \$	Reserve Officer Training Corps \$	Base Support	Real Property Maintenance/Minor Construction \$	Specialized Skill Training \$	Professional Development Training \$			

III. Financial Summary (O&M) \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. Training Support	\$ -38,920	h. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC)
		Assistance Program (VEAP) ation System (ACTEDS) Corps (JROTC)

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary appears at the budget activity level.

Recruiting
and
Training
Activity:
Budget

V. Personnel Summary:					CHANGE	CHANGE
	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/FY 1996	FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	46,123	45,320	41,571	41,557	-3,749	-14
Officer	7,551	8,217	7,739	7,728	-478	-11
Enlisted	38,572	37,103	33,832	33,829	-3,271	۳
Control of state of the control of t	1981	26.980	25,460	23,770	-1,520	-1,690
Tre Direct Bire	27,923	26,929	25,410	23,720	-1,519	-1,690
South Astronomy Divoct Hito	17	10	10	10	0	0
FOREIGH NACLOHAL DIRECT MILE	27.940	26,939	25,420	23,730	-1,519	-1,690
Foreign National Indirect Hire	41	41	40	40	7	0
Villitery Workspare (Motel)	47.464	45,722	43,446	41,564	-2,276	-1,882
Offians	7.678	7.884	7,978	7,734	94	-245
Ullisted	39,786	37,838	35,468	33,831	-2,370	-1,637
	27.104	26.477	26,023	24,528	-454	-1,495
II C Direct Hire	27,053	26,421	25,973	24,478	-448	-1,495
House Matter Divoct Hive	14	10	10	10	0	0
FOREIGN NACIONAL DIECC MILE	27.067	26,431	25,983	24,488	-448	-1,495
Foreign National Indirect Hire	37	46	40	40	9-	0

I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Accession Training Activity Group consists of six subactivities that represent initial training to provide the Army with qualified officer and enlisted personnel. Each subactivity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. OFFICER ACQUISITION - The funds for the U.S. Military Academy support the resident instruction programs, general supplies and equipment, contractual services, Army research, library and museum support, and sales administration, civilian personnel pay and allowances, cadet support, school preparation of training aids, and training literature. Other costs included are temporary duty (travel and per diem), cadet field trips, stores. Cost drivers are the number of graduates.

allowances, supplies and equipment, resident instruction programs, transportation (IDY), and contractual services. Cost drivers are the number of graduates. The funds for the U.S. Military Academy Preparatory School support the civilian personnel pay and

The funds for the Officer Candidate School support the general supplies and equipment, contractual services, and organizational clothing issued to each candidate, whether on active or reserve duty. Codrivers are the number of officers commissioned.

duty (travel and per diem) for staff and faculty and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use RECRUIT TRAINING - The funds support the civilian pay and benefits, trainee processing at reception stations, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies and equipment, and contractual services. Also included are temporary during the training period. Cost drivers are the number of recruits trained. ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING - The funds support the civilian pay and benefits, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies equipment, and contractual services. Also included are temporary duty (travel and per diem) for and faculty and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use during the training period. drivers are the number of trainees Military Occupational Specialty (MOS) qualified.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

and training, scholarships for selected students, summer camp operations, and the operation of Senior ROTC and the purchase of organizational clothing and equipment, textbooks, reference publication, and supplies. regional headquarters and Headquarters, Cadet Command. On-campus support requires funds for civilian pay Scholarship funds provide for tuition costs, academic texts, laboratory fees, and other related academic expenses for the students who are awarded or continue on scholarship each year. Cost drivers are number SENIOR RESERVE OFFICERS TRAINING CORPS (ROTC) - The funds provide for support of on-campus operations and allowances; temporary duty (travel and per diem); miscellaneous contractual support; transportation; of Senior ROTC students enrolled and number of scholarships awarded.

BASE SUPPORT - Provides funding support for installation supply, maintenance of installation equipment, transportation services, laundry and dry cleaning services, dining facilities, personnel support, Cost drivers are the size of the installations in terms of military and civilian population and engineering support, management of the Army's Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Program (ECCPPP), Army Community Services, Child Development Services, Youth Services, base communications and visual information services at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army preservation of order, resource management, training and mobilization, contracting support, security and unaccompanied personnel housing furnishings, automated data processing, community and morale support, counter-intelligence operation, records management and publications, operation of utilities systems, energy consumption. Subpost.

railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real property facility, and the addition or conversion of an existing real property facility when the project costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000. Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads,

II. Force Structure Summary:

Officer Acquisition provides for the operation and support of the United States Military Academy (USMA), located at West Point, NY; the United States Military Academy Preparatory School (USMAPS), located at Fort Monmouth, NJ; and the Officer Candidate School (OCS), located at Fort Benning, GA.

Recruit Training is an 8-week introductory and combat survival skill training course given to enlisted personnel at Army Training Centers located at Fort Jackson, SC; Fort Knox, KY; Fort Sill, OK; and Fort Leonard Wood, MO.

One Station Unit Training is a 12-17 week combined Recruit Training/Initial Skill Training given to enlisted personnel located at Fort Benning, GA; Fort McClellan, AL; Fort Knox, KY; Fort Sill, OK; and Fort Leonard Wood, MO.

Reserve Officer Training Corps Cadet Command accomplishes its mission through the Cadet Command Headquarters, 3 ROTC regional headquarters, 275 ROTC Battalions, 59 extension centers and 800+ cross-enrolled college campuses. The Base Support program supports installation operations at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army Subpost.

The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at the U.S. Military Academy (West Point) and Stewart Army Subpost.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Officer Acquisition	51,115	51,184	51,184	54,564	58,328	61,885
2. Recruit Training	10,308	12,173	12,173	10,273	11,228	12,352
3. One Station Unit Training	11,269	16,733	16,733	15,532	17,008	19,091
4. Reserve Officer Training Corps	108,706	108,642	108,642	111,367	109,789	113,513
5. Base Support	110,557	115,300	112,600	115,573	118,445	123,123
6. Civilian Pay Offset	0	O	0	-1,339	0	O
Total	291,955	304,032	301,332	305,970	314,798	329,964

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding	304,032	305,970	314,798
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	-2,700	0	0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	285	0	0
Price Change	1,339	7,175	8,860
Functional Transfer	-122	1,674	-352
Program Changes	3,136	-21	6,658
Current Estimate	305,970	314,798	329,964

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget Request	V	304,032
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		
Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)		-2,700
FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)		301,332
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
a. GSA Rental Payments\$	6-	
b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise \$	684	
c. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$ -193	93	
d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$	353	
e. Information Technology (General Reduction) \$ -550	150	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)		285

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

	1,339					-122		
Civilian Pay Adjustments.composes for Federal employees Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to congress and, once approved, funding will be restored.	Total Price Growth \$	Functional Program Transfers:	Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:	Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	Total Transfer Out \$ -122	Total Functional Program Transfer \$	Program Increase:	Command Realignments

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Total Program Increase.....

8,362

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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

	त्य	a. Civilian Pay Offset
	Д	 b. Command Realignments
		Total Program Decreases \$ -5,226
FY	1995	FY 1995 Current Estimate \$ 305,970

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth	S	7,175
Functional Program Transfer:		
Intra Appropriation Transfer In:		
Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Automation		
Total Transfer In \$	1,674	
Total Functional Program Transfer	()-	1,674

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- 559 ŝ \$139,883).. compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:
- \$ the Army. This civilianization will be implemented over several years. There is a reduction of 28 military end strengths and an increase of 25 civilian end strength in FY 1996. this action places military back into the warfighting units of required the Academies to increase civilian faculty/staff and Operation and support costs and benefits, include funding for advertising, recruitment, travel, and permanent change of station (PCS). Additionally, decrease military faculty/staff. Operation and support costs associated with civilianization, above and beyond direct pay b. Civilianization of Faculty at the U.S. Military Academy (FY 1995 Base:
- S has grown because of an increased accession mission from 70 thousand c. Recruit and One Station Unit Training(OSUT) (FY 1995 Base: \$25,619) 625 loads from FY 1995 to FY 1996. The training load requirement Recruit Training workload requirement increases by 1,193 loads. and One Station Unit Training workload requirement increases by in FY 1995 to 85.2 thousand in FY 1996.

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

- The additional funding is needed to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of natural and cultural These resources provide for management and technical support of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention including those for storm water programs; non-paint source pollution \$2,625)..... Funds support corrective procedures and remedial actions; personnel controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 for Pollution training; environmental assessments of all USMA installations to Programs at United States Military Academy (USMA) installations. ensure compliance with standards set by Federal and State laws d. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: resources and technical support. Prevention.
- 3,089 Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, physical plant, particularly power projection installations. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness. o o

Total Program Increases.....

S

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-6,002	-4,128		<i>(</i>)-
a. Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) (FY 1995 Base: \$111,013) \$ Cadet Command restructure for FY 1996 includes the closure of 18 units and proposes elimination of one of three Regional Headquarters and one Summer Camp location. Expect further efficiencies based on automation restructuring.	b. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: \$45,753)\$ This program reduction is the result of an increase of \$1.6 million for minor construction projects that address health, safety, and environmental compliance deficiences offset by a reduction of \$5.7 million in real property maintenance major repairs funding.	Total Program Decreases	FY 1996 Budget Request

-10,130

314,798

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth	\$	8,860
Functional Program Transfer:		
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out		
Civilian Personnel Regionalization		
Total Transfer Out	\$ -352	
Total Functional Program Transfer	<i>S</i> -	-352

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

: Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- ጭ the Army. This civilianization will be implemented over several years. There is a reduction of 16 military end strengths and this action places military back into the warfighting units of Operation and support costs required the Academies to increase civilian faculty/staff and Additionally, associated with civilianization, above and beyond direct pay and benefits, include funding for advertising, recruitment, a. Civilianization of Faculty at the U.S. Military Academy an increase of 13 civilian end strengths in FY 1997. travel, and permanent change of station (PCS). decrease military faculty/staff. (FY 1996 Base:
- b. Recruit and One Station Unit Training(OSUT) (FY 1996 Base: \$28,236) \$ Recruit Training workload requirement increases by 1,254 loads. 914 loads. The training load requirement has grown because of an increased accession mission from 85.2 thousand in FY 1996 to 96.3 and One Station Unit Training workload requirement increases by thousand in FY 1997.
- c. Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) (FY 1996 Base: \$109,789).... \$ inflation factor applied to funding for ROIC scholarships has been less than 3% per year. However, college tuition costs have risen anywhere from 14% (average 6.6%) in the public schools to 28% (average 8.6%) and higher at private institutions over the same Cadet Command experiences tuition inflation significantly above the standard Army inflation rate. Over the past 5 years, the Increase will help offset higher tuition costs.

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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

		€O-		S
ιΩ	4		8	
905	1,054		-472	•
d. Base Operations (FY 1996 Base: \$70,912)	e. Real Property Maintenance-Major Repairs (FY 1996 Base: \$42,917) \$ This increase will fund revitalization real property and utility systems that are beyond their design life and address health, safety, and environmental compliance deficiencies.	Total Program Increases	Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$4,616)	Total Program Decrease
		Prog		

7,130

-472

329,964

FY 1997 Budget Request......

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The following categories are outputs and performance measures for the Accession Training Subactivity. OFFICER ACQUISITION

		FY 1994	94		FY 1995	95	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
Academy Academy Prep School Officer Candidate School	1,065 284 521	1,053 180 443	4,066 198 132	1,035 218 599	1,014	3,883 162 147	
Total	1,870	1,676	4,396	1,852	1,634	4,192	
		FY 1996	96		FY 1997	76	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	
Academy	927	908	3,756	922	903	3,704	
Academy Prep School	250	180	179	250	180	179	
Officer Candidate School	599	450	147	599	450	147	
Total	1,776	1,538	4,082	1,771	1,533	4,030	

⁻⁻ Input is the number of entering first year students. Output is the number of fourth year graduating students

Workload is the equivalent of student workyears for four class years for a fifty-week fiscal year 1

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

RECRUIT TRAINING

		FY 1994	34		FY 1995	95
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	38,058	33,678	5,509	42,444	38,324	6,368
Army Reserve	14,101	12,391	2,069	15,860	15,587	2,512
Army National Guard	13,546	11,653	1,975	16,638	15,361	2,557
Total	65,705	57,722	9,553	74,942	69,272	11,437
		FY 1996	36		FY 1997	97
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	49,197	45,588	7,494	58,203	52,510	8,770
Army Reserve	16,467	15,350	2,546	18,135	16,404	2,763
Army National Guard	16,642	15,724	2,590	15,110	14,282	2,351
Total	82,306	76,662	12,630	91,448	83,196	13,884

Workload is the equivalent of trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year. I

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

ONE STATION UNIT TRAINING

		FY 1994	94		FY 1995	95
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	20,802	19,293	5,574	25,014	22,106	6,376
Army Reserve	2,181	2,241	575	3,489	3,109	789
Army National Guard	8,212	8,711	1,875	9,139	8,377	1,808
Other Services/DOD	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct	31,195	30,245	8,024	37,642	33,592	8,973
Other (Non-US)	2	П	0	20	21	m
Total	31,197	30,246	8,024	37,662	33,613	8,976
		FY 1996	S		FY 1997	7.
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	25,524	22,146	6,554	28,588	24,915	7,351
Army Reserve	4,113	3,609	922	4,132	3,835	953
Army National Guard	10,512	9,029	2,122	10,471	9,741	2,208
Other Services/DOD	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct	40,149	34,784	9,598	43,191	38,491	10,512
Other (Non-US)	18	18	m	18	17	m
Total	40,167	34,802	9,601	43,209	38,508	10,515

One Station Unit Training (OSUT) combines Initial Entry and Skill Training into one course. Workload is the equivalent of trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year. | |

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps (SROTC)

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	Begin	Average	End	Begin	erad	End
Total SROTC Enrollments	0	37,800	7,3	М	6	, 65
MS I	,52	7,5	ณ์		8,62	8,96
MS II	18	œ	ω	8,988	,31	4
Basic Course	,71	er.	0		,94	,41
MS III	18	6	7		,42	, 19
MS IV	16	9	ິນ	. •	,81	,03
Adv Course	35	4	7		23	, 23
Scholarship Students	96	- In	8,797	8,869	8,685	7,993
MS I	,04	0	0	9	•	9
MS II	2,091	2,087	2,135	1,716	1,744	1,733
Basic Course	, 13	ㄷ	2	ന	2,415	n
MS III	,20	4	2	E,	. •	2
MS IV	,62	4	e,	[E,
Adv Course	,82	17	, r	ະເ		9
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	Begin	120	End	Begin	er	End
Total SROTC Enrollments		42,324	40,906		,37	0,53
MS I	8,6		7	æ	18,611	
MS II	1,1	1,6	S	ᅼ	,45	, 56
Basic Course	1,0	0,2	2	6,6	,06	, 39
MS III	-	H	0	N	,76	50
WS IV	0	6	Ŋ	O	,54	, 63
Adv Course	Ψ	1	9	Ŋ	,31	13
Scholarship Students	96'	H	9	,31	60	,24
MS I	,02	0	0	,07	,10	,08
MS II	,03	1,	0	,11	,14	,13
Basic Course	,05	۲,	0	,18	,25	,22
MS III	4,184	4,035	4,046	4,327	4,338	4,185
MS IV	,72	οĺ	17	, 79	, 50	, 84
Adv Course	, 90	ص ً	ω	, 12	, 84	,02

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Senior Reserve Officers Training Corps (SROTC)

	FY	FY 1994 (Estimate)	nate)	FY	FY 1995 (Estimate)	imate)
	Begin	Average	End	Begin	Average	End
Non-Scholarship Students	31,105	28,924	28,545	32,196	30,490	29,659
I SW	18,481	16,487	17,474	19,346	17,956	18,307
WS II	7,097	7,714	6,399	7,272	7,573	6,717
Basic Course	25,578	24,201	23,873	26,618	25,529	25,024
MS III	2,983	2,490	2,546	3,441	3,045	
WS IV	2,544	2,233	2,126	2,137	1,916	
Adv Course	5,527	4,723		5,578	4,961	
	YE	FY 1996 (Estimate)	nate)	7.4	FY 1997 (Estimate)	imate)
	Begin	Average	End	Begin	Average	End
Non-Scholarship Students	33,711	32,136	30,985	32,958	31,279	30,287
I SW	18,812	17,505	17,745	18,812	17,505	17,745
MS II	9,132	9,502	8,449	8,000	8,309	7,429
Basic Course	27,944	27,007	26,194	26,812	25,814	25,174
MS III	3,558	3,148	3,042	3,875	3,428	3,315
MS IV	2,209	1,981	1,749	2,271	2,037	1,798
Adv Course	5,767	5,129	4,791	6,146	. 5,465	5,113

Note: May not add due to rounding.

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>ritle</u>	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
A. Administration (\$000) Military E/S	10,716	15,533	18,003	18,795
Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S	163	175	181	182
Number of Bases, Total (CONUS)	N N	N N	. 0 0	0 0
Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S)	30,769	30,769	30,769	30,769
(Civilian, E/S)	13,882	13,882	13,882	13,882
B. Retail Supply Operations (\$000) Military Personnel E/S	4,917	4,049	4,417	4,674
Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S	129	117	119	119
C. Bachelor Housing Ops./Furn. (\$000) Military E/S	168	246	325	333
Total Personnel E/S No. of Officer Quarters No. of Enlisted Quarters	1 1 2,431 2,508	1 4,431 2,508	1 4,431 2,508	4,431 2,508

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>ritle</u>	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
	Actuals	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)	2,917	2,394	2,587	2,725
	0	0	0	0
	60	60	60	60
	30,769	30,769	30,769	30,769
	16,887	16,887	16,887	16,887
	13,882	13,882	13,882	13,882
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	1,302 0 8	1,178 0 10 10	1,541 0 14 14	1,574 0 13
F. Other Base Services (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Owned) (Leased)	8,124	7,915	8,000	8,287
	131	131	130	130
	46	48	47	47
	177	179	177	177
	435	430	430	425
	0	0	0	0
<pre>G. Other Personnel Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)</pre>	4,414	4,593	4,606	4,471
	108	94	94	72
	74	82	82	72
	182	176	176	166
	30,769	30,769	30,769	30,769
	16,887	16,887	16,887	16,887
	13,882	13,882	13,882	13,882

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BA	BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
H.		16,369	16,333	15,839	16,738
	Civilian Personnel E/S	252	269	269	269
	Facilities Supported (000 sq ft)	7,073	7,073	7,073	7,073
H		9,325	9,312	9,115	9,359
	Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S	0 0	78 0	0 %	0 %
		0 00	48	48	48
		87,749	83,949	84,916	85,060
	Heating (MBIU)	638,005	610,374	617,406	618,454
	Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals)	1,049,827	1,004,361	1,015,933	1,017,656
	Sewage & Waste Systems (000 gals)	738,565	706,580	714,720	715,933
	Air Conditioning and Refrigeration (Ton)	6,434	6,155	6,226	6,237
p.	J. Child and Youth Development Programs				
	Number of Child Development Centers (CDC)	m	m	က	က
	Number of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes Total Military Child Population	24	24	24	24
	(Infant to 12 years)	4,500	4,500	4,300	4,200
	Total Required Child Care Spaces	1,166	1,166	1,166	1,166
	Total Spaces CDC, FCC and School Age	419	530	549	268
	Percent Spaces in Relation to Required Spaces	35.9%	45%	478	49%
		2	2	2	2
	Total Military Youth Population				
	(Grades 1 to 12)	3,300	3,300	3,300	3,300
	Number of Youth Served	066	066	066	066

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration and Support Number of A&E Contracts	74	4	ហ	9
Planning and Design Funds (\$000)*	85	198	298	448
Military E/S	257	219	219	219
Total Personnel E/S	291	257	257	257
Number of Installations	2	7	2	7
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	5,127	0	0	0
B. Maintenance and Repair	41,133	44,623	40,122	42,360
Buildings (KSF)	6,407	6,407	6,407	6,407
Pavements (KSY)	3,836	3,836	3,836	3,836
	16,484	16,484	16,484	16,484
Other Facilities (KSF)	999	999	999	999
Railroad Trackage (KLF)	0	0	0	0
Recurring Maintenance	36,796	34,731	29,208	30,866
Major Repair	4,337	9,892	10,914	11,494
C. Minor Construction	2,101	1,130	2,795	2,883
Number of Projects	123	65	160	166

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Accession Training

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer	10,042 2,361	9,394	8,893	8,877	-501 -19	- 16 - 16
Enlisted	7,681	6,674	6,192	6,192	-482	0
Civilian End Strength (Total)	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
U.S. Direct Hire	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
Foreign National Direct Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Hire	3,063	3,096	3,122	3,073	26	-49
Foreign National Indirect Hire	0	0	0	О	0	0
Military Workyears (Total)	10,010	9,718	9,144	8,885	-574	-259
Officer	2,365	2,541	2,711	2,693	170	-18
Enlisted	7,645	7,178	6,433	6,192	-745	-241
Civilian Workvears (Total)	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	35	-10
U.S. Direct Hire	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	35	-10
Foreign National Direct Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct Hire	2,954	3,068	3,103	3,093	35	-10
Foreign National Indirect Hire	0	0	0	0	0	0

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

The Basic Skill and Advanced Training Group consists of six subactivities that provide for the operation training. Three of these subactivities can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request of the Army's training centers and schools that conduct training above the entry level and advanced level and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary.

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING - Funds provide for the Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) and mid-level promotion qualifying courses for officers and enlisted. Costs include civilian pay and benefits, trainee support, resident instruction, local preparation of training aids and training literature, procurement of supplies and equipment, and contractual service. Also included are temporary duty (travel and per diem) for staff and faculty trips and organizational clothing and equipment issued for use during the training period. Cost drivers are the number of students Military Occupational Speciality (MOS) qualified.

The variable costs in Flight Training are costs for aircraft POL, aircraft repair parts, depot level reparable parts, and the operation of the aviation school airfields and airfield equipment. Fixed, semi-fixed, and variable costs are charged to this activity Semi-fixed costs within certain predetermined ranges are not directly influenced by changes in instructor and determined by annual increases and decreases in aviator training workload requirements. Cost drivers are the group. Fixed costs related to minimum staffing levels, equipment and communications support, and contract FLIGHT TRAINING - Costs include those identified in Specialized Skill Training, and also has additional (USAAVNC) remains in operation. maintenance will be incurred as long as the U.S. Army Aviation Center support staffing, equipment, spare parts, and communication levels. number of qualified pilots graduated.

sponsored schools for which the Army has executive agent responsibility. Also provided are the tuition and fees for the Advanced Civil Schooling program and tuition, fees, and temporary duty (travel and per diem) for Army officers attending foreign military schools. The DOD schools include National Defense University colleges and institutions located at Fort McNair, Washington, DC (National War College, Industrial College of the Armed PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT EDUCATION - The funds provide for the operation and support of the Army War College, Command and General Staff College, the Army Sergeants Major Academy and Department of Defense Forces, Information Resources Management College, and Institute for National Strategic Studies). are the number of graduate workyears.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

training programs and materials. It funds the operations of Headquarters, U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) at Fort Monroe, Virginia. It resources all automation training support efforts throughout TRAINING SUPPORT - The funds provide for support costs of the training establishment and development of the various Army and joint schools, including managing course and student schedules and the equipment and software for computer based instruction. It provides Air Traffic Control Management Armywide for Army Aviation, control of aircraft on the ground and in airspace adjacent to the installation, and operation of navigational facilities.

Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Program (ECCPPP), Army Community Services, Child Development Services, Youth Services, base communications and visual information services at the Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) installations to support institutional training and serve as force projection platforms. BASIC SKILL AND ADVANCED TRAINING BASE SUPPORT - Provides funding support for installation post supply, maintenance of installation equipment, transportation services, laundry and dry cleaning services, dining facilities, personnel support, unaccompanied personnel housing furnishings, automated data processing, community and morale support, preservation of order, resource management, training and mobilization, contracting support, security and counter-intelligence operation, records management and publications operation of utilities systems, engineering support, management of the Army's Environmental Compliance, Cost drivers are the size of the installations in terms of military and civilian population and energy

property facility, and the addition or conversion of existing real property facility with projected costs between \$15,000 and \$300,000 at TRADOC installations to support institutional training and force projection railroads, grounds and utility systems repair projects, and the erection, installation or assembly of a new real REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - Provides funding for maintenance and repair of buildings, structures, roads, Cost drivers are square feet of facilities and number of projects. platforms.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Training, as well as Noncommissioned Officer Education System training that includes Basic Level and Advanced Level skills and knowledges. This training is conducted at Army training centers and schools identified at Arms and Services Staff School, Advanced Individual Training for soldiers after completion of Basic Combat Specialized Skill Training provides for the Officer Basic Course, Officer Advanced Course, Combined the Budget Activity level. Flight Training provides operation and support of the Aviation center (USAAVNC) at Fort Rucker, AL where the Army trains pilots on rotary and fixed wing aircraft.

College, Carlisle Barracks, PA; Command and General Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, KS; National Defense University's offerings at Fort McNair, Washington DC; and the Army Sergeants Major Academy at Fort Bliss, Professional Development Education provides for leader development institutional training at Army War

Training Support funds the training resources and temporary duty (travel and per diem) expenses for soldiers attending schooling at the Army's training centers and schools and individual training conducted at Active d Reserve Component units.

The Base Support programs supports installation opertions at the TRADOC installations.

The Real Property Maintenance program supports minor construction and maintenance of facilities at the TRADOC installations.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Request</u>	Appropriation	Current <u>Estimate</u>	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Specialized Skill Training 2. Flight Training 3. Brofostional	205,383	244,356 258,167	249,356 258,167	241,850 267,282	236,760 218,514	245,518 218,064
J. FIOTESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT Education 4. Training Support	69,167	87,296	87,296	87,368	68,981	80,830
5. Base Support 6. Civilian Pay Offset 7. DLA Rebate	929,863	1,062,203	1,029,203	1,076,783 -9,975 -25,000	1,160,360	1,183,509
Total	1,812,706	2,042,800	2,008,200	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change FY 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997
Baseline Funding Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	2,042,800	1,994,423	2,060,143
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-30,125	0	0
Price Change	9,975	56,789	57,261
Functional Transfer	9,640	-9,972	-3,906
Program Changes	-3,267	18,903	-10,793
Current Estimate	1,994,423	2,060,143	2,102,705

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

9,975 S to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored. nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate funding was Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary Civilian Pay Adjustment........

Total Price Growth......

S

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfer In:

20,000 S This funding was provided to offset repair backlogs engendered by general reductions to the Services' operation and maintenance accounts. appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

9,000 Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Helicopter Training, Israel). \$ appropriation to enable the execution of the Congressional adjustment. This funding realignment aids the establishment of the helicopter Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army training program in Israel.

Total Transfers In......

29,000

S

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

-3,351	-363	-3,128	-307	-8,000
nce, lities, vice, U.S.	v r	appro- tment.	appro-stment.	Personnel Housing (UPH) Support \$ peration and Maintenance, Army management of resources to support projects. This realignment cenance of base support funding
This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintena Army appropriation realigns Army maintenance and repair, uti and other engineering services (refuse, entomology, fire ser environmental compliance service, etc.) account funds to the Army Medical Command (MEDCOM) to maintain and repair medical treatment facilities at non-MEDCOM installations.	b. Base Operations Support for Defense Information School (DINFOS) Consolidation	c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	d. Realignment of Congressical Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead)	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Ar appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to UPH construction and renovation projects. This realignment consolidates operation and maintenance of base support fund associated with furnishing UPH.
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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

-4,211

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9,640

Program Increase:

Command Realignments.	E3 A02
The major reason for the command realignment increase of \$53.402	
and associated decrease of \$46,694 in this account reflects the	
correct distribution of the Base Operations support and Real Property	
Maintenance account. The FY 1995 President's Budget request for Base	
Operations Support of \$937,745 and Real Property Maintenance of	
\$124,458 were incorrect in the justification book due to an admini-	
strative error. The correct FY 1995 President's Budget request	
distribution for Base Operation Support was \$878,745 and for Real	
Property Maintenance was \$183,458.	

53,402

III. Financial Summary (O&M: S in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-9,975

-9,975	-46,694
a. Civilian Pay Offset	b. Command Realignments
ิณ	å

-56,669

FY 1995 Current Estimate.....

..... \$ 1,994,423

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth.....

S

115

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

a. Warrant Officer Candidate School Support..... \$ Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This transfer is in support of Warrant Officer Candidate School at the Warrant Officer Career Center, Fort Rucker, AL. This school provides initial entry training and leadership training to Warrant Officer Candidates of the Active and Reserve Components. These funds provide the reserve component support and are critical to filling Warrant Officer shortages in the U.S. Army Reserve.

reimbursement of incremental base support costs to host organizations. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency (DECA) (DECA to OMA).... \$ Transfers funding from the Defense Commissary Agency to the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation for <u>ب</u>

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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfer Out:

DoD Polygraph Institute to Defense Investigative Service \$ -1,600	-1,600
Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and	
Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Investigative Service (DIS).	
This action transfers the DoD Polygraph Institute's civilian spaces	
and associated funding to DIS.	

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:

-1,890		
a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization	regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the Continental United States (CONUS), 1 in Europe, 1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the 7 CONUS centers will be placed under the operation conterior of the Assistant	Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Aifalrs).

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	Maintenance, Army approp	in support of training	for contractor logistics	the Army.
b. Contractor Logistics Support (CLS)	Transfers funding within Operation and Maintenance, Army appropria-	tion to consolidate all contract dollars in support of training	devices/simulators. These contracts pay for contractor logistics	support of all devices/simulators across the Army.
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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:

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Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) Automation \$ -1,674	-1,674
Transfers funding for ROTC Automation within Operation and	
Maintenance, Army (OMA) appropriation, Budget Activity 3 (Training	
and Recruiting) from Budget Activity Group 32 (Basic Skill and	
Advanced Training) to Budget Activity 31 (Accession Training). This	
transfer realigns funding from Training Support to Senior Reserve	
Officer Training Corps (ROTC). This consolidates all ROTC funding	
(less Advertising) into a single Activity Group.	

-9,972

S

..... \$ -11,248

Total Functional Program Transfers......

Total Transfers Out

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

3. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- \$925,016).. \$ compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:
- 8,590 Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: \$103,058)............ \$
 These resources provide for management and technical support of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of natural and cultural resources and technical support. The additional and State laws including those for storm water programs; non-paint source pollution controls; and compliance with Executive Order 12856 funding is needed to ensure compliance with standards set by Federal actions; personnel training; environmental assessments of all USMA installations. Funds support corrective procedures and remedial Achievement Programs at United States Military Academy (USMA) b. Environmental Compliance (FY 1995 Base: for Pollution Prevention.
- 35,580 c. Base Operations Support (FY 1995 Base: \$750,009)....... \$
 This increase returns the Army to the levels necessary to sustain Care Center programs. The increased funding for these programs will improve the living and working environment for soldiers, families, and support training and readiness, and to operate and maintain the (QOL) programs to include Morale, Welfare, and Recreation and Child and civilians and, in turn, further contribute to Army readiness. Program increases include enhancements to Army's Quality of Life physical plant, particularly power projection installations.

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

61,056 to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's enlisted barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g., heating electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines). Included is "bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the "Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions in our barracks. decreases the backlog of maintenance and repair (BMAR) and improves Funding further supports an increase for readiness repair projects bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and consistent funding that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges, railroads, the soldier's quality of life. Total Program Increase......

108,839

S

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

\$ -2,39		m		m		ch:	.80
In FY 1996, classroom training workload decreases by 219 training	loads and is attributable to course length reductions and elimina- tions. Although the accession mission increased from 70 thousand	in FY 1995 to 85.2 thousand in FY 1996, which added new requirements	for Advanced Individual Training (AIT) seats, the Army offset the	increased accession mission requirements with other actions reducing	the requirement for Specialized Skill course seats. A redesign of	125 training courses eliminated training seats, and AIT course length	was reduced by 10 percent which impacts on training load calculations.
:							

-3,941

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued)

279 915	CT (1) 2 A					
c. Credit Rate Changes	Decrease required to compensate for change in Army Credit Return	Policy. Supply Management, Army will increase the average credit	return from \$.49/\$1.00 in FY 1995 to \$.57/\$1.00 in FY 1996 for all	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation retail customer	creditable returns. The credit rate change is primarily due to	lower wholesale level repair costs in FY 1996.

\$ -13,083				
d. Equipment Transition \$ -13,083	Reduction is due to a transition to a new lower cost training	helicopter (TH67 from UH-1), and a decrease in operating cost of	the current trainer (UH-2). Projected flying hours are	based on reduced student load.

-20,492
f. Professional Development Training (FY 1995 Base: \$87,034) \$ -20,492 The primary reason for the reduction from FY 1995 to FY 1996 is the completion of Eisenhower Hall at Fort Leavenworth that required one-time OMA funding. This funding pays to furnish the building and to transfer personnel and office equipment into the new facility at Fort Leavenworth. Relief from this requirement accounts for a decrease of \$15,123 in the training account. Other reductions are commensurate with a downsizing force and future DoD and Army requirements. Army Senior Service Colleges have begun to reorganize internal operations for mission success with less resources. Army Leader Development Programs continue with a redesign strategy that will accomplish savings while maintaining quality leader development.

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases (Continued)

	-89,936	,060,143
	S.	\$
-11,108		
g. Training Support (FY 1995 Base: \$354,322)\$ -11,108 As part of the overall plan to restructure the Force based on the changing world situation and the reduced resource levels, the Army's force structure has been reduced, both military and civilian end strength have declined. The Continental United States (CONUS) Commands continue to downsize and merge organizations to support an overall smaller force. In keeping with these reductions, personnel and supporting dollar resources for training support have been reduced.	Total Program Decreases	FY 1996 Budget Request \$ 2,060,143

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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Price Growth:

57,261

-3,906

Intra Appropriation Transfer Out

Civilian Personnel Regionalization
This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance,
Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian
personnel functions that do not require fact-to-fact interaction
between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative
commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10
regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be
located within the Continental United States (CONUS), 1 in Europe,
1 in Korea, and 1 in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders
will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the 7 CONUS
centers will be placed under the operation control of the Assistant
Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs)

	-3,906
Total Transfer Out \$ -3,906	Total Functional Program Transfers \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

\$ 2,028			
a. Specialized Training (FY 1996 Base: \$236,760)	In FY 1997, classroom training workload increases by 937 loads.	This is attributable to a continued increase in the accession	mission from FY 1996 to FY 1997 (85.2 thousand to 96.3 thousand).

9,851					
b. Professional Development Training (FY 1996 Base: \$68,981) \$ 9,851	In FY 1997, the increase for professional development is required	to renovate two buildings that house the Industrial College of the	Armed forces (ICAF) and the National War College (NWC). These	renovations have been postponed several times but are critical for	the National Defense University to meet its mission.
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20,920 *V* Total Program Increases.........

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

Increases and Decreases: Reconciliation: ပ

Program Decreases:

, \$ -5,847 se	. \$ -8,990	. \$ -6,528	\$ -10,348	-31,713	\$ 2,102,705
a. Flight Training Reduction Student Load (FY 1996 Base: \$218,514) \$ Reduction in Flight Training is a result of a direct load decrease of 44 in from FY 1996 to FY 1997.	b. Training Support (FY 1996 Base: \$375,528) \$ This decrease results from constrained resources in FY 1997.	c. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1996 Base: \$259,353)	 d. Environmental Compliance (FY 1996 Base: \$114,762)\$ -10,348 Reduction reflects completion of projects for solid waste management and remediation of leaking underground storage tanks required by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. 	Total Program Decreases	FY 1997 Budget Request
त्त	д	Ö	で		1997
					FY

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

SPECIALIZED SKILL TRAINING

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training	120.877	112.883	20,617	125,645	118,497	21,869
Army Reserve	16,752	17,181	•	23,599	22,266	3,960
Army National Guard	19,357	19,936		25,746	24,372	4,752
	24,841	23,664	2,610	37,884	36,666	3,356
Total Direct	181,827	173,664	. 4	212,874	201,801	33,937
Other (Non-US)	3,262	3,550		6,047	5,444	1,127
TOTAL	185,089	177,214	30,035	218,921	207,245	35,064
Warrant Ofcr Candidate School	1,051	973	121	2,038	1,913	172
		70 1096			FV 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training	102 24E			130 550	122,516	066.66
ACCIVE ALINY	C#0107T		¥	26,133	010177	0100
Army Reserve	700107			26,132	24,003	2000
Army National Guard	25, 745	25,513	4,652	20,031	20,000	010
Other	32,098		•	20,040	101 100	37,65
Total Direct	201,650	7007	33, 118	212,190	101,202	0.50
Other (Non-US)	4,470	4,647	955	4,421	4,386	910
TOTAL	212,120	204,916	34,673	217,211	206,553	35,565
Warrant Ofcr Candidate School	2,233	2,077	185	2,223	2,097	187

⁻⁻Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training Active Armv	5, 152	4.789	1.384	7, 384	6.220	1,645
rmy Reserve	1,546	1,621	505	1,682	1,479	482
rmy National Guard	1,191	1,268	350	1,727	1,458	423
Other	166	194	63	206	200	69
Total Direct	ά	7,872	2,302	8,999	9,357	2,619
ther (Non-US)		329	84	069	548	176
Initial Skill (Ofcr) Total	al 8,328	8,201	2,386	689 6	9,905	2,795
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	5,298	5,250	1,474	5,294	5,173	1,464
rmy Reserve	1,268	1,447	393	1,247	1,224	355
Army National Guard	1,421	1,583	374	1,379	1,371	332
Other	201		89	202	198	69
Total Direct	8,188	8,481	2,309	8,122	7,966	2,220
Other (Non-US)	555		165	555	543	157
Initial Skill (Ofcr) Total	al 8,743	9,059	2,474	8,677	8,509	2,377

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

WORKLOAD	8,982 2,621 3,174 452 5,229	15,506	WORKLOAD	10,443 2,576 3,401 381 16,801	16,999
FY 1995 OUTPUT	36,076 13,033 14,345 2,090 65,544	66,428 FY 1997	OUTPUT	47,167 14,064 16,620 1,807 79,658	80,345
INPUT	38,891 13,752 14,945 2,299 69,887	70,806	INPUT	49,413 14,307 16,852 1,694 82,266	82,947
WORKLOAD	8,484 1,741 2,328 362 12,915	13,082	WORKLOAD	9,781 2,528 3,353 495 16,157	16,372
FY 1994 OUTPUT	35,882 9,293 11,085 1,832 58,092	58,604 FY 1996	OUTPUT	43,777 13,932 16,227 2,354 76,290	77,025
INPUT	37,299 8,731 10,541 1,765 58,336	58,816	INPUT	45,449 13,899 16,506 2,367 78,221	78,930
		Total			Total
	Specialized Training Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct	Initial Skill (Enl)		Specialized Training Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct Other (Non-US)	Initial Skill (Enl)

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

FI TOOK		ri 1770	
INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
41,770 37,308 4,101	45,210	41,595	4,431
	3,626	3,428	368
3,533	3,240	3,037	299
14,926	24,814	24,171	1,668
	76,890	72,231	6,766
1,619	2,752	2,508	234
66,808 61,808 6,071	79,642	74,739	7,000
FY 1996		FY 1997	
INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
40,190 36,548 4,265	40,546	36,615	4,390
4,994	5,956	4,975	425
2,580 2,470 282	2,618	2,473	284
23,731 1,	22,274	21,639	1,682
67,743	71,394	65,702	6,781
1,916	1,822	1,795	167
74,924 69,659 6,832	73,216	67,497	6,948
69,659		73,216	

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY LYYS	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training	7.649	7.499	1,803	8,481	7,940	1,995
rmv Reserve	1,140	1,068		1,679	1,645	136
Army National Guard	1,664	1,686	287	2,536	2,341	381
ther	100	122		177	176	55
Total Direct	10,553	10,375	2,2	12,873	12,102	2,567
Skill Progression (Ofer)						
Total	11,214	11,150	2,425	14,084	13,179	2,886
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	8,414	8,281	2,051	8,250	8,225	2,040
Army Reserve	1,739	1,792	132	1,725	1,730	127
Army National Guard	2,322	2,348	390	2,316	2,298	382
Other	191	180	57	180	181	62
Total Direct	12,666	12,601	2,630	12,471	12,434	2,611
Other (Non-US)	996	1,004	293	961	961	276
Skill Progression (Ofcr)						
Total	13,632	13,605	2,923	13,432	13,395	2,887

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	27,030	25,445	4,577	25,126	24,125	4,474
Army Reserve	647	620	82	2,049	1,877	320
Army National Guard	1,837	1,818	292	2,495	2,393	408
Other	6,331	5,499	687	9,238	8,939	1,067
Total Direct	35,845	33,382	5,641	38,908	37,334	6,269
Other (Non-US)	293	315	72	475	427	121
Skill Progression (Enl)			,			
Total	36,138	33,697	5,713	39,383	37,761	6,390
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	TUPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Specialized Training						
Active Army	21,515		3,951	24,575	22,896	4,243
Army Reserve	1,876		308	1,817	1,806	299
Army National Guard	2,349		404	2,320	2,270	397
Other	4,710		818	4,847	4,516	820
Total Direct	30,450	30,251	5,481	33,559	31,488	5,759
Other (Non-US)	407	414	114	402	400	112
Skill Progression (Enl)		1				
Total	30,857	30,665	5,595	33,961	31,888	5,871

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	2,227	2,263	524	2,144	2,067	495
Army Reserve	97	104	22	174	162	38
Army National Guard	425	312	105	370	396	84
Other	æ	9	П	99	55	15
Total Direct	2,757	2,685	652	2,754	2,680	632
Other (Non-US)	89	16	24	170	129	52
Undergraduate Pilot Total	2,846	2,782	919	2,924	2,809	684
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	2,025	2,057	481	1,995	2,005	410
Army Reserve	138	149	33	108	109	25
Army National Guard	441	423	102	441	441	103
Other	204	191	26	190	187	26
Total Direct	2,808	2,820	642	2,734	2,742	624
Other (Non-US)	157	163	44	157	129	37
Undergraduate Pilot Total	2,965	2,983	989	2,891	2,871	661

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year - Active Army.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	258	261	30	309	311	32
Army Reserve	42	36	4	23	31	Н
Army National Guard	94	101	14	118	115	11
Other	13	7	-1	0	9	0
Total Direct	407	405	49	450	463	44
Other (Non-US)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Adv Flight Ing-FW Total	407	405	49	450	463	44
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	204	212	25	200	199	23
Army Reserve	31	31	15	29	29	0
Army National Guard	16	89	0	84	88	15
Other	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Direct	332	332	40	313	317	38
Other (Non-US)	0	0	0	0	0	0
Adv Flight Ing-FW Total	332	332	40	313	317	38

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year - Active Army.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

1,142 1,067 191 1,483 1,394 1,142 1,067 191 1,483 1,394 1,349 1,704 296 2,064 2,077 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,228 208 1,285 2,87 1,349 1,228 208 1,285 2,87 1,349 1,284 292 1,763 1,622 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185 1,148		i	FY 1994			FY 1995	
1,142 1,067 191 1,483 1,394 133 140 21 58 81 1412 387 61 436 507 127 110 23 87 95 15814 1,704 296 2,064 2,077 2,95 2,67 41 2,523 2,527 1,814 1,704 296 2,354 354 2,077 1,814 1,704 296 2,331 2,185 1,814 1,784 292 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 1,349 1,284 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 1,622 1,763 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 2,185 1,149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 2,185 1,149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 2,185 1,149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 2,131 2,185 1,149 1,284 1,784 2,331 2,185 1,149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,622 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,623 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,763 1,764 1,784 1,784 1,784 1,784 1,784 1		INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
d 412 387 61 436 507 127 110 23 87 95 507 87 61 87 95 507 127 110 23 87 95 2,064 2,077 459 450 450 450 450 1,971 337 2,523 2,527	stive Army	1,142	1,067	191	1,483	1,394	234
d 412 387 61 436 507 127 110 23 87 95 2,064 2,077 295 267 41 459 450 Total 2,109 1,971 337 2,523 2,527 INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD INPUT OUTPUT 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 61 61 6 6 6 43 43 43 433 331 344 47 292 1,763 1,622 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 2,174 1,784 292 568 563 Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	rmv Beserve	133	140	21	58	81	6
Total 2,167 110 23 87 95 1,814 1,704 296 2,064 2,077 295 267 41 459 450 Total 2,109 1,971 337 2,523 2,527 INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD INPUT OUTPUT 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 61 61 6 6 6 43 43 43 6331 344 47 292 1,763 1,622 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 295 2,174 1,784 292 568 563 Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	rmy National Guard	412	387	61	436	507	68
rect 1,814 1,704 296 2,064 2,077 S) Eng-RW Total 2,109 1,971 337 2,523 2,527 FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 61 61 6 6 6 43 43 43 151 31 154 149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 5) Eng-RW Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	ther	127	110	23	87	95	18
S	Total Direct	1,814	1,704	296	2,064	2,077	329
Eng-RW Total 2,109 1,971 337 2,523 2,527 Input FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT OUTPUT 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 61 61 6 6 43 43 1 Guard 331 344 47 285 287 433 151 31 1,763 1,622 5) 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 5) 2,174 1,784 292 568 563 50 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	ther (Non-US)	295	267	41	459	450	62
TNPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD INPUT OUTPUT 1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 43 43 43 43 43 43 43		2,109	1,971	337	2,523	2,527	391
INPUT OUTPUT WORKLOAD INPUT OUTPUT INPUT OUTPUT International In			FY 1996			FY 1997	
1,349 1,228 208 1,281 1,143 61 61 6 63 331 344 47 285 287 43 433 151 31 154 149 rect 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 5) 295 570 62 568 563 Inq-RW Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185		INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
l Guard 61 6 43 43 1 Guard 331 344 47 285 287 433 151 31 154 149 rect 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 5) Ing-RW Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	ortice Army	1,349	1,228	208	1,281	1,143	197
l Guard 331 344 47 285 287 433 151 31 154 149 149 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 5) 570 62 568 563 179-RW Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	rmy Dogoryo	61	61	9	43	43	7
2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 295 570 62 568 563 563 Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	rmy National Guard	331	344	47	285	287	39
ct 2,174 1,784 292 1,763 1,622 295 570 62 568 563 19784 20185	The rectoiner cannot the party of the party	433	151	31	154	149	28
G-RW Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	HOTAL Direct	2.174	1.784	292	1,763	1,622	268
Total 2,469 2,354 354 2,331 2,185	ther (Non-US)	295	570	62	268	563	62
	_	2,469	2,354	354	2,331	2,185	330

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Flying Hours (Hours in 000's)	FY 1994	FY 1995	<u>FY 1996</u>	FY 1997
Undergraduate Pilot Training	194.7	161.9	144.9	137.9
Other Flying Hours	78.5	0.08	79.5	86.4

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

Active Army Active Army Army Reserve Army National Guard Other Total Direct Army War College Total Active Army A	FY 1994		FY 1995	
644 488 209 171 183 155 136 112 1,172 926 36 34 34 tive transport of the second of th	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
209 171 183 155 136 112 1,172 926 36 34 34 1,208 960 FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT 635 633 245 245 220 176 180 1,276 1,278		633	628	169
183 155 136 112 1,172 926 36 34 1,208 960 FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT 635 633 245 245 220 176 1,278 40 36		245	241	20
1,172 926 34 36 34 36 34 36 34 37 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960 38 960		220	218	23
1,172 926 34 34 35 36 1,208 960 1NPUT OUTPUT 635 633 245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36		180	173	53
36 34 1,208 960 INPUT OUTPUT 635 633 245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36		1,278	1,260	265
1,208 960 FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT 635 633 245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278		36	36	30
FY 1996 INPUT OUTPUT 635 245 220 220 176 176 1,276 40 36		1,314	1,296	295
635 633 245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36	966		FY 1997	
635 633 245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
245 245 220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36		635	633	171
220 220 176 180 1,276 1,278 40 36		245	245	21
1,276 1,278 40 36		220	220	23
1,276 1,278 40 36		176	176	52
40 36	278	1,276	1,274	267
	36	40	40	33
Army War College Total 1,316 1,314 296		1,316	1,314	300

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

OUTPUT WORKLOAD IN	INPUT OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
266 88	293 285	06
9		
15 5	22 22	ı m
350 395	,074 2,018	397
16 16		
2,366 411	2,106 2,044	421
FY 1996	FY 1997	76
OUTPUT WORKLOAD	INPUT OUTPUT	r WORKLOAD
298 93	298 298	693
82 5		
22 3		4
314	1,7	319
2,012 415		
440		446
2,044 440	8	2,166 2,167

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

		FY 1994			FY 1995	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	833	818	667	768	833	647
Army Reserve	46	46	19	32	32	14
Army National Guard	44	44	19	32	32	14
Other	160	160	130	128	160	116
Total Direct	1,083	1,068	835	096	1,057	191
Other (Non-US)	92	95	75	06	92	74
Command & Gen Staff Total	1,175	1,163	910	1,050	1,149	865
		FY 1996	٦		FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	768	768	621	768	768	621
Army Reserve	32	32	14	32	32	14
Army National Guard	32	32	14	32	32	14
Other	128	128	103	128	128	103
Total Direct	096	960	752	096	096	752
Other (Non-US)	06	06	73	06	06	73
Command & Gen Staff Total	1,050	1,050	825	1,050	1,050	825

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

⁻⁻ Includes Command and General Staff college and does not include any other Professional Development courses at Fort Leavenworth.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT DEVELOPMENT

Active Army Army Reserve						
Active Army Army Reserve	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Army Reserve	733	766	330	099	620	513
	79	69	33	09	58	47
Army National Guard	65	53	26	09	09	48
Other	31	26	12	31	48	32
Total Direct	806	914	401	811	786	635
Other (Non-US)	æ	17	ហ	25	16	16
Sergeants Major Acdmy Total	916	931	406	836	802	655
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD	INPUT	OUTPUT	WORKLOAD
Active Army	009	314	366	009	571	469
Army Reserve	20	29	32	20	48	39
Army National Guard	20	29	32	20	48	39
Other	20	15	14	20	20	16
Total Direct	720	387	444	720	687	563
Other (Non-US)	15	12	11	15	15	12
Sergeants Major Acdmy Total	735	399	455	735	702	575

⁻⁻ Workload is the equivalent of student/trainee workyears for a fifty-week fiscal year.

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⁻⁻ Includes Sergeants Major course only, not all courses at the Academy which fall into this account.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Title	Actuals	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
a dania interaction (\$000)	133,903	149,252	156,714	164,549
A: Demilitaria Caroli (4000)	2,234	1,670	1,633	1,628
Ciwilian Dersonnel E/S	2,208	2,301	2,201	2,215
Total Dergonnel E/S	4,442	3,971	3,834	3,843
Number of Rages Total	17	17	16	16
	17	17	16	16
DONOS) A FETTO COMMOS (COMMOS)	457,376	434,507	412,782	388,015
FOURTH SOUTH SOU	300,133	285,126	270,870	254,618
(Civilian, E/S)	157,243	149,381	141,912	133,397
R. Retail Supply Operations (\$000)	76,229	73,721	76,051	77,092
Military Dergonnel E/S	160	29	65	65
Charles Dergonnel R/S	1,629	1,752	1,415	1,346
Total Personnel E/S	1,789	1,819	1,480	1,411
•	A 783	12.071	8.821	8,617
C. Bachelor Housing Ops./rurn. (2000)	, «	7	7	7
Military E/S	68	96	87	85
TATITUD DOSECTION DIA	16	105	94	92
No of Officer Charters	10,665	10,735	10,319	10,319
No. of Enlisted Quarters	151,597	153,756	150,843	150,843

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

<u>Title</u>	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
D. Other Morale, Welfare and Recreation (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S)	22,202 67 530 597 457,376 300,133	19,658 8 8 558 556 434,507 285,126	20,477 8 495 503 412,782 270,870	20,583 8 497 505 388,015 254,618
E. Maintenance of Installation Equipment (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S	36,167 36,167 31 543 574	31,405 31,405 27 482 509	141,912 32,460 395 395 419	33,460 33,460 24 346 370
F. Other Base Services (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Number of Motor Vehicles, Total (Cwned) (Leased)	67,868 1,899 990 2,889 8,100 300 7,800	70,236 1,662 1,155 2,817 5,875 5,600	72,866 1,586 1,586 2,571 5,700 5,500	74,263 1,586 974 2,560 5,700 5,500
<pre>G. Other Personnel Support (\$000) Military E/S Civilian E/S Total Personnel E/S Population Served, Total E/S (Military, E/S) (Civilian, E/S)</pre>	120,103 1,913 1,463 3,376 457,376 300,133 157,243	122,797 1,600 1,546 3,146 434,507 285,126 149,381	128,085 1,560 1,439 2,999 412,782 270,870 141,912	129,044 1,560 1,333 2,893 388,015 254,618 133,397

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

FY 1995 FY 1996 FY 1997 Actuals Estimate Estimate Estimate	GSA (\$000) vel User Charges (\$000) vel User Charges (\$000) ace (000 sq ft) Reimbursements (\$000) ease Payments ace (000 sq ft) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	recring Support (\$000) 96,450 98,076 101,328 103,495 recring E/S 101,328 103,495 99 10,355 10,649 1,389 1,215 1,501 1,750 1,488 1,314 117,378 112,298 106,550 106,617	f Utilities (\$000) rsonnel E/S rsonnel E/S sonnel E/S sonnel E/S location
<u>Title</u> BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT	H. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User Charges (\$000 Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000) One-time Reimbursements (\$000) Non-GSA Lease Payments Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements One-Time Reimbursements	I. Other Engineering Support (\$000 Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Facilities Supported (000 sq ft	J. Operation of Utilities (\$000) Military Personnel E/S Civilian Personnel E/S Total Personnel E/S Electricity (MWH) Heating (MBTU) Water, Plants & Systems (000 gals) Sewage & Waste Systems (ong gals) six Conditioning and Definious

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
K. Child and Youth Development Programs				
Number of Child Development Centers (CDC)	41	41	41	41
Number of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes	898	898	898	898
Total Military Child Population				
(Infant to 12 years)	103,200	103,200	98,900	97,500
Total Required Child Care Spaces	26,853	26,853	26,853	26,853
Total Spaces CDC, FCC and School Age	12,903	15,028	15,564	16,100
Percent Spaces in Relation to Required Spaces	48.1%	568	58%	809
Number of Youth Facilities	23	23	23	23
Total Military Youth Population				
(Grades 1 to 12)	75,800	75,800	75,800	75,800
Number of Youth Served	22,740	22,740	22,740	22,740

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Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Title	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE				
A. Administration and Support Number of AGE Contracts	20	39	45	53
Planning and Design Funds (\$000)*	471	978	1,115	1,048
Civilian E/S	2,198	1,266	1,147	1,142
Total Personnel E/S	2,200	1,268	1,149	1,144
Number of Installations	17	17	16	16
Backlog of Maintenance and Repair	570,942	685,417	806,222	897,307
B. Maintenance and Repair	127,075	179,070	241,353	240,735
Buildings (KSF)	112,882	107,952	102,416	102,491
Davements (KSY)	110,527	111,038	109,384	109,384
Land (AC)	1,985,244	1,985,636	1,983,135	1,983,135
Other Facilities (KSF)	4,496	4,346	4,134	4,126
Railroad Trackade (KLF)	797	813	813	813
Recurring Maintenance	103,512	130,183	144,812	144,441
Major Repair	23,563	48,887	96,541	96,294
G. Winor Construction	10,557	13,601	18,000	19,531
Number of Projects	1,125	1,448	1,883	2,084

^{*} MEMO ENTRY -- Dollars included in Maintenance and Repair

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Basic Skill and Advanced Training

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	27,961 4,528 23,433	27,286 4,758 22,528	24,042 4,300 19,742	24,044 4,305 19,739	-3,244 -458 -2,786	ឧសម
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire	20,830 20,828 20,828	19,952 19,944 0 19,944	18,106 18,098 0 18,098	16,527 16,519 0 16,519	-1,846 -1,846 -1,846	-1,579 -1,579 0 -1,579
Foreign National indirect Hire Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	29,167 4,679 24,489	27,624 4,643 22,981	25,664 4,529 21,135	24,043 4,303 19,741	0 -1,960 -114 -1,846	0 -1,621 -227 -1,395
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	20,087 20,087 20,087	19,463 19,452 0 19,452	18,843 18,835 0 18,835	17,235 17,227 0 17,227	-620 -617 0 -617 -3	-1,608 -1,608 -1,608

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I. Description of Operations Financed:

(VEAP), each subactivity can be related to cost drivers that correlate to the budget request and are displayed in Section IV, Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary. represent the Army's ability to recruit and educate the Army's force, both military and civilian, and provide citizenship education to America's youth. With the exception of the Veterans Educational Assistance Program The Recruiting, and Other Training and Education Activity Group consists of six subactivities that

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING - Recruiting is a key component of the Army's imperative to maintain the highest Quality requirements in the By placing a special emphasis on the high school senior recruited. Cost drivers are the number of recruit quality force possible. This request provides funding to recruit sufficient manpower to sustain the Active Army and to manage the U.S. Army Reserve (USAR) recruiting and retention program. (USAR recruiting support recruits with the particular qualifications needed to operate the Army's modern, technologically advanced rapidly diminishing market of eligibles necessitate innovative marketing methods to attract and access costs are provided in the Operation and Maintenance Army Reserve Appropriation.) and graduate market, readily trainable prospects are recruited. weaponry, telecommunications systems, and equipment.

communicating reasons for enlistment to young people and those adults (e.g., family members, school officials, etc.) who may influence their decisions. The display of opportunities for personal growth in challenging Cost drivers are the situations and the offer of help in pursuing long range occupational and educational goals through technical Requested advertising finances the use of mass media advertising and publicity for persuasively training and money for college provides the strongest motivation to our best prospects. number of media contracts.

Cost drivers are the number of at approximately 800 Mobile Examining Team sites, and in both CONUS and OCONUS schools by MEPS and Office of operation of the United States Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM). This Joint Service Command aptitudinally and medically qualifies and administratively processes individuals for the Armed Services, enlisting applicants during peacetime and inducting registrants conscripted through the Selective Service System (SSS) during mobilization. Testing is conducted in the Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS), Personnel Management personnel. Requested funding also supports the Joint Computer Center (JCC), which is shared with the SSS (and will be used by the SSS if the draft is reactivated). Cost drivers are the number EXAMINING - The Army, as DOD Executive Agent, provides funding and personnel resources to support the accessions for all Services.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

Educational Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer authorized in Basic VEAP. Also included in voluntary education is the loan repayment program which offers repayment of certain federally insured loans for individuals enlisting for this option. Repayment of federally insured loans is authorized by Public Law System (ACES) which is an integrated system of self-development education providing programs and services that Effective 1 July 1985, because of the new All Volunteer soldier in making informed career decisions by providing information regarding unemployment rates, education benefits earned, and reserve component opportunities and benefits. Also included is the Veterans Educational Assistance Program (VEAP), as authorized by Public Law 94-502 and Public Law 96-342, which provides funds to support contract obligations for educational incentives from 1 January 1977 through 30 June 1985. Basic VEAP replaced the Vietnam Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. All Service members, regardless of rank, who signed contracts 1 January 1977 through 30 June 1985, are eligible to participate in Basic VEAP. Service Cost drivers for ACES are skills and prepare themselves for future assignments. This program resources the Army Continuing Education OFF-DUTY AND VOLUNTARY EDUCATION - These funds provide military members an opportunity to improve their support the Army readiness, recruitment and retention, maximize job proficiency, and provide personal and professional development of the soldier. ACES also provides Veterans' benefits counseling which aids the 99-145 and repayment of state sponsored loans is authorized by Public Law 103-335. member contributions must be matched 2:1 by the Army. the number of active soldier students.

encompasses functionally designed and developed training in universities, training-with-industry, developmental positions. Training is performed at military installations, training centers, colleges and universities, and civilian contract facilities. Included are the Army Intern Program, Competitive Professional Training, Senior specialized occupations that are not available through normal labor market sources. Interns, normally hired at necessary to achieve optimum performance of their mission assignments. Civilians, like military members, must the GS 5/7 level, undergo an intensive, structured 18-36 month program. Competitive Professional Training Service Schools and Fellowships and Leader Development. The intern program provides placement into highly Cost drivers are the number of be prepared to meet the challenges of their assignments as they progress into more complex and demanding assignments, and training courses. Senior Service Schools, Fellowships and Leader Development supports CIVILIAN TRAINING AND EDUCATION - The funds ensure that Army civilian employees receive the training training for executive and managerial leadership positions with the Army. interns and training loads.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

JUNIOR RESERVE OFFICER TRAINING CORPS (JROTC) - JROTC is a public service program available to high school students. This program fosters good citizenship, patriotism, and leadership skills for this valuable potential pool of military applicants. This program supported 856 JROTC units in FY 1992, and will grow to approximately Cost drivers are the number of units. 1,400 by FY 1997.

BASE SUPPORT - Funds the costs associated with maintaining the leased recruiting stations for all Services, Cost drivers are the military and civilian population of the organizations and the number and square feet of leased facilities. The Army is Executive Agent for all Services' recruiting facilities and USMEPCOM. leased Military Entrance Processing Stations, communications and audiovisual for the United States Army Recruiting Command, and the United States Military Entrance Processing Command (USMEPCOM), and its stations.

II. Force Structure Summary:

Executive Agent supports 65 company-sized Military Entrance Processing Stations (MEPS). The recruiting stations and MEPS are geographically dispersed throughout the Continental United States, Hawaii, Alaska and Puerto Rico. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps (JROTC) will support 1,400 units in FY 1997 at various high Recruiting and other Training and Education supports approximately 1,400 recruiting stations. The Army as

System (ACTEDS); Army Continuing Education System (ACES); and Veterans Education Assistance Program (VEAP). Other general personnel activities funded include the Army Civilian Training, Education and Development

Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u>
Activity Group: <u>Recruiting</u>, Other Training and Education

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

			FY 1995			
A. Sub-Activity Group:	FY 1994 Actuals	Budget <u>Reguest</u>	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
1. Recruiting and Advertising	159,143	159,959	192,959	197,888	211,375	216,589
2. Examining	63,915	66,133	66,133	61,321	64,333	67,071
5. OII Ducy and Voluntary Education	113,142	110,633	110,633	101,494	103,812	104,153
4. Civilian Education & Training 85,091	ig 85,091	92,000	88,200	86,098	81,108	81,897
5. Junior ROTC	56,806	65,387	65,387	68,276	74,506	75,472
6. Base Operations	159,715	155,075	154,675	151,043	156,020	165,578
7. Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-2,056	0	
Total	637,812	649,187	677,987	664,064	691,154	710,760

B. Reconciliation Summary:

	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	Change <u>FY 1995/FY 1996</u>	Change <u>FY 1996/FY 1997</u>
Baseline Funding	649,187	664,064	691,154
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	28,800	0	0
Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-11,641	0	0
Price Change	2,056	17,475	19,990
Functional Transfer	-1,862	63	0
Program Changes	-2,476	9,552	-384
Current Estimate	664,064	691,154	710,760

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

649,187		28,800	677,987								-11,641
S			\$		-602	881	-5,766	641	-5,045	-1,750	
FY 1995 President's Budget Request	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the Congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	a. GSA Rental Payments\$	b. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise (Fully Funds 2.0% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$	c. Civilian Personnel Understrength \$	d. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive) \$	e. Contractor and Consulting Services \$	f. Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	Total Congressional Adiustments (Undistributed)

III. Financial Summary (O&M: S in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be restored. Because inadequate funding was Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Civilian Pay Adjustment......

Total Price Growth.....

2,056

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfer In:

67 £ initiative will allow the Army to work out customer-provider relation-This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army develop proper billing processes and financial reporting procedures. appropriation properly reflects the funding required to support the ships, identify all costs associated with delivering services, and testing of the White Hat Shop Smart Initiative. The Shop Smart Fort Campbell Transfer.....

S.

67

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

-1,861	-68	\$ -1,929	<i>v</i>
a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications Infrastructure)	b. Realignment of Congressioal Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and Administrative Overhead)	Total Transfers Out \$	Total Functional Program Transfers

-1,862

Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increase:

11,472		-2,056 Y	\$ -11,892 jet in	
Command Realignments	Program Decreases:	a. Civilian Pay Offset	b. Command Realignments	Total Program Decreases

11,472

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-13,948 664,064

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III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

Total Price Growth		17,475
Functional Program Transfers:		
Inter Appropriation Transfer In:		
Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency	n	
Total Transfer In	\$ 63	
Total Functional Program Transfer	\$	63

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- 762 S \$186,684).. This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay a. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base:
- 8,872 \$64,706).....\$ and women. Therefore, this advertising increase is essential if the There is Army is to increase propensity and recruit the necessary number of more competition, due to a growing economy, for quality young men The Army's recruiting mission increases 18% between FY 1995 and high quality young men and women that will enable us to maintain FY 1996 and an additional 12% between FY 1996 and FY 1997. b. Advertising (FY 1995 Base: readiness.
- 4,874 S The expansion initiative increases the total number of Army JROTC units from 1,382 in FY 1995 to 1,400 in FY 1996. The increase provides for full school year instructor salaries and other academic \$68,254). tools for units starting in September 1995, as well as paying 100% instructor salaries for economically and educationally deprived Junior Reserve Officer Training Expansion (FY 1995 Base: ບ

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases (Continued):

2,428
d. Examining (FY 1995 Base: \$60,828)\$ Military Entrace Processing Command (MEPCOM) is responsible for processing applicants for all Armed Services. These increases reflect the growing operational costs which will be incurred as a direct result of larger Armed Services accession missions. The Armed Services are reaching their draw-down end strengths between FY 1996 and FY 1997. As a result, Armed Services accession missions increase to maintain a steady state forces which requires MEPCOM to increase applicant processing by approximately 15 percent.
·O

Total Program Increases...... \$

17,330

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

-217			
a. Recruiting Support (FY 1995 Base: \$132,617) \$	ine decrease from FY 1995 is due to minor program efficiencies	incurred as costs for the additional recruiters brought on-board	in FY 1995 stabilize.

The Veteran's Education Assistance Program (VEAP) is an entitle-
ment which was available to Service members who enjisted between 1 January 1977 and 30 June 1995. Basic VEAP replaced the Vietnam Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. Fefection 1 7:11
1985, because of the new All Volunteer Educational Assistance Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer
authorized in Basic VEAP. These reductions take into account current usage rates which are continuing to decline.

-7,205	
<i>s</i>	the number of funded intern positions while maintaining funding support of leadership development to accommodate the increased managerial and leadership demands which have been placed upon the civilian component in today's smaller Army.

-7,778	691,154
₩.	
Total Program Decreases	FY 1996 Budget Requests

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Price Growth:

19,990

\$

	Total Price Growth	•	•
Program	Program Increases:		
เช้	a. Examining (FY 1996 Base: \$64,333)	490	
å	b. Base Support (FY 1996 Base: \$156,020)	4,888	
ů	c. Recruiter Support (FY 1996 Base: \$75,264)	973	

6,351

Total Program Increases...... \$

III. Financial Summary (O&M: \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. Vel	a. Veteran's Education Assistance Program(VEAP)(FY 1996 Base: \$18,108) \$2,579	579
	The Veteran's Education Assistance Program (VEAP) is an entitle-	
meı	ment which was available to Service members who enlisted between	
	1 January 1977 and 30 June 1995. Basic VEAP replaced the Vietnam	
Er	Era GI Bill which terminated 31 December 1976. Effective 1 July	
198	1985, because of the new All Volunteer Educational Assistance	
Pr	Program (Montgomery GI Bill), new enrollments are no longer	
an	authorized in Basic VEAP. These reductions take into account current	
usi	usage rates which are continuing to decline.	

-1.729					
b. Army Civilian Education and Development System (ACTEDS) (FY 1996 Base: \$81,108)	of	funded intern positions while maintaining funding support of	leadership development to accommodate the increased managerial and	leadership demands which have been placed upon the civilian component	in today's smaller Army.

999-	
c. Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps Expansion (JROIC) (FY 1996 Base: \$74,506)\$	Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps units will be capped at 1,400 units beginning school year 1995/1996. This decrease results from one-time start-up costs experienced in FY 96 and not expected in FY 97.

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constrained resources in FY 1997.	
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d. Advertising (FI 1996 base: \$136,111)	Total Program Decreases
4	
5	

-6,735

710,760

s



Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	(Acces	(Accessions in 000's)	(8)			
	F	FY 1994 Actuals	13		FY 1995	
Recruiting Accessions	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG
Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service Prior Service Total	48.2 10.9 59.1 8.4 67.5	34.7 7.8 42.5 5.9 48.4	46.4 10.9 57.3 7.5 64.8	50.8 11.2 62.0 8.0 70.0	34.0 7.5 41.5 6.0 47.5	48.2 10.6 58.8 7.6
		FY 1996			FY 1997	
Recruiting Accessions	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG
Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service Prior Service Total	63.3 13.9 77.2 8.0 85.2	42.4 51.7 57.7	60.1 13.2 73.3 7.6 80.9	72.4 15.9 88.3 8.0	48.5 10.6 59.1 6.0 65.1	68.8 15.1 83.9 7.6

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

The following categories are outputs and performance measures for the Recruiting, and Other Training and Education Subactivity:

RECRUITING AND ADVERTISING	(Con	(Contracts in 000's)	000'8)	
Recruiting Contracts	Total	I-IIIA	HSDG	
Non-Prior Service Males Non-Prior Service Females Total Non-Prior Service	68.1 15.0 83.1	45.6 10.0 55.6	64.7 14.3 79.0	
Total	93.1	62.3	88 55	
	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	
High School Senior I-IIIA High School Grad I-IIIA Total High School	16.0 37.5 53.5	23.4	25.0 47.3	
Prior Service and Non-Prior Service CAT IIIBs and IVs Total	36.0 89.5	41.0	42.3	

I-IIIA - High three test categories.

HSDG - High School Diploma Graduates.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Examining (# in 000)

		MEPS Accession Workload	Workload	
	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Army (Active and RC) Navy	115.1 58.9	118.3	134.2	143.9
Air Force Marines	32.3 39.9	31.9 40.9	31.3	36.4
Coast Guard Total	248.6	4.0	4.0 269.6	4.0 285.8
		Production Testing	m	
Army	264.6	272.2	313.3	339.7
Navy	98.1	93.6	95.4	92.6
Air Force	63.1	67.5	62.0	73.6
Marines	60.7	63.1	62.8	62.9
Coast Guard	5.7	9.6	9.6	9.6
Total	492.2	206.0	543.I	584.4
		Medical Testing		
Army	179.7	184.5	209.3	225.2
Navy	7.3	7.67	47.1	7.01
Air Force Marines	57.8	60.5	59.5	62.5
Coast Guard	3.7	6.2	6.2	6.2
Total	367.2	378.4	398.5	426.2
Aptitude Testing (Students)	872.3	870.0	870.0	870.0

Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u>
Activity Group: <u>Recruiting</u>, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Off Duty and Voluntary Education: Army Continuing Education System (ACES)

	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
Tuition Assistance (Enrollments)	242,000	250,000	250,000	250,000
Tests Administered * (Tests)	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000	2,203,000
Army Learning Centers (numbers of)	309	295	290	275
High School Completion (Enrollments)	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Skills Training (Enrollments)	31,000	33,000	34,000	34,000
Language Training (Enrollments)	45,000	35,000	35,000	35,000
NCO Leader Development (Enrollments)	42,000	41,000	41,000	41,000
Verification Documents Issued **	140,000	120,000	100,000	90,000
American/Army Registry Transcript System (AARTS) Manuscripts	180,000	180,000	180,000	180,000

^{*} Types of tests: (1) Diagnostic, (2) Military, (3) Academic, and (4) Interest Inventory. ** Skills and training verification required for each soldier separating from active service.

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Civilian Education and Training: Civilian Training, Education and Development

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Career Program Interns (Workyears)	1,105	1,063	006	006
Leadership Development (Training Load)	3,870	3,870	3,800	3,800
Competitive Professional Training (Training Load)	3,850	3,790	3,720	3,720
Senior Service Schools and Fellowships (Workyears)	33	32	32	32

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Junior Reserve Officer Training Corps

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Number of JROTC Units Authorized	1,700	1,700	1,700	1,700
CONUS (Cadet Command) Overseas	1,221	1,361	1,379	1,379
Number Of JROIC Units Funded	1,242	1,382	1,400	1,400

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

Base Support

2,754 2,764	99 99
Number of Leased Recruiting Facilities	Number Of Leased Military Entrance Processing Stations

Budget Activity: Training and Recruiting Activity Group: Recruiting, Other Training and Education

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

ritle	FY 1994 Actuals	FY 1995 Estimate	FY 1996 Estimate	FY 1997 Estimate
BASE OPERATIONS SUPPORT				
A. Payments to GSA (\$000) Standard Level User Charges (\$000) Leased Space (000 sq ft) Recurring Reimbursements (\$000)	47,384 47,384 3,208 0	48,497 48,497 3,141 0	51,333 51,333 3,079 0	55,454 55,454 3,060
One-time Reimbursements (\$0000 B. Non-GSA Leased Payment for Space Leased Space (000 sq ft)	0 76,455 5,056	0 75,344 4,747	0 76,866 4,662	80,319 4,662

Budget Activity: <u>Training and Recruiting</u> Activity Group: <u>Recruiting</u>, Other Training and Education

V. Personnel Summary:

	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	CHANGE FY 1995/FY 1996	CHANGE FY 1996/FY 1997
Active Military End Strength (Total)	8,120	8,640	8,636	8,636	4, 1	00
Officer Enlisted	7,458	7,901	7,898	7,898	ŧ m l	00
Civilian End Strength (Total)	4,088	3,932	4,232	4,170	300	-62
U.S. Direct Hire	4,032	3,889	4,190	4,128	301	-62
Foreign National Direct Hire	17	10	10	10	0	0
Total Direct Hire	4,049	3,899	4,200	4,138	301	-62
Foreign National Indirect Hire	39	33	32	32	7	0
Wilitary Workvears (Total)	8,287	8,380	8,638	8,636	258	-2
Officer	635	701	739	738	38	
Enlisted	7,653	7,680	7,900	7,898	220	-2
Civilian Workveare (Total)	4,063	3,946	4,077	4,200	131	123
U.S. Direct Hire	4,012	3,901	4,035	4,158	134	123
Foreign National Direct Hire	14	10	10	10	0	0
Total Direct Hire	4,026	3,911	4,045	4,168	134	123
Foreign National Indirect Hire	37	35	32	32	ဗု	0

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY FY 1996/FY 1997 BUDGET ESTIMATES OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE, ARMY

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

Description of Operations Financed:

Strategic Agility, Power Projection, and Technological Superiority. These resources support the Army's transition communications, and other service-wide support functions required to secure, equip, deploy, transport, sustain, Programs, Logistics Operations, Servicewide Support, Servicewide Communications, Support of Other Nations, and Administrative and Servicewide Base Support. Administration and Servicewide Activities support the National budget activity also provides resources to support national and Army-wide intelligence and counterintelligence agreements and cooperative agreements with our allies. Functions funded are inextricably linked to the Army's The Administration and Servicewide Activities budget provides funding for the administration, logistics, Military Strategy by contributing to the strategic principles of Readiness, Collective Security, Arms Control, programs in support of the end-state Army, and resources to continue U.S. commitments to international treaty and support Army forces worldwide. This budget activity includes the major activity groups of: Security from a Cold War posture to a leaner force, enhanced by power projection platforms in all mission areas. ability to field a force capable of a swift, decisive victory on the battlefield.

SECURITY PROGRAMS

and allows the Army to fulfill its role in implementing the National Military Intelligence Estimate. This funding This funding supports the National Foreign Intelligence Program and Security and Investigative Activities, will also allow the Army to fulfill its role in securing world peace through its contributions in the implementation and compliance of international treaties.

LOGISTICS OPERATIONS

This funding allows the Army to equip and sustain the programmed force structure in peacetime and affect the rapid retrograde, redistribution and disposal of equipment commensurate with the force drawdown, while maintaining the ability to transition rapidly to execute new missions or contingency plans associated with the National Military Strategy. Logistics sub-activities are:

SERVICEWIDE TRANSPORTATION - provides for the worldwide movement of Army materiel and equipment in a manner that ensures the items are received when required at the most economical cost available.

CENTRAL SUPPLY ACTIVITIES - the procurement and management of Army materiel and equipment (excluding ammunition); and the timely receipt and issue to/from the supply depots in the required quantities. LOGISTICS SUPPORT ACTIVITIES - support the Army's total logistics chain, ensuring the Army can perform its missions both in peacetime and in wartime.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

supply depot operations that ensures conventional ammunition is available to the Army - total support for conventional ammunition from management to procurement and and the other Services when required. maintenance activities, and AMMUNITION MANAGEMENT

SERVICEWIDE SUPPORT

This funding allows the Army to field a trained and ready force through the provision of administrative support, communication and information management systems, management programs and support for the operating Servicewide Support sub-activities are: ADMINISTRATION - supports a trained and professional staff capable of supporting the operational forces in peacetime and capable of assuming all necessary staff functions in wartime.

a network of communication systems and information management programs support Army management in peacetime and provide for contingency requirements at all organizational levels SERVICEWIDE COMMUNICATIONS -

MANPOWER MANAGEMENT - the administration and professional personnel management of the Army's active service members and civilian employees.

members and civilian employees during all phases of their careers to include recruitment, training, assignments OTHER PERSONNEL SUPPORT - a system of personnel management programs to support the Army's active service and career progression. OTHER SERVICE SUPPORT - the administration of public information and community affairs programs, investigation activities, disability compensation and other support programs.

of various ARMY CLAIMS AND ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT ACTIVITIES - supports the fair and equitable adjudication claims that arise between claimants and the Army.

are available worldwide to allow the Army to accomplish its mission in any geographical location or environment. REAL ESTATE MANAGEMENT - the administration of real estate and construction to ensure adequate facilities

BASE SUPPORT - provides for the support and maintenance of installation operations that provide the quality environment for a trained and ready Army, including base operations, base communications, audiovisual, environmental compliance, child development, and family centers.

REAL PROPERTY MAINTENANCE - maintenance of installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Materiel Command (AMC) and the Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), including major repairs and minor construction.

I. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

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DEFENSE ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION ACCOUNT (DERA) - the restoration to their original condition of environmentally harmed areas located on currently and previously owned Army facilities.

SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS

This funding allows the Army to meet global commitments in support of our National Military Strategy and to Support of Other Nations sub-activities are: pursue cooperative activities with other nations.

INTERNATIONAL MILITARY HEADQUARTERS - funds the achievement of the National Security Strategy by meeting international, collective security commitments.

MISCELLANEOUS SUPPORT OF OTHER NATIONS - enhancement of military to military cooperation.

II. Force Structure Summary:

This budget activity provides funding for the Army's management and support activities to include the Departmental Headquarters and the following major field commands:

Army Materiel Command
Information Systems Command
Intelligence and Security Command
Military Traffic Management Command
Corps of Engineers (Less Civil Works)
Criminal Investigation Command
U. S. Army Space and Strategic Defense Command

Also funded is associated support for field operating agencies and subordinate commands, and the Army's Program Executive Officers (PEO). (Details are provided at the Activity Group level.)

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
		FY 1994	Budget		Current	FY 1996	FY 1997
		Actuals	Request	Appropriation	Estimate	Request	Request
Ą.	Activity Groups:						
Η.	Security Programs	354,101	400,696	400,696	383,149	362,333	373,658
2	Logistics Operations	1,666,809	1,754,706	1,779,046	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624
e,	Servicewide Support	4,088,845	2,796,602	2,700,766	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456
4.	Support of Other Nations	208,089	285,792	270,962	271,392	282,224	290,762
	Total	6,317,844	5,237,796	5,151,470	5,086,412	5,100,934	4,908,500
ů.	Reconciliation Summary:		Change FY 1995/FY 1995	FY	Change 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY	FY 1997
Ba,	Baseline Funding		5,237,796		5,086,412	5	5,100,934
	Congressional Adj(Distributed) Congressional Adj (Undistributed	î	125,326	90	A/N		A/N
	Dried Thanks	3	0.00 1.	0 0	N/A		N/A
	Principle Change		15, 920	0.7	56,717		193,574
	runctional Transier		17,8	14	11,107		10,811
- 1	Frogram Changes		36,504)4	-53,302	ï	396,819
C C	Current Estimate		5,086,412		5,100,934	4,	4,908,500

5,237,796\$ 5,151,470 -135,296Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)......\$ FY 1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)...... -1,577 -13,626 5,502 -3,476 -31,400 Civilian Pay Adjustments......\$ These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund.....\$ Classified Program.....\$ Contractor and Consulting Services...... Information Technology (General Reduction)................... Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise......\$ Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)......\$ GSA Rental Payments......\$ and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): FY 1995 President's Budget Request......... Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases: Congressional Adjustments (Distributed): Price Growth: ਰ 9 ч рд . III.

15,920

Total Price Growth.....\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

											_		•		~		_		_	_		C	01	7
350			13,743	11,495		11,360	10,949	6,394	000 ′9		4,700	4,211	3,769		2,203		1,900		1,500	1,000		1,000	852	247
Purchase of Non-Centrally Managed Equipment\$	Intra Appropriation Transfers In:	a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Administrative	Workyears)\$	iza	c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Base Communications	Infrastructure)\$	d. Army Medical Department Base Operations\$	e. Marshall Center. Base Operations Transfer\$	f. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Arms Control)\$	q. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Aberdeen Proving	Grounds Asbestos Removal)\$	h. Base Operations Realignment\$	i. Fort Meade Transfer	j. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Pentagon, MACOM and	Headquarters and administrative overhead)\$	k. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (OSCAR Project,	Letterkenny)\$	1. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Wild Horses Roundup,	White Sands Missile Range)\$	m. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Hamilton AFB Clean-Up).\$	n. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Military Traffic	Management Command Pricing)	o. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Travel)	p. Fort Campbell Transfer\$

September 1994 Page BA 4-6

81,673

Total Transfers In.......\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Intra-Appropriation Transfers Out:

ive \$ -25,400 \$ -13,743 \$ -10,000 1) \$ -6,000 oving ct, -1,900 \$ -1,264	\$ -63,859	35,580 35,580 13,500 2,000 \$ 2,120	\$ 53,200 \$ -15,920 \$ -776	5,086,412
a. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (RETROEUR) b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Administrative Workyears) c. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Presido Of San Francisco Infrastructure) d. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Arms Control) e. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Aberdeen Proving Grounds Asbestos Removal) f. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (OSCAR Project, Letterkenny) i. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Travel) b. Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (Travel)	Total Transfers Out	Program Increases a. Pentagon Renovation	Total Program Increases Program Decreases a. Civilian Pay Off-Set b. Security Programs	Total Program DecreasesFY 1995 Current Estimate

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

ည်းထံမှုံဖွဲ့ ဇာပ်သို့	Central Design Activities. Overseas Mail. Expense/Investment Criteria Policy Change. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency. Joint Visual Information Service Distribution Activity (JVISDA). Passport/VISA. Community Relations. Army Medical Department (AMEDD) Professional Development.	10,000 6,400 2,887 1,107 100 100
Intra Ap a. b.	propriation Trans Civilian Person Criminal Invest	
Inter Ap	Appropriation Transfers Out:	\$ 51,937
ָּבְטִּהָּהָּבְּיִּיִאָּ	Multiple Launch Rocket System Improvement; Base Operations Support for Defense Health Program; Missile Demilitarization Telecommunications Certification Office.(TCOs); Defense Commercial Telephone Network (DCTN) at Fort Detrick; Joint Spectrum Center; Sectrum Center; Bewitt Army Hospital Telephone Service; Reserve Component Pay Support Office; United States Army Reserve Command (USARC); Logistical Support Management for Zebra Pinto Program; Army Small Computer Program;	-23,460 -12,300 -1,700 -1,306 -498 -408 -405 -350 -277 -110
	Total Transfers Out	\$ -40,830
	Total Functional Program Transfers	

11,107

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

82,364 60,000 \$ 53,000 \$ 33,794 14,280 10,000 \$ 9,066 6,936	272,240	\$ -77,757 \$ -60,610 \$ -46,500 \$ -35,513 \$ -33,900 \$ -21,427 \$ -18,229 \$ -16,534 \$ -11,572	-325,542	5,100,934	193,574	
	Total Program Increases	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Total Program Decreases	FY 1996 Budget Request	Price Growth	Functional Program Transfers: Intra-Appropriation Transfers In:

Civilian Personnel Regionalization.....\$ 10,811

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

n Transfers Out:	Defense Standardization\$ -20,600	Total Functional Transfers\$
Intra-Appropriation Transfers Out:	Defense Standardiz	Total Functi

FY 1997 Program Increases:

-9,789

. 05	
57,860	
Benefits to Former Employees	EV 1007 Drogram Decreases.

-154,361	-80,952	-62,355	-52,851	-43,721	-7,912	-7,903	-7,195	-6,091	-3,714	-2,390	-2,338	-2,146	1150
Supply Management\$	Ammunition Management\$	Base Support\$	Transportation\$	Communications	Real Estate Management\$	Logistics Support\$	Manpower Managements	International Military Headquarters\$	Claims\$	Army Career Alumni Program\$	Army Management Headquarters Account (AMHA)\$	Personnel Support Automation\$	
ю 0	ġ.	ΰ	ק	0	4.	۵.	Ч	.H		بد	-	'n.	\$

-434,079

\$

Total Program Decreases.....

FY 1997 Budget Request.....

.....\$ 4,908,500

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: Performance criteria appears at the detail by activity group section, Part 2.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997	
Wilitary End Strength (Total)	22,735	. 22,021	20,852	20,439	-1,169	-413	
Officer	6,894	7,160	6,585	6,279	-575	-306	
Enlisted	15,841	14,861	14,267	14,160	-594	-107	
Civilian End Strength (Total)	33,151	31,458	33,931	33,827	2,473	-104	
U.S. Direct Hire	31,460	29,806	32,449	32,366	2,643	-83	
Foreign National Direct Hire	677	605	604	604	-	0	
Total Direct Hire	32,137	30,411	33,053	32,970	2,642	-83	
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,014	1,047	878	857	-169	-21	
Military Workyears (Total)	23,651	22,378	21,437	20,646	-942	-792	
Officer	986'9	7,027	6,873	6,432	-155	-441	
Enlisted	16,665	15,351	14,564	14,214	-787	-351	
Civilian Workyears (Total)	34,055	31,464	34,506	34,040	3,042	-466	
U.S. Direct Hire	32,455	29,644	32,969	32,567	3,325	-402	
Foreign National Direct Hire	521	709	591	909	-118	15	
Total Direct Hire	32,976	30,353	33,560	33,173	3,207	-387	
Foreign National Indirect Hire	1,079	1,111	946	867	-165	-19	

Note: BA-4 U.S. Direct Hire civlian endstrength and workyears between FY 1995/6/7 are overstated due to a direct/reimbursable coding error. The Army discovered this situation too late to adjust in the FY 1996/1997 President's Budget, and we plan to do so in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum. The correct direct

A THE CONTRACT OF THE PARTY OF	- (
enastrength and workyears	U	ds rollows.				
				Change	Change	
	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/1996	FY 1996/1997	
End Strength	28,514	27,636	27,640	-878	4	
Workyears	29,034	27,973	27,858	-1,061	-115	

I. Description of Operations Financed

Security programs consist of the Consolidated Cryptologic Program (CCP), the General Defense Intelligence Program (GDIP), the Foreign Counterintelligence Program (FCI), Security and Investigative Activities (S&IA), and Arms Control treaties implementation. Security Programs -

Order 12333. The respective program managers are: CCP - Director, National Security Agency (NSA); GDIP - Director, Defense Intelligence Agency; FCI - Assistant Secretary of Defense for Command, Control and Communication The CCP, GDIP, and FCI are part of the National Foreign Intelligence Program (NFIP), regulated by Executive and Intelligence (ASD, C3I).

The CCP, GDIP, and FCI budgets are fully documented and justified in classified submissions and are available to properly cleared individuals on request.

Intelligence Materiel Division at Fort George G. Meade, Maryland; U.S. Army Europe, Heidelberg, Germany; and 650th installations, activities and research and development efforts; non-standard administrative and technical support of Army intelligence, counterintelligence and security countermeasure (CI/SCM) programs in support of the ground forces commander. It provides resources for the operation of various intelligence and CI/SCM activities of the Headquarters, U.S. Army Intelligence and Security Command, Fort Belvoir, Virginia, Army Materiel Command, The S&IA supports combat readiness through counterintelligence and other intelligence support to Army MI Group in Shape, Belgium.

Arms control treaty implementation funding captures all operating and development costs directly associated with implementing arms control treaties and agreements.

The cost driver for The cost driver for Security Programs is the National Military Intelligence Estimate. The cost control treaties implementation is the number of inspections scheduled by each individual treaty.

I. Force Structure Summary:

See classified submission for this information.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	FY 1996 FY 1997	Request Request		362,333 373,658		362,333 373,658	Change FY 1996/FY 1997		362,333	N/A	N/A	986'6	0	1,339	373,658
	Current	Estimate		384,529	-1,380	383,149	e FY 1996		383,149	N/A	N/A	10,231	2,887	-33,934	362,333
FY 1995		Appropriation		390,749		390,749	Change FY 1995/FY		ıo	0	7	0	₹#	ıo	O.
		Request Ap		400,696		400,696	Change FY 1995/FY 1995		400,696		-9,947	1,38	-6,82	-2,156	383,149
	FY 1994	Actuals		354,101		354,101	E4	1			_				
			A. Subactivity Group:	1. Security Programs	2. Civilian Pay Offset	Total	B. Reconciliation Summary:		Baseline Funding		Congressional Adj (Undistributed	Price Change	Functional Transfer	Program Changes	Current Estimate

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

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Y 1995	Y 1995 President's Budget (Amended)	969,000 \$\$ 400,696	969'0
ongress	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	\$5	101
Allocati co	ullocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
ત	a. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$	616	
Ď.	b. Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$	544	
ບໍ	c. GSA Rental Payments\$	-29	
ช	d. Information Technology (General Reduction)\$	-50	
ΰ	e. General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund\$	-51	
f.	f. Contractor and Consulting Services\$	-336	
Ď.	g. Classified Program\$	\$ -2,577	
ъ.	h. Civilian Personnel Understrength\$	\$ -8,064	
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	'6- \$·····	-9,947
1005	V 1005 Annronriated Amount (Distributed)	v ₃	

Price Growth:

	Civilian Pay Adjustments	νη- 	1,380
III.	Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):		
Funct	al Program Transfers:		
Intra	Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:		
	a. Travel Realignment	-399	
	b. Administrative Workyears Realignment	-425	
	c. Arms Control Realignment	-6,000	
	Total Transfers Out	\$ -6,824	
	Total Functional Program Transfers	9 - \$	-6,824

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases

a. Civilian Pay Off-Set	
b. Security Programs	
Total Program Decreases\$ -2,1	-2,156
FY 1995 Current Estimate\$ 383,1	383,149
Price Growth\$ 10,2	10,231
Functional Program Transfers:	
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:	
Expense/Investment Criteria.Policy Change	
Total Transfers In\$ 2,887	
Total Functional Program Transfers\$ 2,88	2,887

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

a. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base \$386)\$ 1,116	1,116
This program increase reflects the addition of transition	
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our	
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes	
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along	
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on	
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive	
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting	
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in	
concert with the VSIP estimate.	

Total Program Increases\$ 1,579
Program Decreases:
Security Programs
Total Program Decreases\$ -35,513
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 362,333

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

ບ່

Price Growth\$	986'6
Program Increases: Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$1,502)\$ 1,489 This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along	
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 3% can on Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP estimate. Total Program Increases	1,489
Program Decreases: Security Programs	
Total Program Decreases\$	-150
FY 1997 Budget Request 3/3,038	3/3,038

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Security Programs

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary: Performance criteria appears at the detail by activity group section, Part 2.

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	5,611 1,177 4,434	5,932 1,370 4,562	5,644 1,076 4,568	5,634 1,067 4,567	-288 -294 6	1 1 0 0 1 1 1
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	2,800 2,447 106 2,553 247	2,854 2,600 114 2,714	2,385 2,257 2,338 2,338	2,284 2,156 2,237 47	- 469 - 343 - 343 - 346 - 93	-101 -101 0 -101
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	5,642 1,125 4,517	5,772 1,274 4,498	5,788 1,223 4,565	5,640 1,072 4,568	16 -51 67	-149 -152 3
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	3,801 106 3,907 150	2,765 2,455 112 2,567 198	2,485 2,313 87 2,400	2,384 2,254 83 2,337 47	-280 -142 -25 -167	-101 -59 -63 -63

I. Description of Operations Financed:

Activities, Logistics Support Activities, and Conventional Ammunition Management. These programs support the Logistics Operations - Logistics Operations includes the areas of Transportation, Central Supply National Military Strategy by enabling logistics readiness, strategic agility, and power projection.

Command (MSC), Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), and commercial carriers. The cost drivers are short transportation and the Defense Freight Railway Interchange Fleet (DFRIF). Funding supports Second Destination Transportation of Army supplies and equipment transported by the Air Mobility Command (AMC), Military Sealift customers, the movement of goods and mail to support service members worldwide and the management of ground Servicewide Transportation operations include the movement of materiel between Army depots and Army tons and measurement tons of cargo shipped.

administration), quality assurance services not assigned to the Defense Contract Administration Service, supply depot support, and integrated materiel management operations for all Army major end items, except conventional ammunition end items. Cost drivers are the issue and receipt of end items and the level of the Army end item Central Supply Activities are defined as the Army's central procurement activities (to include contract

unwanted radioactive material, and Troop Issue Subsistence Activities. Logistics support activity cost drivers are the size of our land forces (number of division force equivalents) and operating tempo. include support to logistical commands, logistical automation support systems, disposal of radioactive waste or Logistics Support Activities support equipping, deploying, and sustaining the Army. Activities funded

equipment in support of the drawdown of forces in Europe and other theaters. Conventional ammunition management Conventional Ammunition. This includes ammunition supply depot support, inventory control point operations, Conventional ammunition funding supports the redistribution and re-warehousing of Conventional Ammunition Management provides funding for the Army to act as the DOD Single Manager for cost drivers are the size of the ammunition inventory, number of lines, different types of ammunition and ammunition procurement, administrative activities, and national maintenance operations which relate to quantities of ammunition received, stored, and issued. conventional ammunition.

Force Structure Summary: II.

Command (AMC), Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC),. The following major activities and installations are This budget activity provides funding for the Army's logistics operations, including the Army Materiel supported by this budget activity group:

Army Materiel Command:

Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM) Aviation and Troop Command (ATCOM) Tank-Automotive Command (TACOM) Army Missile Command (MICOM)

Army Industrial Operations Command (IOC)

Simulation, Training and Instrumentation Command (STRICOM) Test and Evaluation Command (TECOM)

Installation and Services Activity (ISA) Industrial Engineering Activity (IEA)

Army Materiel Systems Analysis Activity (AMSAA)

Test, Measurement and Diagnostic Equipment Activity (USATA)

Security Support Activity (SSA) Soldier System Command (SSC)

AMC Management Engineering Activity (AMCMEA)

AMC-Europe (AMCEUR)

Logistics Support Activity (LOGSA)

Chemical, Biological Defense Command (CBDCOM) Military Traffic Management Command:

Western Area (1 CONUS Military Port, Port Operations at Western U.S. Ports, 20 Western States, Alaska, Pusan (Republic of Korea), Okinawa, Japan)

Azores, Panama, Puerto Rico, European Ports and Terminals); Defense Freight Railway Interchange Fleet (DFRIF); and the Transportation Engineering Agency (MTMCTEA) Eastern Area (2 CONUS Military Ports, Port Operations at Eastern/Gulf U.S. Ports, 28 Eastern States,

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995				
		FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request App	Appropriation	Current	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request	
Ķ	Sub-Activity Group:							
7	Servicewide Transportation	597,313	544,832	561,372	557,360	542,910	530,680	
2	Central Supply Activities	451,604	478,524	484,324	412,422	487,281	362,145	
М	Logistic Support Activities	340,882	342,751	344,751	344,555	299,230	285,884	
4,	Ammunition Management	277,010	388,599	388,599	389,240	300,853	254,915	
5.	Civilian Pay Offset				-4,092			
ů	MSC Rate Change				-16,300			
	Total	1,666,809	1,754,706	1,779,046	1,683,185	1,630,274	1,433,624	
œ.	B. Reconciliation Summary:	-,	Change FY 1995/FY 1995	FY	Change 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997	Y 1997	
Bas	Baseline Funding		1,754,706	1	1,683,185 N/A	1,6	1,630,274	

1,683,185 N/A	N/A 33,907	-19,147	1,630,274	
1,754,706 24,340	-52,082	-43,779	1,683,185	
Baseline Funding Congressional Adi(Distributed)	Congressional Adj (Undistributed) Price Change	Functional Transfer	Current Estimate	

N/A N/A 93,686 -290,336 1,433,624

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 P	FY 1995 President's Budget Request\$ 1,754,706
Congressi	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed):
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)\$ 24,340
FY 1995 A	1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed):
Allocatio The increases subactivi	Allocation of Congressional Amount(Distributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.
ď	Additional 4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise
°q	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$ 1,430
ບໍ	Contracting and Consulting Services
ъ	Information Technology (General Reduction)
ο̈́	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund\$ -13,136
ų.	Civilian Personnel Understrength

-52,082

Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)......\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 Price Growth:

Civilian Pay Adiustments\$ 4,092
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal
employees nationwide (average increase 1.07%). Because inadequate
funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program were necessary
to temporarily offset this price growth. A reprogramming request
will be provided to Congress and, once approved, funding will be
restored.

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

Realignment of	Realignment of Congressional Adjustment (MTMC Pricing)\$	1,000
Realigns	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation 1	appropriation to enable the full execution of this Congressional	
adiustment.		

Total Transfers In......\$ 1,000

Intra-Appropriation Transfers Out:

'n	Furopean Materiel Betrograde (BETROFUR)
3	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army
appı	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional
adir	adiustment.

\$ -12,402	γı		
b. Administrative Workyears Realignment\$ -12,402	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional	adiustment.

lignment\$ -4,700	aintenance, Army	gressional	
c. Aberdeen Proving Grounds Asbestos Removal Realignment \$ -4,700	Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to enable the execution of this Congressional	
c. Aberdeen Proving	Realigns fundir	appropriation to enak	adjustment.

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

and Decreases:	
Increases	
Reconciliation:	
ပံ	

	, Army	the Operation and Maintenance, Army ecution of this Congressional	, Army	Travel Realignment	<pre>d. Outside Cable Rehabilitation (OSCAR) Realignment</pre>	
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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter-Appropriation Transfers In:

Army/Air Force Post Office (APO) Overseas Mail......... of APO mail resulted from the reductions and changes in the overseas for the overocean transportation of Army/Air Force Post Office (APO) This transfer provides funding from the U.S. Air Force to the revised split of 40% Air Force and 60% Army for the transportation The Army and Air Force have agreed to revise the percentage split U.S. Army in the Operations and Maintenance, Army appropriation. mail. The original split was 45% Air Force and 55% Army. The force structure. Total Transfers In.......\$

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out

a. Multiple Launch Rocket System Improvement.......\$ -23,460 (FDI), and other associated costs to support, operate, and field the appropriation. This transfer will properly align these funds to the funds for Production and Engineering Support, Fielding Requirements, New Equipment Training (NET), First Destination Transportation The Army was provided (Administration and Servicewide Activities - Logistics Operations) Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation, Budget Activity 4 Multiple Launch Rocket Systems (MLRS). However, the funds were Transfers funding within US Army Materiel Command from erroneously provided to the Operation and Maintenance, Army to Missile Procurement, Army appropriation. Missile Procurement, Army appropriation.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

b. Missile Demilitarization\$ -1,700
Transfers funding from Operation and Maintenance, Army
appropriation, Budget Activity 4 (Administration and Servicewide
Activities - Logistics Operations) to Missile Procurement, Army
(MIPA) appropriation. This transfer realigns missile
demilitarization funding to support demilitarization of Class V
missiles, rockets, and explosive components. This transfer will
complete the transfer of all Class V missiles into Missile
Procurement, Army appropriation,

c. United States Army Reserve Command (USARC)	Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation Budget Activity 1 (Operating Forces) and Budget Activity 4 (Administration and	Servicewide Activities - Logistics Operations) to US Army Reserve Command (USARC), Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	appropriation. This aligns funding for installation, contract, manbower, and other support to Reserve Components at Fort Pickett.	Fort McCoy, and Fort Hunter-Liggett with USARC for operational
---	--	---	---	--

-277

\$ -110		
d. Logistical Support Management for Zebra Pinto Program\$ Transfers resources from the U.S. Army in the Operation and	Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Nuclear Agency (DNA). This action transfers resources required to provide logistical	support management for the ZEBRA PINTO program.

	-19,147
Total Transfers Out\$ -25,547	Total Functional Transfers\$ -19,
Transfe	Functio
Total	Total

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

- Supply End Item Management Operations (FY 1995 Base: \$314,862)...\$ 82,364 Stinger, Keowa, Blackhawk, Apache, Abrams, Bradley, Longbow, Comanche and SINCGARS. It also provides technical support to troop units, This increase funds requirements for End Item Management. It critical for sustaining the capability and effectiveness of these engineering services, and central procurement. This funding is post production engineering, technical data packages, technical provides contractual technical weapon system support for key warfighting end item systems.
- Supply Depot Operations (FY 1995 Base: \$95,100).........\$ This funding increase supports the Army issue and receipt of Army distribution depots. It also supports DLA tiered pricing.for major end items of equipment at Defense Logistics Agency (DLA) and principal end items and Care of Supplies in Storage (COSIS) from
- One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$391,179)..\$ more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay This program increase is due to the fact that there is one
- Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$1,277)......\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along This program increase reflects the addition of transition costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting concert with the VSIP estimate.

Total Program Increases......\$

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

- Second Destination Transportation (SDT) (FY 1995 Base: \$528,311)..\$ requirements. This programmatic reduction from FY 1995 to FY 1996 reduction of recurring OCONUS second destination transportation The Army's transition to a smaller force results in a reflects decreased directed redistribution requirements.
- \$ major portion of rolling stocks and ammunition. In FY 1995 the Army Class VII (containers) in accordance with the Army troop reductions required to be refurbished prior to distribution to the Active Army and Reserve components. This program is scheduled to be completed ammunition and approximately 12,000 pieces of equipment, and other The equipment is in varying states of repair and is has retrograded and processed approximately 456,000 short tons of in Europe. In FY 1996 an additional 34 aircraft and approximately Program has been reduced as the Army is completing the return of 30,000 short tons of other class VII items (containers) will be Funding for the European Materiel Retrograde (RETROEUR) RETROEUR (FY 1995 Base: \$98,379)..... retrograded.
- -60,610 c. Logistics Support (FY 1995 Base: \$329,730)......\$ operations support, troop issue support, and tactical and command and consulting and contracting services, automation data programs (ADP) reduction in the overall logistic support for logistics systems; deploying and sustaining of the Army. This decrease reflects a Logistics Support Activities funding supports equipping, control systems.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Total Program Decreases\$ -178,023
FY 1996 Budget Request\$ 1,630,274
Price Growth\$ 93,419
Intra Appropriation Transfer Out:
Defense Standardization Program
Total Transfers Out\$ -20,600

-20,600

Total Functional Program Transfers.......

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Increases:

Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$15,759)\$	26,598
costs for Army employees lesuing the mort force due to our	
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes	
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along	
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on	
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive	
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting	
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in	
concert with the VSIP estimate.	

Total Program Increases.....\$

26,598

Program Decreases:

a. Second Destination Transportation (FY 1996 Base: \$542,910)\$ -52,851	-52,851
Based on force structure drawdown and reduced OCONUS	
requirement, the Second Destination Transportation program was	
reduced. The program is properly funded to sustain a smaller Army	
force structure and the expected redistribution requirements from	
the Army's drawdown	

-154,361	
Base: \$487,281)\$	ed resources in FY 1997.
)perations (FY 1996 Base: \$4	constrained resou
Management C	s decrease results from constrained
b. Supply 1	This

-7,903	
\$	urces in FY 1997.
ise: \$299,230)	from constrained resources
Logistics Support (FY 1996 Ba	This decrease results from
υ	

-80,952	
\$300,853)\$	resources in FY 1997.
n Management (FY 1996 Base:	use results from constrained resources
Conventional Ammunition	This decrease results
ਰ	

-296,067	1,433,624
\$\$	\$ 1,433,624
<pre>lotal Program Decreases</pre>	Request
To	FY 1997 Budget

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IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Second Destination Transportation Performance Measures:

	\$ (000)	40,964	7,479	178,902	101,112	76,700 125,523	530,680
1997	UNITS	16,756 4	23	2,019,210		39,233 1,684,872	ξή
	\$ (000)	45,613	7,459	175,602	102,227 4,956,470	76,600	542,910
FY 1996	UNITS	20,112	22	2,242,682	105,040 5,743,090	40,358 1,870,290	
	\$ (000)	48,592	7,399	162,315	105,040	72,500	541,060
FY 1995	UNITS	23,097	25	2,478,091	6,776,774	39,306 2,065,633	
94	\$ (000)	48,243	7,335	221,930	99,419	73,987	597,314
FY 1994	UNITS	23,573	28	2,568,634	7,001,338	41,234 2,140,350	
	Action Motion of the Common of	Regular Channel (ST)	Special Assignment Airlift Msn (SAAM)	Military Sealift CMD Regular Routes (MT)	Military Traffic Managment Command	Commercial Air (ST) Surface (ST)	TOTAL

Short Tons = ST Measurement Tons = MT Special Assignment Airlift Mission = SAAM

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Logistics Operations

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

Second Destination Transportation by Selected Commodities:

	FY 1994		FY 1995		FY 1996		FY 1997	
	UNITS	(000)\$	UNITS	\$ (000)	UNITS	\$ (000)	UNITS	\$ (000)
Cargo (ST) (MT) (MSN)	21,917 10,074,992 28	69,900 290,264 7,335	21,670 10,027,585 25	65,600 272,942 7,399	19,486 8,512,344 22	63,500 267,890 7,459	18,405 7,317,889 23	60,999 258,259 7,479
Base Exchanges (ST) (MT)	1,104 1,526,308	3,600 140,400	852 1,177,424	2,800	878	2,800 110,513	877 1,212,391	2,800
Subsistence (ST) (MT)	543 109,022	1,800 10,028	575	2,000	649 130,272	2,000	649 130,272	2,000
Overseas Mail (ST)	41,243	73,987	39,306	72,500	39,457	76,600	36,058	76,700
TOTAL		597,314		541,060		542,910		530,680

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Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Logistics Operations

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997	
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	1091 505 586	1220 603 617	1199 583 616	958 395 563	-21 -20 -1	-241 -188 -53	
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	9980 9735 100 9835 145	7607 7383 52 7435 172	11705 11503 52 11555 150	11602 11400 52 11452 150	4098 4120 0 4120 -22	-103 -103 0 -103 0	
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	1118 533 585	1156 554 602	1210 593 617	1079 489 590	3.54 1.59	-131 -104 -27	
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	9029 8834 56 8890 139	7823 7599 67 7666	11616 11402 53 11455	11601 11400 52 11452 149	3793 3803 -14 3789	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 3 3 1 3 3 3 3	

Note: BA-42 U.S. Direct Hire civilian endstrength and workyears between FY 1996/97 are overstated due to a direct/reimbursable coding error. The Army discovered this error to late to adjust in the FY 1996/97 President's Budget and plans to correct this problem in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum (POM). The correct direct endstrength and workyears are as follows:

Change FY 1996/1997	-0-	300
Change FY 1995/1996	009	84
FY997	7,983	7,983
FY1996	7,983	7,683
FY 1995	7,383	7,599
	End Strength	Workyears

Administration and Servicewide Activities Activity Group: Servicewide Support Budget Activity/Activity Group:

Description of Operations Financed:

Real Estate Management, Base Support (for Service Support activities), Real Property Maintenance, and the Defense Environmental Restoration Account. These programs support the National Military Strategy by enabling personnel Servicewide Support - Servicewide Support consists of Administration, Servicewide Communications, Manpower Management, Other Personnel Support, Other Service Support, Army Claims and Administrative Support Activities, readiness of the force.

Cost drivers are the number of Army Management Headquarters, Administration - Consists of the operation of management headquarters for the support forces of the Army that are fully trained, professional, and capable of supporting the operational forces in peacetime and of assuming all necessary staff functions in wartime. installations, and force structure. Servicewide Communications - Consists of the Army's information management activities, information program management, central software design, Defense Communications System, Long Haul Communications, information security, satellite ground communications, and the National Science Center for Communications and Electronics. Cost drivers are installations, force structure, and end strength.

Objectives are to provide (1) Cost drivers are force structure, end strength, and Manpower Management - Consists of the administration and professional personnel management of the Army's significantly reduced layering which will support National Performance Review mandated reductions in overhead, active service members and civilian employees. Included herein is the Civilian Personnel Regionalization initiative which provides for consolidation of civilian personnel functions that can be performed centrally. the most effective, efficient application of constrained resources; (2) simplified business processes and control and supervisory positions; and (3) standard civilian personnel servicing configuration to assure Services requiring face-to-face contact will be provided by on-site advisory units. consistent, quality delivery of civilian personnel services. retention policies.

and career progression. This activity includes U.S. Total Army Personnel Command, Community and Family Support members and civilian employees during all phases of their careers to include recruitment, training, assignments Center, POW/MIA and Casualty Operations, correctional facilities, drug abuse prevention, the Army Career Alumni Other Personnel Support - A system of personnel management programs to support the Army's active service Program (ACAP), and Armed Forces Radio and Television (AFRTS). Cost drivers are end strength and retention

criminal investigation (of serious crimes) activities, protective service of DoD officials, national agency checks Other Service Support - The administration of public information and community relations programs worldwide, Cost drivers are force by Defense Investigative Service, disability compensation and other support programs. structure and number of installations.

. Description of Operations Financed (Continued):

various claims that arise between claimants and the Army and the administration of real estate and construction to ensure adequate facilities are available worldwide to allow the Army to accomplish its mission in any geographical Army Claims and Administrative Support Activities - Provides for the fair and equitable adjudication of location or environment.

Real Estate Management - Consists of the administration of real estate planning and acquisition, development Real estate activities are conducted by the Army Corps of Engineers. Cost drivers are real estate acquisitions, leases, appraisals, and support to installation of design and planning guidance, and environmental compliance. Directors of Engineering and Housing.

Base Support - The operation, support, and maintenance of installation operations that provide the quality environment for a trained and ready Army, including base operations, base communications, audiovisual and visual information services, environmental compliance, child development, and family centers.

- Base Operations Specific resource accounts designate functions of an installation support nature such as administration; automation support; morale, welfare and recreation services; base services support, including estate leases; community and morale support activities; facility support services; and maintenance of equipment. supply, resource management, contracting, personnel, preservation of order, transportation, and utilities; real
- communications facilities and equipment systems which provide local communications for installations/activities Base Communications - Operation and maintenance of Army nontactical, base (post, camp, and station) worldwide. Include GSA local and long distance (toll) service, cellular service, telecommunications centers (TCCs) and telephone switches in CONUS and OCONUS, and equipment requirements.
- video without sound, graphic art, presentation facilities, radio and closed circuit television and broadcast (less Army Broadcast Service), cable television, videodisc, repair of maintenance of equipment, visual information library services and holding facilities, combat and technical documentation, and video teleconferencing terminals. (3) Audiovisual and Visual Information - Management, administration, and operation of installation, MACOM, Headquarters, and Joint Visual Information Service and activities. Audiovisual services provide motion picture and video production with sound. Visual information provides services associated with production, acquisition, including in-house or contract operation pertaining to still and motion picture photography, multimedia sound, and support of visual images, either permanently recorded or temporarily displayed, transmitted or reproduced
- travel, supplies, permits, fees, support equipment, service, and construction contracts (if the primary purpose is (4) Environmental Compliance - Costs required to comply with applicable environmental laws, regulations, criteria and standards. Includes manpower (if over 50% of time is devoted to environmental duties), training, to comply with environmental standards) and the associated costs specifically identified and measurable to environmental compliance.

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Description of Operations Financed (Continued)

- (5) Child Development Services (CDS) Direct costs required for management, administrative, and caregiving staff to provide developmental care and to minimize the risk of child abuse in Army child care settings. Accounts CDS programs and services include: for equipment, supplies, training, and TDY of appropriated fund personnel. CDS programs and services includes center-based operations (full day care, hourly care, part day, and special needs programs); child development education program specialists; latch key program; and quarters based child care operations.
- Army Community Services; Exceptional Family Member Program; Family Advocacy; Family Member Employment Program; Foster Care; Financial Planning - Consumer Affairs; Information, Referral, and Follow Up; Outreach; and (6) Family Centers (Army Community Services) - Direct manpower costs, support equipment and supplies, facilities, and the associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to the following programs and
- Real Property Maintenance The maintenance of installation infrastructure at the U.S. Army Materiel Command (AMC) and the Military Traffic Management Command (MTMC), including Minor Construction and Maintenance and Repair.
- (1) Minor Construction Direct manpower, support equipment, facilities, and associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to all construction costing less than the statutory maximum amount for Minor Military Construction project as established in Section 2805 of Title 10 U.S.C. (currently \$300,000).
- things as repair of electrical circuitry, heating and air conditioning, water piping, and routine maintenance such facilities, pavements (roads, parking lots, runways, etc.), land, and grounds. Includes, but not limited to, such (2) Major Repairs - Direct manpower, support equipment, facilities, and associated costs specifically identifiable and measurable to maintenance and repair of real property, i.e., utilities, buildings, other as caulking, painting, etc.

Defense Environmental Restoration Account (DERA) - Provides for the restoration to their original condition of environmentally harmed areas located on currently and previously owned Army facilities. Funds are transferred which both the source and location are known, those for which source is known but sites and extent of damage have Cost drivers for DERA are incidents of environmental damage for yet to be identified, and those for which the hazard has yet to be identified. to the Army from DoD in the year of execution.

II. Force Structure Summary:

This budget activity provides funding for the Army's management and support activities to include the Departmental Headquarters and the following major field commands:

Army Materiel Command
Information Systems Command
Intelligence Security Command
Military Traffic Management Command
Corps of Engineers (Less Civil Works)
Criminal Investigation Command
U.S. Army Space and Strategic Defense Command

Also funded is associated support for field operating agencies and subordinate commands, and the Army's Program Executive Officers (PEO). (Details are provided at the Activity Group level.)

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
		FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
Ą.	Subactivity Groups:						
r.	Administration	605,000	316,751	279,522	270,794	275,238	283,579
	Servicewide Communications	783,069	750,494	739,476	736,132	686,446	668,485
e e	Manpower Management	79,868	81,413	81,413	82,101	124,676	138,510
4.	Other Personnel Support	167,764	174,934	180,160	175,708	175,832	176,375
5.	Other Service Support	593,898	541,957	524,808	567,597	568,225	594,565
. 9	Army Claims and Oth Admin	163,522	177,564	177,266	178,362	173,290	171,524
7.	Real Estate Management	91,779	98,209	98,629	98,572	86,930	81,589
œ	Base Support	620,406	655,280	619,492	664,025	735,466	695,829
٠ ٥	Defense Environmental Restoration Account	983,539	0	0	0	0	0
10.	Civilian Pay Offset	0	0	0	-9,905	0	
11.	DLA/MSC Rebate	0	0	0	-14,700	0	0
	Total	4,088,845	2,796,602	2,700,766	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

B. Reconciliation Summary:	Change	Change	Change
	FY 1995/FY 1995	FY 1995/FY 1996	FY 1996/FY 1997
ıg . Adj (Distributed) . Adj (Undistributed)		2,748,686 N/A N/A	
rrice Change	9,905	2,644	82,246
Functional Transfer	62,533	27,367	10,811
Program Changes	43,295	47,406	-108,704
Current Estimate	2,748,686	2,826,103	2,810,456

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 P	President's Budget	\$	2,796,602
Congressi	Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)	\$\frac{1}{2}	-95,836
FY 1995 A	1995 Appropriated Amount (Distributed)	\$Λ-	2,700,766
Allocatio The and decre	Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.		
๙	Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise\$ 3,854		
å.	Workforce Restructure Act (Civilian Separation Incentive)\$ 3,450		
ΰ	GSA Rental Payments\$ -3,447		
b	Classified Program\$ 1,000		
ů	General Reduction, National Defense Stockpile Fund\$ -439		
น ่	Contractor and Consulting Services\$ -15,564		
g.	Information Technology (General Reduction)\$ -25,950		
'n	Civilian Personnel Understrength\$ -30,717		
	Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	S	-67,813
Price Gro	Growth:		
a. emp fun to to wil	a. Civilian Pay Adjustments	υ- 	9,905

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Functional Program Transfers:

Inter Appropriation Transfers In:

350 \$.... funds to be used to purchase items having an investment unit cost of This transfer is made necessary by the increase in the expense/investment threshold from \$25K to \$50K, allowing OMA Purchase of Noncentrally Managed Equipment..... Transfers funding from the Other Procurement, Army appropriation to Operation and Maintenance, Army (OMA) appropriation. \$50K or less.

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

- Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.
- 11,495 Centralization of Unaccompanied Personnel Housing Support...... appropriation to facilitate the management of resources to support Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army consolidates operation and maintenance of base support funding This realignment UPH construction and renovation projects. associated with furnishing UPH. <u>.</u>
- 11,360 Base Communications Infrastructure, Korea Realignment...... Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

d. Army Medical Department Base Operations	10,949
e. Arms Control Realignment	6,000
f. Aberdeen Proving Grounds Asbestos Removal Realignment	4,700
g. CASCOM Realignment	4,211
h. Fort Meade Base Operations\$ This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation reflects the transfer of Directorate of Information Management spaces and support costs within the Army.	3,769
i. Pentagon, MACOM and Headquarters Reduction Realignment	2,203

(ds):
Thousan
\$ in
(0¢M
Summary
Financial
III.

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

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<pre>j. Outside Cable Rehabilitation (OSCAR) Realignment; Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment</pre>	1,900
k. Wild Horses Round-Up, White Sands Missile Range Realignment\$ Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.	1,500
1. Hamilton AFB Clean-Up Realignment	1,000
m. Travel Realigment	852
n. Fort Campbell Base Operations\$ This transfer of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation properly reflects the funding required to support the testing of the White Hat Shop Smart Initiative. The Shop Smart initiative will allow the Army to work out customer-provider relationships, identify all costs associated with delivering services, and develop proper billing processes and financial reporting procedures.	247

74,279

\$......

Total Transfers In.....

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

transfer of FSF to the National Fair Selvice. Into action realignment funds to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment. b. Fort Ritchie Base Operations
a. Presidio of San Francisco infrastructure realignment

\$

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Program Increases:

a. Pentagon Renovation	execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for the Army's share of the Pentagon Maintenance Revolving Fund budget for FY 1995.
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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

(Continued):
Decreases
s and
Increases
Reconciliation:
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13,500							
b. North American Numbering Plan	Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget	execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for	software modifications within the Army's telecommunications system	to allow it to efficiently interface with the commercial	telecommunications system once Federal Communications Commission	mandated telephone area code additions are implemented.

c. Roles and Missions Study	Realigns resources within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget	execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for	Headquarters Department of the Army participation in the on-going	Department of Defense Roles and Missions Study.
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2,000

2,120		
d. Army Community of Excellence Award Program	Rediigns resources Within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to reflect commander's priorities and expected budget	execution. This adjustment represents a funding increase for the Army Community of Excellence Program.

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Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Offset\$	-9,905
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal	
employees nationwide (average increase of 1.07%). Because	
inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program	
were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A	
reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once	
approved, funding will be restored.	

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Total Program Decreases.....

-9,905

\$



III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

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(Continued)	
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FY 1995 Current Estimate	•	\$	2,748,686	و
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Functional Program Transfers:				
Inter Appropriation Transfers In:				
a. Central Design Activities (FY 1995 Base: \$0)s Transfers funding from the Military Personnel, Army appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This action realigns civilian and military personnel from direct funded and other Defense Business Operating Fund (DBOF) business areas to DBOF Information Services business areas.	10,000			
b. Base Support for Defense Commissary Agency (FY 1995 Base: \$0)\$ Transfers funding from the Defense Commissary Agency to the U.S. Army in the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation for reimbursement of incremental base support costs to host organizations.	1,107			
c. Joint Visual Information Service Distribution Activity (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	700			
d. Passport/VISA(FY 1995 Base: \$0)	100			

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

es (Continued):
Decreases
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: Increases and Decreases (
Reconciliation:
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100

e. Community Relations (FY 1995 Base: \$0)
Transfers funding from the Defense Health Program
appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation.
During FY 1993, funds supporting public affairs community relations
activities were transferred from Operation and Maintenance, Army
appropriation to the new Defense Health Program appropriation.
Specific authority does not exist to provide for the support of
community relations by the Defense Health Program appropriation.
When the Defense Health Program appropriation was initiated, it was
intended that Army line programs remain in the Army funding program.
This action is requested to correct current funding alignment.

f. Army Medical Department Professional Development (FY 1995 Base: \$0)\$	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation. This transfer of funding is required to effect the transfer of the	administrative and technical aspects of the professional development functions of the Medical Service Corps (ANC). Associated mannower has already been transferred
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75

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

30,435

a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization (FY 1995 Base: \$0)\$ This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10 regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the continental United States, one in Europe, one in Korea, and one in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the seven CONUS centers will be placed under the operational control of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower
and Reserve Affairs).

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

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(Continued	
Increases and Decreases	
and	
Increases	
Reconciliation:	
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\$ 133						
b. Criminal Investigation Command Base Support (FY 1995 Base: \$0)\$	Transfers funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation. One of the major Army commands is relocating from	leased facilities in the National Capitol Region into Army-owned	facilities on Fort Belvoir, Virginia. This realignment of funds	provides this command the resources to pay base support costs at	Fort Belvoir.

42,650

Total Transfers In..........\$

Inter Appropriation Transfers Out:

a. Base Operations Support for Defense Health Program	(
(FY 1995 Base: \$12,300)\$	-12,300
Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	
appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) to align funding	
with the activity responsible for medical treatment facility (MTF)	
recurring maintenance and minor repairs. The transfer will enable	
the Defense Health Program to build a preventive maintenance program	
that will satisfy the accreditation requirements of the Joint	
Committee for the Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO)	
and continue to operate and maintain the medical facility.	

	,
(FY 1995 Base: \$1,306)\$ -1	-1,306
Transfers funding from the U.S. Army in the Operation and	
Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Information Systems	
Agency (DISA). This action transfers available applicable	
Telecommunications Certification Offices (TCO) to DISA for the	
capitalization of TCO assets.	

Thousands):
O&M \$ in
Summary (
Financial
III.

	-498	
C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):	<pre>c. Defense Commercial Telephone Network at Fort Detrick (FY 1995 Base: \$498)</pre>	appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation. This transfer realigns funding for commercial telephone service at Fort Detrick, which belongs to U.S. Army Medical Command (USAMEDCOM), to the user of the service to enable USAMEDCOM to pay their DCTN bill directly.
O	U	а н н — р

\$ -408				
\$408)	in Operation and	Information Systems	spectrum mission and	
d. Joint Spectrum Transfer (FY 1995 Base: \$408)\$	Transfers funding from the U.S. Army in Operation and	Maintenance, Army appropriation to Defense Information Systems	Agency (DISA). This action transfers the spectrum mission and	resources from the Army to the JSC.

-405	
e. DeWitt Army Hospital Telephone Svc Transfer (FY 1995 Base: \$405)\$ Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the Defense Health Program appropriation. This transfer aligns funding for the DeWitt Army Hospital telephone bill associated with the installation of a new telephone switch and implementation of the Army's "single line" policy.

-350					
f. Reserve Component Pay Support Office (RCPSO) (FY 1995 Base: \$350)\$	Transfers resources from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the Operation and Maintenance, Army Reserve	appropriation. This action aligns the RCPSO resources (seven	manpower spaces and associated funding) and functional	responsibility within the Army Reserve Personnel Command.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

(Continued):	
Decreases	
and	
Increases	
Reconciliation:	
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g. Army Small Computer Program / Joint Service Computer Program(FY 1995 Base: \$16)\$	Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army	appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation.	This transfer reflects funding realignment required to implement the	approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer	Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to
Transfers funding from the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation. This transfer reflects funding realignment required to implement the approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	appropriation to the Defense Health Program (DHP) appropriation. This transfer reflects funding realignment required to implement the approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	This transfer reflects funding realignment required to implement the approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	approved fee-for-service concept for the Army Small Computer Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	Program/Joint Service Computer Program to the user of the service to	

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\$ -15,283	()-
	ransfers
otal Transfers Out	otal Functional Program Tr

27,367

Program Increases:

a. Real Property Maintenance (RPM) (FY 1995 Base: \$64,210)\$	000'09
Increased funding supports barracks repairs which allows the	
Army to repair the many non-functioning components of Army's	
enlisted barracks, and fix failed and failing utility systems (e.g.,	
heating electric, and gas systems and water and sewage lines).	
Included is "Bridging the Gap," an interim Army program to the	
"Whole Barracks Renewal" program. This funding will improve the	
quality of life for our soldiers through improved living conditions	
in our barracks. Funding further supports an increase for readiness	
repair projects that impacts Army's infrastructure such as ranges,	
railroads, bridges, and training facilities. Adequate and	
consistent funding stops the growth of the backlog of maintenance	
and repair (BMAR) and improves the soldier's quality of life.	

b. Power Projection Infrastructure (FY 1995 Base: \$8,250)\$
This increase funds the modernization of the power projection,
command, control, communications, and computers infrastructure
(P2C4I) at 7 Force Package I installations in accordance with
Defense Guidance. P2C4I modernization is essential for the
successful implementation of the CONUS based, power projection force
concept.

53,000

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

14,859 Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1995 Base: \$2,313).....\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on This program increase reflects the addition of transition adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our concert with the VSIP estimate.

14,280 Prisoner-of-War/Missing-in-Action Program (FY 1995 Base: \$34,047).....\$ This increase is required to support missions in The

use mitochondrial DNA (mtDNA) analysis for those cases which can not community to identify repatriated remains. Additionally, CILHI will be identified using conventional dental or anthropological analysis. identification of the approximately 8,100 unrecovered remains from The U.S. Army Central Identification Laboratory, Hawaii (USA CILHI) utilizes circumstantial information, physical Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea for search, recovery, and evidence, and forensic techniques accepted by the scientific the Korean War.

\$62,170)....\$ funding is primarily needed to comply with Executive Order 12856 for Funds support corrective procedures and controls; and survey, inventory and curation of cultural resources. remedial actions; personnel training; environmental assessments at These resources provide for management and technical support installations to identify operating deficiencies; preservation of Pollution Prevention and other standards set by Federal and State habitats, and mitigation of training impacts on soil, wildlife, other natural resources; and technical support. The additional of the Environmental Compliance, Conservation, and Pollution Prevention Programs, as well as Armywide support from the Army law including stormwater programs; non-point source pollution natural and cultural resources, including endangered species Environmental Compliance Program (FY 1995 Base: Environmental Center (AEC).

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

	3, 835	2,800	V 1-		-46,500	-33,900	-16,534	-13,500
C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):	f. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 1995 Base: \$1,023,671) This program increase is due to the fact that there is one more compensable workday in FY 1996 than in FY 1995. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and 261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996.	g. Civilian Personnel Management Regionalization (FY 1995 Base: \$0)	Total Program Increases	Program Decreases:	a. Communications (FY 1995 Base: \$735,429)	b. Pentagon Renovation (FY 1995 Base: \$45,062)\$ This reduction reflects a rephasing of the Pentagon renovation plan.	c. Base Support (FY 1995 Base: \$662,364)	d. North American Numbering Plan (FY 1995 Base: \$13,500)\$ This plan, which modified the Army's telecommunications software, was a 1-time, FY 1995 expense.

157,840

Total Program Decreases......\$

-110,434

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

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III.

Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

FY 1996 Budget Request\$	\$ 2,826,103
Price Growth\$	\$ 82,246
Functional Program Transfers:	
Intra Appropriation Transfers In:	
a. Civilian Personnel Regionalization (FY 1996 Base: \$30,435)\$ This realignment of funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation reflects the centralization of those civilian personnel functions that do not require face-to-face interaction between the personnel specialist and the employee. This initiative commences in FY 1995 and calls for the phased establishment of 10 regional personnel centers through FY 1999. Seven centers will be located within the continental United States, one in Europe, one in Korea, and one in Hawaii. While the local, major Army commanders will retain responsibility for the overseas centers, the seven CONUS centers will be placed under the operational control of the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Manpower and Reserve Affairs).	
Total Transfers In\$ 10,811	
Total Functional Program Transfers\$.\$ 10,811

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

.. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

Program Increases:

Benefits to Former Employees (FY 1996 Base: \$17,172)......\$ Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along This program increase reflects the addition of transition significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in concert with the VSIP estimate. Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our

Total Program Increases......\$

Program Decreases:

the computer aided design drafting system.

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases (Continued):

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-7,195	-3,714	-2,390	-2,338	-2,146
d. Manpower Management (FY 1996 Base: \$124,676)	e. Claims (FY 1996 Base: \$173,290)\$ This reduction reflects Army's support for adjudicated claims owed to military personnel, other claimants, and foreign governments (in accordance with the Status of Forces Agreements).	f. Army Career Alumni Program (FY 1996 Base: \$20,827)\$ The Army Career Alumni Program (ACAP) was designed to provide a comprehensive system of caring, dignified and organized assistance to those personnel leaving the Army. The principal organizational elements of the program are Transition Assistance Offices (TAOS) and contractor operated Job Assistance Centers (JACs). As the Army reaches steady state, the need for JACs is diminished, and this reduction reflects the initial phasing out of JACs in FY 1997.	<pre>g. Army Management Headquarters Account (AMHA) (FY 1996 Base: \$275,238)\$ This reduction reflects the Army's continued downsizing of management headquarters functions in compliance with Congressional intent.</pre>	h. Personnel Support Automation (FY 1996 Base: \$175,832)\$ The Army's Personnel community has implemented management initiatives and consolidations in functional automation systems. These developments establish standard functional requirements for meeting management information systems needs while ensuring the standardization, quality, and consistency of data from multiple management information systems. This reduction reflects savings associated with this effort.

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2,810,456

-131,771

\$

Total Program Decreases....

FY 1997 Budget Request....



IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

ė.	Administration (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Bases, Total (CONUS) (Overseas) Population Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) (Civilian End Strength)	FY 1994 51,487 186 640 826 826 50,171 5,161	EY 1995 69,531 134 560 694 8 8 8 47,622 4,903 42,759	FY 1996 40,856 131 379 510 8 8 45,279 4,658 40,621	FY 1997 67,017 116 456 572 8 8 8 42,563 4,378 38,185
ф	Retail Supply Operations (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength	43,278 3 538. 541	34,835 4 500 504	38,768 4 376 380	39,289 4 300 304
ບໍ	Bachelor Housing OPS/Furniture. \$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Officer Quarters Number of Enlisted Quarters	11,001 0 18 18 428 4,462	14,103 0 25 25 428 4,462	17,812 0 21 21 428 4,462	23,396 0 21 21 425 4,024
O	Other Morale, Welfare. & Rec. (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Population Served, Total E/S (Military End Strength) (Civ./Depend. End Strength)	12,622 0 125 125 50,171 5,161 45,010	10,576 0 162 162 47,622 4,903 42,759	11,793 0 85 85 4,658 40,621	12,530 0 45 42,563 4,378 38,185
ដ	Maint. of Install. Equip. (\$000) Military Personnel End Strength Civilian Personnel End Strength Total Personnel End Strength	3,524 16 14 30	3,964 15 75 90	4,170 14 102 116	3,402 14 98 112

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

^{*} Includes Pentagon restoration maintenance costs

Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued):

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	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997
Operation of Utilities (\$000)	33,679	21,388	27,709	36,571
Military Personnel End Strength	0	0	0	0
Civilian Personnel End Strength	П	0	0	0
Total Personnel End Strength	-	0	0	0
Electricity (MWH)	599,825	602,220	764,530	979,500
Heating (MBTU)	2,580,956	2,592,558	3,293,759	4,219,897
Water, Plants, & Sys. (000 gal)	5,407,000	5,378,502	5,378,502	5,378,502
wage & Waste Systems (000 gal)	411,382	419,823	419,823	419,823
Air Conditioning & Refrig. (Ton)	25,341	25,541	25,541	25,541
Child and Youth Develop. Program.				
	41	41	41	41
. of Family Child Care (FCC) Homes	281	281	281	281
Tot. Mil. Child Pop. (Infant to 12)	14,600	13,700	13,000	13,000
Total Required Child Care Spaces	12,844	12,844	12,844	12,844
Total Spaces CDC, FCC, and School Age	6,677	6,943	7,221	7,432
8 Spaces Relative to Required Spaces	528	548	568	588
No. of Youth Facilities	30	30	30	30
Tot. Mil. Youth Pop. (Grades 1-12)	10,700	10,700	10,700	10,700
Number of Youth Served	3,210	3,210	3,210	3,210

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Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary (Continued): IV.

FY 1997 74,474 32,404 10,317 61,057 1,111 623 65,697 8,777	9,122 170 176 176 0 0 7 7 144,902
82,408 33,611 10,792 63,650 1,152 623 76,532 5,876	9,024 175 118 118 0 15 15 15
FY 1995 59,764 34,349 11,086 65,254 1,178 623 57,048	4,446 156 156 54 54 54 28 28 28 156
FY 1994 58,154 36,005 11,711 68,667 1,234 623 55,105 3,049	3,758 105 61 61 61 29 29 89,675
Maintenance & Repair (\$000) Utilities (XXX) (Multi Workloads) Buildings (KSF) Pavements (KSY) Land (AC) Other Facilities (KSF) Railroad Trackage (KLF) Recurring Maintenance (\$000) Major Repair (\$000)	Minor Construction (\$000) Number of Projects Administration & Support (\$000) Number of A&E Contracts Planning and Design Funds(\$000) * Military End Strength Civilian End Strength Total Personnel End Strength Number of Installations Backlog of Maint. & Repair(\$000)
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^{* \$}s are memo entries included in Maint.and Repair

Budget Activity/Activity Group: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Servicewide Support

	,				Change	Change
V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	FY 1995/1996	FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	12,623 4,144 8,479	11,404 4,109 7,295	10,984 3,913 7,071	10,823 3,805 7,018	-420 -196 -224	-161 -108 -53
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	19,940 19,046 281 19,327	19,083 18,100 249 18,349	17,926 16,965 281 17,246	18,010 17,070 281 17,351 659	-1,157 -1,135 32 -1,103 -54	84 105 0 105 -21
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	13,503 4,264 9,239	12,014 4,127 7,887	11,194 4,011 7,183	10,904 3,859 7,045	-820 -116 -704	-290 -152 -138
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	20,663 19,612 274 19,886	19,599 18,549 297 18,846	18,506 17,546 17,807 17,807	18,156 17,205 281 17,486 670	-1,093 -1,003 -1,039 -1,039	- 350 - 341 - 321 - 29

Description of Operations Financed:

responsibilities assigned to the Army. Through the International Military Headquarters category, the Army provides U.S. financial contributions for the operation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organizations (NATO) international Missions, Military Groups, and Offices of Defense Cooperation. Authority for such Army activities is contained in military commands and agencies, the NATO Airborne Early Warning and Control System, the Central European Operating American Cooperation activities, and funds non-security assistance support of Military Assistance Advisory Groups, Defense directives. This activity group supports the National Military Strategy by providing a resource vehicle which enables the existence of collective security. The principal cost drivers for Support of Other Nations are category funds programs which further Army to Army Cooperation with allied and friendly nations, supports Latin Agency Pipeline System, and supports U.S. personnel assigned to international organizations. The Miscellaneous Miscellaneous Support to Other Nations and is required to fulfill those Department of Defense Executive Agency the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 as amended, 10 USC 1050, and pertinent Executive Orders and Department of Support of Other Nations - Support of Other Nations includes International Military Headquarters and the number of treaties/agreements in effect and the number of Army personnel assigned to international organizations.

II. Force Structure Summary:

It provides force structure support for noninternational activities of Headquarters, Supreme Headquarters Allied Power (SHAPE); U.S. Element, Central Army Group (CENTAG); Headquarters, Allied Forces Central Europe (AFCENT), Allied Forces South, Allied Forces North, security assistance billets in Military Advisory Assistance Groups, Missions and Military Groups, Offices of The Support of Other Nations subactivity funds the Department of Defense commitments to military United Nations Command/Combined Forces, Korea, and Central America. Defense Cooperation, and Defense Cooperation Armament.

Budget Activity: Administration and Servicewide Activities
Activity Group: Support of Other Nations

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands):

				FY 1995			
		FY 1994 Actuals	Budget Request	Appropriation	Current Estimate	FY 1996 Request	FY 1997 Request
Ķ	Subactivity Group:						
• ਜ਼	International Military Headquarters	176,582	265, 525	250, 695	245,331	252,780	257,922
2	Miscellaneous Support of Other Nations	31,507	20,267	20,267	26,604	29,444	32,840
ო	Civilian Personnel Off-Set				-543		
	Total	208,089	285, 792	270,962	271,392	282,224	290,762
á	Reconciliation Summary:	[24]	Change FY 1995/FY 1	Change 1995 FY 1995/F	Change 1995/FY 1996	Change FY 1996/FY 1997	Y 1997
Ba	Baseline Funding		285,792	792	271,392	2	282,224
	Congressional Adj (Distributed Congressional Adj (Undistributed)		-14,	830 454	N/A N/A		N/N A/N
	Price Change			543	8,713		7,923
	Program Changes		י י	-543	2,119		615
ວ	Current Estimate		271,392	392	282,224	2	290,762

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

FY 1995 President's Budget (Amended)\$	285,792
Congressional Adjustments (Distributed)\$	-14,830
Allocation of Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed): These adjustments represent the allocation of the congressional increases and decreases which were not distributed to a specific subactivity group.	
a. Additional .4% USDH Civilian Pay Raise	
Total Congressional Adjustments (Undistributed)	-5,454
Price Growth:	
Civilian Pay Adjustments	543

III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Functional Program Transfers:

Intra Appropriation Transfers In:

6,394 \$ Participants come from those nations that have signed the Partnership for Peace program or This transfer appropriately places funding support for this mission that are members of the North Atlantic Cooperation Council of NATO. The Marshall Center provides training on a non-reimbursable basis Servicewide Activities) in accordance with a functional transfer. Soviet Union (FSU) when the Secretary of Defense determines that emerging democracies of Central/Eastern Europe (CEE) and former for senior military officers and civilian defense officials of Marshall Center..... (Operating Forces) to Budget Activity 4 (Administration and This transfer realigns funding from Budget Activity 1 in the Miscellaneous Support to Other Nations activity. this in our own national security interests.

98,394 Total Transfers In....

Intra Appropriation Transfers Out:

- -434 Administrative Workyears Realignment.....; Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment.
- Realigns funding within the Operation and Maintenance, Army appropriation to enable the execution of this congressional adjustment. b. Travel

5,884 **S**--510Total Transfers Out.....\$ Total Functional Transfers.....

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

a. Civilian Pay Off-Set\$	-543
Congress authorized locality pay increases for Federal	
employees nationwide (average increase of 1.07%). Because	
inadequate funding was appropriated, decreases to Army's program	
were necessary to temporarily offset this price growth. A	
reprogramming request will be provided to Congress and, once	
approved, funding will be restored.	

Total Program Decreases\$543
FY 1995 Current Estimate\$ 271,392
Price Growth\$ 8,713
Program Increases:

a. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$178)\$ 3,337
This program increase reflects the addition of transition
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in
concert with the VSIP estimate.

\$ 354			
b. One More Compensable Workday in FY 1996 (FY 95 Base \$57,376)\$	This program increase is due to one more compensable workday	in FY 1996. There are 260 compensable days of pay in FY 1995 and	261 compensable days of pay in FY 1996

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III. Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued):

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

	Inte	ernationa	1 M	ilita	ry Headquai	a. International Military Headquarters 1,572
	ŭ	ompeting	Ser	vice	priorities	Competing Service priorities have resulted in reduced funding
dr	port	for Inte	rna	tiona	1 Military	support for International Military Headquarters activities, to
S	lude	support	for	Nort	h Atlantic	include support for North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

-1,572	282,224	7,923
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Decr	•	
Total Program Decreases	st	
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Tot	FY 1996 Budget Request\$	Price Growth\$
	96 Bu	Grow
	FY 19	Price

Program Increases:

a. Benefits to Former Employees (FY 95 Base \$3,515)\$ 6,706
This program increase reflects the addition of transition
costs for Army employees leaving the work force due to our
significant reductions across the years. The estimate includes
additional reduction in force (RIF) and severance pay costs, along
with increased continuing health benefits and the new 9% tax on
Voluntary Early Retirement Authority/Voluntary Separation Incentive
Payment (VERA/VSIP) takers. Also included is an accounting
adjustment to properly classify costs for former employees in
concert with the VSIP estimate.

901'9

Total Program Increases.....\$

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Financial Summary (O&M \$ in Thousands) (Continued): III.

C. Reconciliation: Increases and Decreases:

Program Decreases:

	.\$ -6,091	.\$ 290,762
International Military Headquarters	Total Program Decreases\$ -6,091	FY 1997 Budget Request\$ 290,762
÷		FY

IV. Performance Criteria and Evaluation Summary:

V. Personnel Summary:	FY 1994	FY 1995	FY 1996	FY 1997	Change FY 1995/1996	Change FY 1996/1997
Active Military End Strength (Total) Officer Enlisted	3,410 1,068 2,342	3,465 1,078 2,387	3,025 1,013 2,012	3,025 1,013 2,012	-440 -65	0
Civilian End Strength (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	431 232 190 422 9	1,914 1,723 190 1,913	1,915 1,724 190 1,914	1,931 1,740 190 1,930	нноно	16 16 16 0
Military Workyears (Total) Officer Enlisted	3,386 1,065 2,321	3,438 1,073 2,365	3,246 1,046 2,200	3,025 1,013 2,012	-193 -28 -165	-221 -33 -188
Civilian Workyears (Total) U.S. Direct Hire Foreign National Direct Hire Total Direct Hire Foreign National Indirect Hire	306 208 85 293 13	1,277 1,041 233 1,274	1,899 1,708 190 1,898	1,914 1,723 190 1,913	622 667 - 43 624 - 2	15 15 0 15

Note: BA-44 U.S. Direct hire civilian endstrength and workyears between FY 1995/6/7 are overstated due to a direct/reimbursable coding error. The Army discovered this situation too late to adjust in the FY 1996/1997 President's Budget, and we plan to do so in the FY 1997/01 Program Objective Memorandum. The correct direct endstrength and workyears are as follows:

Change FY 1996/1997	-0-	-0-
Change FY 1995/1996	-0-	-0-
FY 1997	431	431
FY 1996	431	431
FY 1995	431	431
	End Strength	Workyears

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